

## **Learning outcomes for course-based portfolios**

### While using this document, please be aware of the following:

- Confirm the <u>course revision</u>. If the outcomes contained below are for a previous revision, updated outcomes will be required before including the selected course in a PLAR portfolio.
- 2. Confirm the <u>course status</u>. If the identified course is temporarily or permanently closed, it cannot be pursued through PLAR.
- 3. To access the search function in this pdf please select the bookmark 'flag' located in the navigation pane (left hand column or top banner). You can move directly to each subject by clicking on its bookmark.

ACCT: Accounting	
Accounting (ACCT) 250	Identify the major distinctions between management accounting and financial accounting.
Accounting for Managers	Explain how cost drivers affect cost behaviour.
Revision 8	Calculate break-even sales volume and compute cost-volume-profit relationships.
	Explain how costs are accumulated and classified.
	Construct income statements using the variable and absorption costing approaches.
	Discriminate between relevant and irrelevant information and analyse data to support marketing decisions.
	Analyse typical business transactions to determine their effects on the principal elements of financial statements.
	Analyse a company's financial statements to assess its liquidity, profitability, stability, and growth.
	Explain the major features and advantages of a master budget and prepare the financial budget.
	Prepare flexible budgets and compute flexible-budget variances.
	Compute a project's net present value (NPV) and compute a project's internal rate of return (IRR).
	Use the payback model and the accounting rate-of-return model.
	Analyse and compute the impact of income taxes and inflation on capital projects.
	Explain the importance of organizational structure and the proper designation of responsibility centres in the design of a management control system.



	Explain the importance of evaluating performance and identify the characteristics of a good performance measurement system.
	Identify the four categories of cost of quality and explain how these costs can be identified and reported in a quality cost report.
Accounting (ACCT)	Analyze and prepare a set of basic financial statements.
253	Describe the accounting cycle of a sole proprietorship.
Introductory Financial Accounting	Explain how financial transactions are processed through the accounting information system each accounting period.
Revision 15	Be familiar with accounting for merchandise operations, as well as inventory and cost of sales.
	Be familiar with balance sheet components – internal control and cash, accounts receivable, capital assets, and short- and long-term liabilities.
	Be familiar with financial accounting issues specific to the corporate form of organization.
	Be familiar with a cash flow statement.
	Be familiar with generally accepted accounting principles and ethics.
	Apply basic tools for analyzing financial statements.
Accounting (ACCT)	Describe the financial reporting obligations of NFPOs.
Not-for-Profit	Describe the roles and responsibilities of members, the board of directors, employees, auditors, and volunteers.
Accounting Revision 2	Apply the deferral and restricted fund methods of recognizing revenue in NFPOs.
	Prepare NFPO financial statements using fund accounting.
	Apply relevant cost and revenue concepts in a not-for-profit setting.
	Prepare an operating budget.
	Prepare a balanced scorecard, strategy map, and matrix map in a not-for-profit setting.
	Assess an NFPO's liquidity, solvency, efficiency, and profitability using ratio analysis.
	Describe the unique reporting requirements of registered charities.
Accounting (ACCT) 351	Describe the main components of the conceptual framework for financial reporting used in Canada, and discuss how it is used to guide
Intermediate Financial Accounting I	the decisions of standard-setting bodies and professional practice.
Revision 15	Describe, prepare, and interpret the statements of income, comprehensive income, and changes in equity under IFRS and ASPE.
	I



Describe, prepare, and interpret the statements of financial position and cash flows under IFRS and ASPE.

Apply revenue recognition concepts to account for and report revenue in business transactions, including long-term construction projects under IFRS and ASPE.

Recognize, measure, and report cash and receivables under IFRS and ASPE.

Recognize, measure, and report inventory under different cost flow assumptions.

Account for investments in debt and equity investments using various accounting models under IFRS and ASPE.

Account for recognition and subsequent measurement of long-lived tangible assets under IFRS and ASPE.

Account for the depreciation, impairment, and derecognition of tangible long-lived assets under IFRS and ASPE.

Account for the recognition, measurement, amortization, impairment, and derecognition of intangible assets and goodwill.

Please note: In Intermediate Financial Accounting I (ACCT 351) we go into significant technical detail well beyond what was done in Introductory Financial Accounting (ACCT 253). Therefore, a student should take care to describe very precisely the depth and breadth of their knowledge/experience in each of these areas:

Review of Introductory Financial Accounting

Why Accounting?

Reporting Financial Performance

Financial Reports (Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Cash Flows)

Revenue

Cash and Receivables

Inventory

Intercorporate Investments

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Depreciation, Impairment, and Derecognition of PPE

Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Accounting (ACCT) 352

Explain and account for various types of current liabilities, including financial and non-financial liabilities, provisions, contingencies, commitments, and guarantees, while applying appropriate accounting



Intermediate
Financial Accounting
II

**Revision 15** 

treatments, presentation, and disclosure requirements under both IFRS and ASPE, and utilizing ratio analysis to evaluate a company's liquidity.

Analyze and account for various types of long-term financial liabilities, including notes payable, bonds payable, and off-balance sheet financing, while applying appropriate measurement, reporting, disclosure, and data analytics techniques, and comparing ASPE and IFRS standards.

Analyze and account for complex financial instruments, including convertible debt, convertible preferred shares, and derivatives, by applying IFRS and ASPE methods for classification, measurement, and disclosure, while evaluating stock option plans and utilizing data analytics techniques to assess differences in recognition, measurement, and reporting between ASPE and IFRS.

Calculate and account for current and deferred taxes, including the effects of temporary differences, tax rate changes, and tax losses, while preparing financial statement presentations and disclosures, and analyzing the differences between IFRS and ASPE in the treatment of income taxes.

Account for defined contribution and defined benefit pension plans, including the calculation of pension expenses, the treatment of net defined benefit assets, and the challenges in post-employment and other employee benefits, while addressing presentation, disclosure, and the differences between ASPE and IFRS.

Account for and classify leases as capital/finance or operating leases under ASPE and IFRS, prepare the corresponding journal entries for both lessees and lessors, including sale and leaseback transactions, and address the disclosure requirements and differences between ASPE and IFRS.

Account for various forms of shareholders' equity, including share issues, reacquisition of shares, and dividends, while applying relevant accounting standards, preparing financial statement presentations and disclosures, and describing the differences between IFRS and ASPE.

Calculate and report basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for firms with simple and complex capital structures, analyze the impact of various factors on EPS, and assess company performance using EPS and the price-earnings ratio, while describing the differences between ASPE and IFRS.

Prepare, analyze, and interpret the statement of cash flows using both the direct and indirect methods, including required disclosures, key analysis techniques, and differences between ASPE and IFRS.

Apply the appropriate methods for accounting policy changes, estimate changes, and error corrections, including required disclosures and key differences between IFRS and ASPE.

# Accounting (ACCT) 355

Discuss the role of management accounting in planning, control, and decision-making in an organization.



Cost Analysis	Define the terms and concepts used in identifying and classifying costs.
Revision 14	Demonstrate the use of cost-volume-profit analysis in decision-making and planning.
	Apply methods focusing on cost accumulation and product costing for inventory valuation and income determination.
	Understand and apply activity-based costing and the cost hierarchy approach in allocating costs to products and services.
	Apply process costing using various costing methods, and distinguish and account for spoilage in process costing procedures.
	Describe and apply various methods for estimating a cost function.
	Compare and contrast variable costing and absorption costing, and prepare income statements using both methods.
	Measure and identify relevant costs for different types of managerial decisions.
	Discuss various methods for pricing products and services, and recommend a pricing strategy based on various considerations.
	Identify and evaluate management of inventory through various methods.
Accounting (ACCT) 356	Apply the Diamond-E framework to organize the facts underlying a strategic analysis.
Strategic and	Describe and apply the elements of an effective case analysis.
Competitive Analysis Revision 11	Apply important strategic concepts such as core competence, distinctive competence, and sustainable competitive advantage.
	Explain the six criteria in the FAROUT system of analysis.
	Explain how the Boston Consulting Group's (BCG) growth/share portfolio matrix and the General Electric business screen matrix are used for strategy.
	Develop and interpret Porter's five forces analysis for a particular industry.
	Undertake a SWOT analysis for a given firm and explain the implications of the analysis for the organization's strategy.
	Apply customer segmentation analysis and explain the strategic implications of the segments.
	Describe attribute/cost models of customer value analysis and describe the steps underlying resource base view (RBV) of strategic analysis.
	Explain how to implement an issue analysis process, describe STEEP analysis, and identify the role and limitations of scenario analysis.



Vector matrix.  Describe the use of patent analysis, s-curve analysis, and the importance of the product life cycle concept for strategic planning.  Identify the five basic financial ratio types and use them to analyze a particular organization.  Explain strategic budgeting, describe its relevance to strategic planning, and use strategic cost management concepts to analyze organization costs.  Identify the data required to evaluate customer profitability and undertake a customer profitability analysis.  Accounting (ACCT) 451  Accounting (ACCT) 452  Record investments in equity securities using the cost or equity method.  Advanced Financial Accounting Revision 16  Account for not-for-profit organizations using the deferral and restricted fund methods.  Account for not-for-profit organizations using the deferral and restricted fund methods.  Accounting (ACCT)  Articulate the core elements of the critical function of management control.  Articulate the alternative approaches to designing effective management controls and discuss the costs, effects, and trade-offs of different approaches.  Discuss the major elements of financial results control systems: financial responsibility centres, planning and budgeting systems, and incentive plans and controltable and uncontrollable factors.  Articulate the roles and structures that provide oversight in corporate governance, and consider ethical issues that relate to management control.  Apply financial and non-financial results-based management controls to the primary interests of not-for-profit organizations.  Accounting (ACCT)  Accounting (ACCT)  460  Define auditing and assurance, describe the different types of audits, assurance services, and auditors, state the reasons for audits, review engagement, and discuss compilation.  Identify the generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) set by the		Describe the concept of the experience curve and the use of the growth
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Revision 13 Chartered Professional Accountants Canada (CPA Canada).	Principles of Auditing Revision 13	Identify the generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) set by the



Explain the other standards that apply to different assurance services and outline how quality control is exercised over public accounting firms.

Describe the ethical behaviour required of auditors and apply the components of the professional rules of conduct.

Explain the objectives of auditing and the responsibilities of the auditor and management.

Describe the major accounting cycles, management assertions, and seven stages of the audit process.

Explain the five components of COSO framework and apply the 17 COSO principles in design and evaluation of internal controls system.

Describe the general controls and application controls in an information technology system.

Perform preliminary audit planning, assess the risk of material misstatement, and develop overall risk response strategies.

Describe audit procedures for gathering audit evidence and describe several audit sampling methods and processes.

Design and apply different types of analytical procedures, including audit data analytics (ADA) for various stages in the audit process.

Identify inherent risk, assess control risk, and design tests of controls, substantive tests, and fraud detection procedures for the following accounting cycles: Revenue and Cash, Acquisition and Payment, Inventory and Distribution, Human Resources, and Payroll.

Describe general audit procedures for property, plant, and equipment (PPE).

Design final evidence gathering procedures and explain the evaluation procedures for overall audit results and other information.

Describe effective communication with an audit committee and management.

Describe the elements of the auditor's report and determine different types of audit opinion under certain circumstances.

#### **ADMN: Administration**

Administration (ADMN) 100	Perform arithmetic calculations that are important in business operations.
Introductory Quantitative Skills for	Use algebraic operations and simplification to solve business problems that can be represented by linear equations.
Business Revision 6	Apply ratios, proportions, and percentages to a broad variety of business situations.



	Construct cost-volume-profit charts and compute break-even values.
	Apply both arithmetic computation and algebraic manipulation to solve a variety of borrowing and investing problems involving simple interest.
	Apply arithmetic computation and algebraic manipulation to solve problems that involve borrowing and investing funds involving compound interest.
	Solve compound interest problems that entail finding the present value or future value of a series of dollar values called an annuity.
	Be familiar with the key principles and concepts that serve as the basis for accounting practices.
Administration (ADMN) 201	Define what a business is and explain its economic and societal roles.
,	Explore international trade and the global business environment.
Introduction to Business Studies	Identify the ways that ethics and social responsibility shape the behaviour of businesses.
Revision 5	Describe the contributions small businesses and entrepreneurs make to the Canadian economy.
	Discuss the four primary business functions: accounting, finance, management, and marketing.
	Explain the four basic areas of management: strategic planning, organizing, leading, and controlling.
	Discuss the roles that employees have in business, and explain how to motivate employees.
	Discuss the supply chain and production of goods.
	Define marketing and outline its role for creating exchanges between businesses and their customers.
	Explain the need for and use of financial information created by the accounting function.
	Describe the importance of financial tools such as money, banking, and investments.
Administration (ADMN) 232	Describe introductory management theory according to its three basic functions: how it makes things happen; meeting the competition; and organizing people, projects, and processes.
Introduction to Management	Describe the major approaches that influenced the development of management theory.
Revision 13	Discuss the ways businesses adapt to doing business internationally under global influences.



Discuss theories of administration that apply to public and private sectors and describe how to reconcile these theories with current practice.

Describe the different kinds of managers and their roles in organizations.

Analyze an organization's specific and general environment.

Discuss corporate social responsibility and ethical decision making.

Discuss the elements of managerial planning, leading, controlling, and decision making:

Describe how plans are used at various management levels.

Discuss the various methods that managers can use to maintain control.

Explain the steps to rational decision making in individuals and groups.

Understand business strategy, organizational change, and organizational structure:

Explain the components of sustainable competitive advantage.

Explain the different kinds of corporate, industry, and firm-level business strategies.

Discuss different methods to manage innovation and organizational change.

Discuss organizational structure including the types of departmentalization, job design, and methods to redesign processes.

Explain how to manage people effectively through teams, leadership, and performance management:

Discuss the implications of managing a diverse workforce and explain some ways to manage diversity.

Discuss the different kinds of teams and how to enhance their effectiveness.

Describe the steps in human resource planning and methods of recruitment.

Discuss performance management, including performance appraisal and compensation.

Explain how managers can use the theory behind basic motivational and leadership theories.

Administration (ADMN) 233

Write professional quality messages that achieves your organization's needs.



Writing in Organizations	Apply a systematic process to plan, organize, and revise business messages.
Revision 14	Understand the needs of your audience to target your communications effectively.
	Inform and persuade people through powerful business reports and proposals.
	Apply design principles to present documents that promotes readability and brand values.
	Demonstrate sensitivity and empathy to language and tone.
	Practice the mechanics of good writing, including proper grammar, punctuation, paragraphing, and syntax.
	Communicate ethically, correctly, and effectively.
Administration (ADMN) 368	Understand the cyclical steps used to gather business intelligence.
Introduction to Data	Create PivotTables from structured data.
Analytics Technology	Extract data from a variety of file formats.
Revision 2	Create "queries" that transform data into the desired output form.
	Join data in separate tables to create a single output.
	Use a data model to combine data.
	Create tables and charts using data visualization software.
Administration (ADMN) 404	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Capstone I: Strategic Management	
Revision 2	
Administration (ADMN) 405	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Capstone II: Application and Integration of Contemporary Business Topics	
Administration (ADMN) 417	Demonstrate a basic understanding of the ideas, theories, and methods of international business.
International Business Management	Recognize factors that promote and inhibit international business activity.
Revision 5	
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	Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural, political, and legal context in which international businesses operate.
	Develop an understanding of the ethical issues surrounding international business.
	Recognize and analyze international business problems and offer solutions.
Administration (ADMN) 479	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Work Integrated Learning	
Administration (ADMN) 499	Directed Study courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Directed Study in Administrative Studies	
ADST: Architectural	Design Studio
Please note:	PLAR is not available for RAIC Syllabus students.
Architectural Design Studio (ADST) 200	Comprehend: Establish a basic understanding of design thinking, exploration, and communication.
Foundations of Design I	Analyze: Explore and examine various topics including:
-	primary elements
Revision 3	form
	space
	organization of primary elements, form, and space
	circulation through space
	program
	proportion and scale
	ordering principles
	Apply: Understand and apply basic design principles in the process of design development through critical thinking.
	Apply: Begin to build a community of practice by working with other students.
Architectural Design Studio (ADST) 205	Comprehend: Establish a basic understanding of the process design thinking, exploration, and communication.
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primary elements
form
space
organization of primary elements, form, and space
circulation through space
program
proportion and scale
ordering principles
Apply: Understand and apply basic design principles in the process of design development through critical thinking.
Apply: Begin to build a community of practice by working with other students.
Comprehend: Understand the basic principles of shelter, site, and the human dimension of a program.
Apply: Apply fundamental architectural principles in the design of simple buildings and interior spaces and respond to natural and built site characteristics in the development of a project.
Apply: Apply appropriate representational media, including freehand drawing and basic computer technology, to convey essential elements at each stage of the design development process.
Apply: Begin to build a community of practice by working with other students.
Understanding of the fundamentals of visual perception and the principles and systems of order that inform two-and three-dimensional design and architectural composition.
Ability to use appropriate representational media, including freehand drawing and computer technology, to convey essential information at each stage of the pre-design and design process.
Ability to make technically precise drawings.
Ability to apply fundamental architectural principles in the design of buildings, interior spaces and sites, and to respond to natural and built site characteristics in the development of a program and the design of a project.
Understand the fundamentals of visual perception and the principles and systems of order that inform two- and three-dimensional design and architectural composition, and urban design.



Ability. Use appropriate representational media, including freehand drawing and computer technologies, to convey essential information at each stage of the pre-design and design process.
Ability. Make technically precise drawings and develop an outline specification for a proposed building.
Ability. Apply fundamental architectural principles in the design of buildings, interior spaces, and sites, and to respond to natural and built site characteristics in the development of a program and the design of a project.
Ability. Prepare a comprehensive program for an architectural project hat accounts for client and user needs, appropriate precedents, space and equipment requirements, relevant laws and standards, and site selection and design assessment criteria.
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his course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Describe the structure of archaeology and discuss the contributions of ts various subdisciplines to interpreting material remains.
Examine the methods used to locate archaeological sites, to recover heir material remains, and to reconstruct human behaviour and numan thoughts.
Explain archaeological chronologies and how and why cultures change over time.
Discuss the development of archaeology and describe the factors esponsible for its ongoing evolution.
Recognize that cultural remains are finite and discuss the role of
archaeologists in their preservation and presentation.
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Anthropology (ANTH) 275 Faces of Culture: An	Understand important anthropological concepts including (but not limited to) holism, culture, cultural relativism, ethnocentrism, gender, race, kinship and descent, globalization.
Introduction to Cultural Anthropology	Comprehend the human diversity in our world and realize the complexity of social phenomena.
Revision 13	Demonstrate an awareness of the pioneers in anthropology and their contributions to the discipline.
	Discuss how cultural anthropologists conduct fieldwork: techniques, analysis, ethical concerns as well as the final result – the ethnography.
	Use critical thinking skills to analyze and evaluate anthropological literature and current issues in anthropology.
Anthropology (ANTH) 277	Explain the processes, both natural and cultural, involved in the rise of modern humans (Us) and our dispersal throughout the world, as recorded in the archaeological and paleoanthropological records.
The Archaeology of Us: First Humans to First Civilizations	Describe how we first adapted to and lived in diverse environments around the world, as attested through human-altered material culture and landscapes.
Revision 7	Debate the different ways we came to live primarily in cities and civilizations, through comparison of archaeological cultures around the world.
	Value the lessons found in the past and their use in understanding the present and shaping the future by engaging critically with archaeological research.
	Recognize that archaeology is a systematic way to learn about past cultures and our pluralistic world, enabled by the cooperative stewardship of archaeological sites, artifacts, and Indigenous knowledge.
Anthropology (ANTH) 278	Examine the basic principles of evolutionary theory, its mechanisms, philosophical implications, and its impacts on our understanding of biology and the origin of humans.
Human Evolution and Diversity  Revision 3	Identify and describe members of the order Primates, and the characteristics of each group within the order.
	Examine the various theories about the origins of modern humans in light of the fossil, archaeological and genetic data available to researchers.
	Examine the biological and cultural diversity in modern humans as adaptations to local environments, and how this variation informs concepts of race.
	Conduct practical exercises using a laboratory manual that engages students with the types of data used by biological anthropologists



Anthropology (ANTH) 310	Understand social and physical diversity that exists within the order Primates.
Primate Behaviour Revision 1	Understand how the interplay of natural selection, environmental factors and behavioural adaptations affects non-human primates.
Revision	Understand the determinants of social behaviour, and the influence of ecology on behaviour.
	Understand the relationship between environmental factors, social behaviour, and the evolution of primate cognitive skills.
	Understand problems related to the conservation of wild primate populations, and the solutions of those problems.
	Understand how non-human primates help us to understand the evolution of our own species, Homo sapiens.
Anthropology (ANTH) 320	Understand the processes involved in the rise of the first cities and ancient civilizations.
Ancient Cities & Civilizations	Comprehend the different trajectories these civilizations took as their complexity increased.
Revision 3	Outline and explain the factors involved in the decline and eventual collapse of early civilizations.
	Share the lessons found in the past and suggest ways that they may apply to present and future human civilizations.
	Think and write critically regarding archaeological evidence and interpretation.
Anthropology (ANTH) 336	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The Story of Us: The Evolution of Human Behaviour	
Anthropology (ANTH) 354	Describe the various levels of linguistic analysis and apply these levels to such topics as language classification, language history, language change, and sociolinguistics.
Language and Culture Revision 10	Critically discuss the relationship between language and worldview, and how languages vary in the ways they categorize cultural
	experience.  Understand and describe the complexities in the relationship between
	speech and the social context in which it is generated.  Discern the role of language in forming social identity and expressing
	group membership.  Discuss and evaluate the various theories for language acquisition.



Anthropology (ANTH) 362	Recognize the complex cultural and linguistic diversity of First People of Canada.
First Peoples of Canada	Dispel stereotypes and overgeneralizations about First Peoples of Canada.
Revision 6	Use ethnographic materials to support anthropological arguments about First Peoples of Canada.
	Provide cultural and historical insight into current political conflicts regarding First Peoples' rights in Canada.
	Understand the context and content of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission (TRC) report.
Anthropology (ANTH)	Distinguish between sex and gender.
The Anthropology of	Outline the changes in women's roles from gathering societies to horticultural and agricultural societies.
Gender Revision 4 This course is	Describe how personal, political, and historical context can have an influence on the choice of research topics and evaluate the impact that gender (male and female) has on fieldwork relations.
temporarily closed. As a result, it is not	Examine critically North American ideas about the "natural roles" of men and women.
available for PLAR at this time.	How is the sexual division of labour reflected in the use of material objects, in property right, and in everyday activities and how do changes in subsistence practices change women's status?
	Describe the process of medicalization, evaluate its effects on women's bodies, and discuss the critique levied against the medical model of the body by the Women's Health Movement.
	Discuss the feminization of poverty throughout the world and describe and evaluate the changes in development strategies for women in the Third World.
	Discuss the impact of colonialism and globalization on women's work.
	Debate the tension between cultural relativism and human rights, using gender issues as an example.
	Discuss women's participation in the state and the impact of nationalism on women.
	What does Martha Ward refer to as a "two-bodied" world and is there evidence of such a world in North American society?
	Discuss and evaluate the status and roles of the hirjas of India and relate these to religious roles, sexuality, and kinship.
Anthropology (ANTH) 377	Examine the diverse archaeologies of Turtle Island and explore deep and recent histories from the Arctic to Mesoamerica.



Archaeologies of Turtle Island Revision 4  Revision 3  Revision 4  Revision 3  Revision 4  Revision 6  Revision 7  Revision 8  Revision 8  Revision 9  Revision 9		
Combine archaeological science and Indigenous Knowledges to reach supported interpretations regarding the deep histories of Turtle Island.  Evaluate the ways in which contemporary archaeologists collaborate and communicate with Indigenous and non-Indigenous rights holders, stakeholders, and interest groups.  Value past and present cultures and compare the complexity of relations represented in the archaeologies of Turtle Island.  Anthropology (ANTH) 384  The Family in World Perspective  Anthropology (ANTH) 390  Community-Based Research Methods Revision 4  Prepare you to successfully adhere to ethical guidelines.  Expose you to varying perspectives on appropriate social science research methods.  Enable you to acquire the skills to complete a community-based research project.  Anthropology (ANTH) 394  Anthropology (ANTH) 395  Define the term city and discuss the developments subsumed by the process of urbanization.  Distinguish among the first, second, and third urban revolutions.  Anthropology of Urban Life City Living: The Anthropology of Urban Life City Living: The Obstitution of Urban Life City Living: The Anthropology of Urban Life City Living: The Anthropology of Urban Life City Living: The Obstitution of Urban Life City Living: The Anthropology of Urban Life City Living: The Anthropology of Urban Life City Living: The Obstitution of Urban Life City Living: The Anthropology of Urban Life Constraint has a process of urbanization.  Discuss the characteristics of cities of the 21st century which distinguish them from earlier urban settlements.  Contrast the approaches of sociology, anthropology, psychology, geography and political economy in studying cities and urban life.  Define transnational migration, discuss the social and economic factors which underlie these movements, and evaluate its impacts on countries	Turtle Island	developed as a discipline and how attempts to decolonize the discipline
and communicate with Indigenous and non-Indigenous rights holders, stakeholders, and interest groups.  Value past and present cultures and compare the complexity of relations represented in the archaeologies of Turtle Island.  Anthropology (ANTH) 384  The Family in World Perspective  Anthropology (ANTH) 390  Community-Based Research Methods Build your confidence when choosing and executing appropriate methods for carrying out community-based research.  Prepare you to successfully adhere to ethical guidelines.  Expose you to varying perspectives on appropriate social science research methods.  Enable you to acquire the skills to complete a community-based research project.  Anthropology (ANTH) 394  Obfine the term city and discuss the developments subsumed by the process of urbanization.  Distinguish among the first, second, and third urban revolutions.  Identify the features of modern urban life that originated in the earliest cities.  Describe the ecological, economic, and social differences between preindustrial and industrial cities.  Discuss the characteristics of cities of the 21st century which distinguish them from earlier urban settlements.  Contrast the approaches of sociology, anthropology, psychology, geography and political economy in studying cities and urban life.  Define transnational migration, discuss the social and economic factors which underlie these movements, and evaluate its impacts on countries	Revision 4	
Anthropology (ANTH) 384 The Family in World Perspective Anthropology (ANTH) 390 Community-Based Research Methods Revision 4  Anthropology (ANTH) 390 Demystify the research process. Build your confidence when choosing and executing appropriate methods for carrying out community-based research. Prepare you to successfully adhere to ethical guidelines. Expose you to varying perspectives on appropriate social science research methods. Enable you to acquire the skills to complete a community-based research project.  Anthropology (ANTH) 394 Define the term city and discuss the developments subsumed by the process of urbanization. Distinguish among the first, second, and third urban revolutions. Identify the features of modern urban life that originated in the earliest cities. Describe the ecological, economic, and social differences between preindustrial and industrial cities. Contrast the approaches of sociology, anthropology, psychology, geography and political economy in studying cities and urban life. Define transnational migration, discuss the social and economic factors which underlie these movements, and evaluate its impacts on countries		and communicate with Indigenous and non-Indigenous rights holders,
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Demystify the research process.  Demystify the research process.  Build your confidence when choosing and executing appropriate methods for carrying out community-based research.  Prepare you to successfully adhere to ethical guidelines.  Expose you to varying perspectives on appropriate social science research methods.  Enable you to acquire the skills to complete a community-based research project.  Anthropology (ANTH) Define the term city and discuss the developments subsumed by the process of urbanization.  Distinguish among the first, second, and third urban revolutions.  Identify the features of modern urban life that originated in the earliest cities.  Describe the ecological, economic, and social differences between preindustrial and industrial cities.  Discuss the characteristics of cities of the 21st century which distinguish them from earlier urban settlements.  Contrast the approaches of sociology, anthropology, psychology, geography and political economy in studying cities and urban life.  Define transnational migration, discuss the social and economic factors which underlie these movements, and evaluate its impacts on countries	_	
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Urban Life  Revision 3  Describe the ecological, economic, and social differences between preindustrial and industrial cities.  Discuss the characteristics of cities of the 21st century which distinguish them from earlier urban settlements.  Contrast the approaches of sociology, anthropology, psychology, geography and political economy in studying cities and urban life.  Define transnational migration, discuss the social and economic factors which underlie these movements, and evaluate its impacts on countries	_	Distinguish among the first, second, and third urban revolutions.
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		which underlie these movements, and evaluate its impacts on countries



Anthropology (ANTH) 407	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Special Topics in Anthropology	
Anthropology (ANTH) 406	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Revision 4	Benefit from practical experience with ethics applications, ethnographic field methods, and the process of creating a research proposal.
Ethnographic Research Methods	Understand the implications of methodological choices and their relationship to research questions and settings.
Anthropology (ANTH) 402	Understand the processes of ethnographic research and research design in ethnography.
This course is under revision. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.	Evaluate the significance of ethnographic writing in the contemporary world.
Revision 3	Critically assess ethnographic writing to understand the choices made by the author in the process of representation.
Ethnography, the Writing of Culture	Contextualize written accounts of culture and communities.
Anthropology (ANTH) 401	Understand what is involved in the process of ethnography from fieldwork to the written account.
	Distinguish between urbanization and urbanism, and link this to anthropology and the other social sciences.
	Describe and evaluate the utility of the new urban sociology, urban ecology, and world systems theory for studying cities.
	Evaluate the usefulness of participant observation, in-depth interviews, and inquisitive observation as methodologies employed by urban anthropologists.
	Identify and discuss urban social issues relating to economic, social, political, and ideological concerns.
	Describe urban diversity as it relates to race, ethnicity, gender, and social class.
	Discuss and evaluate the impact of natural disasters, terrorism and warfare on contemporary cities.
	Describe and evaluate the different views of prominent urban planners of the past century.



Examining Cultures -	,	
Advanced Readings in Regional Ethnology		
Anthropology (ANTH) 434	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.	
The History of Anthropological Thought		
Anthropology (ANTH) 476	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.	
Archaeological Theory		
Anthropology (ANTH) 491	Be familiar with the nature of ethnobiological knowledge and its similarities to and differences from scientific knowledge.	
Ethnobiology: Traditional Biological Knowledge in	Understand the importance of plants for food, medicine, and technology in different cultures.	
Contemporary Global Context	Understand the significance of gendered plant knowledge.	
Revision 7	Understand the diversity of approaches to plant resources among human groups.	
	Understand the types of cultural knowledge about animals.	
	Understand the differences in attitude about non-human species of northern hunting groups, pastoral groups, and Euro-Canadian culture.	
	Understand the relationships to the environment of different human groups, and how their cosmology shapes their perceptions and adaptations.	
	Critically discuss contemporary issues of conservation of traditional resources, the effects of globalization, and the issues surrounding intellectual property of traditional and local peoples in the global market place.	
Anthropology (ANTH) 499	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.	
Medical Anthropology		
APST: Applied Studio	APST: Applied Studies	
Please note:	PLAR is not available for RAIC Syllabus students.	
Applied Studies (APST) 215	Use graphic systems, including the plan, section, axonometric, and perspective, and drawing techniques to represent outline, tone, texture, shade, and shadow. (Know)	
Introduction to Graphic Representation	Explore and examine topics, including the self, object, landscape, interior, and urban space, through graphic representation. (Analyze)	



Revision 3	Combine graphic systems and drawing techniques to develop renderings that graphically express your understanding of the subject matter. (Apply)
Applied Studies (APST) 220  3D Modeling, Digital Representation and Presentation Revision 4	Course objectives: Introduce 3D modeling techniques in conjunction with digital image editing, illustration, and presentation. (Knowledge)  Develop your abilities to explore design ideas by establishing connections between physical and digital-based platforms. (Analyze)  Develop your abilities to produce 3D models and computer-generated imagery for the purpose of developing and presenting design ideas. (Apply)  Course learning outcomes:  Demonstrate mastery using computer technologies.  Through analysis and model building, interpret the architectural concepts of an architectural structure.  Integrate and apply technical competencies using photography and computer-assisted technologies.  Using visual and written media, demonstrate an understanding of critiquing spatial form and functions in design and presentation.
Applied Studies (APST) 230 Materials, Properties, and Applications Revision 6	Describe the functions and characteristics of common building systems and assemblies, including building envelope, structure, environmental management systems, and building services systems.  Discuss the characteristics of building components and materials including function, physical properties, grades, life cycle economics, embodied energy, availability, and the impact that materials' production, use, and disposal has on the environment.
Applied Studies (APST) 240 Introduction to Structures Revision 4	Ability to produce an architectural design that broadly integrates contextual factors, structural systems, regulatory requirements, and environmental stewardship.  Ability to integrate appropriate structural systems into a building and to use appropriate representational media, including freehand drawing and computer technology, to convey essential structural elements at each stage of the design development process.  Understanding of the principles of structural behaviour in withstanding gravitational, seismic, and lateral forces, including the evolution, range, selection, and application of appropriate structural systems.  Understanding of the basic building science principles and the appropriate application and performance of various construction materials, products, components, and assemblies common to the Canadian construction industry, including their environmental impact and reuse.



Ability to analyze structural elements in terms of equilibrium, the resolution of forces, and shear and bending moments.

Ability to make technically precise drawings in order to develop a structural system for a proposed design.

Understanding of the broader ecologies that inform the design of buildings and their systems and of the interactions among these ecologies and design decisions.

Understanding of the basic principles that inform the design of passive and active environmental modification and building service systems, the issues involved in the coordination of these systems in a building, energy use and appropriate tools for performance assessment, and the codes and regulations that govern their application in buildings.

Ability to raise clear and precise questions; record, assess, and comparatively evaluate information; synthesize research findings and test potential alternative outcomes against relevant criteria and standards; and reach well-supported conclusions related to structural systems.

Ability to write, speak, and use visual media effectively to appropriately communicate on structural matters related to the architectural discipline within the profession and with the general public.

# Applied Studies (APST) 255

### Computer Aided Design

#### Revision 2

Ability to use representational media, specifically computer technology, to convey essential information at each stage of the pre-design and design process. This will include techniques for two- and three-dimensional representation.

Ability to articulate a design process grounded in theory and practice, an understanding of design principles and methods, and the critical analysis of architectural precedents.

Ability to assess, as an integral part of design, the appropriate combinations of materials, components, and assemblies in the development of detailed architectural elements through drawing and modeling.

Ability to make technically precise drawings in order to document a design project.

Understanding of how computerization is affecting architectural practice.

Ability to raise clear and precise questions; record, assess, and comparatively evaluate information; synthesize research findings and test potential alternative outcomes against relevant criteria and standards; and reach well-supported conclusions related to computerization.

Ability to write, speak, and use visual media effectively to appropriately communicate on structural matters related to the architectural discipline within the profession and with the general public.



Applied Studies (APST) 340	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Advanced Structures	
Applied Studies (APST) 350 Applied Architectural Sciences	This course presents both qualitative and quantitative techniques to relate the principles of equilibrium to building design to the climatic factors and principles that influence building performance, including solar radiation, wind, precipitation, temperature, thermal dynamics, and vapour migration.
Revision 4	After completing this course, you should be able to:
	Discuss the relationships between building performance and environmental and climatic factors.
	Discuss the concepts of heat transfer, thermal gradients, thermal bridges, air leakage, convection, and stack effect.
	Predict the responses of common building assemblies and materials to climatic cycles through a systematic analysis of environmental factors including radiation, precipitation, heating, and cooling.
	Discuss the impact that buildings have on the microclimate of their environment, including such factors as snow drifting, shading, and reflection.
	Relate the performance of windows and mechanical systems in passive and active building systems.
Applied Studies (APST) 470	Design a complete high-performance building envelope system, at a conceptual level, for a given set of conditions.
Building Envelope and Assemblies	Design a building envelope assembly through the application of qualitative and quantitative analysis of proposed performance.
Revision 4	Evaluate methods and materials of construction in a range of applications.
	Illustrate the appropriate application of construction materials and methods for a range of building design scenarios.
	Evaluate existing buildings' conditions and identify methods for their improvement.
Applied Studies (APST) 480	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Mechanical Equipment of Buildings	
ARCH: Architecture	·
Please note:	PLAR is not available for RAIC Syllabus students.



Architecture (ARCH) 200 History of Ideas in Architecture I Revision 3	By analyzing visual evidence and the accompanying literature, with specific reference to a series of monuments as case studies, you will discern:  Essential details: nomenclature, locations, builders, significant dates, and chronologies.  Visual evidence: original as-built, change over time, and current state.  Reasons for original construction: the beliefs, values, and intentions that motivated the builders, and how those are revealed in as-built plans, form, or decorative details.  Manner of use: the rituals, activities, and events the buildings were intended to accommodate.  Method of construction: the contribution of evolving technologies, types of building materials, and how geography, environment, and climate influenced their form and function.
	Geopolitical, chronological, or ideological contexts for these structures and how they are the same as or different from other buildings that responded to similar stimuli in different times or places.
Architecture (ARCH) 300  History of Ideas in Architecture II  Revision 3	By analyzing visual evidence and the accompanying literature, with specific reference to a series of monuments as case studies, students will discern:  Essential details: nomenclature, locations, builders, significant dates, and chronologies.  Visual evidence: original as-built, change over time, and current state.  Reasons for original construction: the beliefs, values, and intentions that motivated the builders, and how those are revealed in as-built plans, form, or decorative details.  Manner of use: the rituals, activities, and events the buildings were intended to accommodate.  Method of construction: the contribution of evolving technologies, types of building materials, and how geography, environment, and climate influenced their form and function.  Geopolitical, chronological, or ideological contexts for these structures and how they are the same as or different from other buildings that responded to similar stimuli in different times or places.
Architecture (ARCH) 320 History of Canadian	Identify the main characteristics of architecture in Canada.  Describe key historical events and architectural works built between 1400 and 1900.
Architecture Revision 2	Discuss the technological developments associated with architecture in Canada.



	Interpret architecture as a form of cultural production linked to changes in social behaviours and economic patterns.  Describe Canada's Heritage Policies and explain their purpose.
	Summarize key points in Canadian architectural scholarship.
Architecture (ARCH) 330	Demonstrate objective awareness of the natural and built environments (past and present) through critical observation.
Architectural Design Theory Fundamentals	Explain the basic nature of the design process.
Revision 3	Use specific vocabulary related to the design process.
. Kevisien e	Use analysis and derive ideas from abstract thinking.
	Demonstrate a critical approach to architectural thinking.
	Criticize your own work.
Architecture (ARCH) 340	Identify and describe the main concepts of the Modern movement and its chief proponents.
History and Theory of Modernism	Explain the design criteria applicable to 20th century architecture in their relation to major events.
Revision 2	Analyze how new planning processes were related to new materials, site, and structural processes.
	Discuss the relationship between architecture and the written word.
	Explore the relationship between architectural theory and practice.
	Describe architectural styles in terms of economic status, social hierarchies, and claims about group identity.
	Explain Modernism's spread outside of Europe.
Architecture (ARCH) 350	Upon completion of Arch 350, you will understand the
Landscape	History and theory of landscape and garden design.
Revision 2	Role of natural systems in shaping the regional landscape, the role of landscape ecology in understanding these systems, and the role of impact assessment and landscape management in assuring sustainable landscape conservation and development.
	Technical aspects of site planning and design and how these might be applied to the principles of sustainable design through observation, documentation, and critical appraisals of project design, readings, and the review of projects and case studies.
Architecture (ARCH) 400	Define urban morphology and its component elements through the evolution of the city with an emphasis on the emergence and creation of archetypal urban space.
Urbanism	or arenetypar arbair space.



Revision 3	Describe the characteristics of the typology of urban space based on a familiarity with historic examples.
	Distinguish among traditionalist, modernist, and postmodernist approaches to (or theories of) urbanism, with a particular emphasis on the late-19th to late-20th century changes to the North American city.
	Analyze existing urban conditions and urban issues through the application of conceptual and graphic tools typically used by the contemporary urbanist/architect.
Architecture (ARCH) 420	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Contemporary Architectural Theory and Research	
ARHI: Art History	
Art History (ARHI) 201	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
A Survey of Western Art I: Looking at Art from Ancient Times to the Middle Ages	
Art History (ARHI) 202	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
A Survey of Western Art II: Looking at Arts from the Renaissance to Present Day	
Art History (ARHI) 301	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Canadian Visual Culture	
ASTR: Astronomy	
Astronomy (ASTR) 205 Universe – The	Show how the scientific method forms the basis for both the tools and the theories of astronomy.
Ultimate Frontier Revision 4	Describe the cosmos and trace the history of our attempts to understand it, including the tools developed to help us do so.
	Describe light and how it carries information to us.
	Discuss what we have learned about the structure of stars and how they form, age, and die.
	Describe how stars group together into galaxies, how galaxies are themselves distributed, and how we think this entire cosmic structure began and may end.



	Describe the characteristics and origins of planets and other bodies in our solar system, and discuss the possibility of life elsewhere.
Astronomy (ASTR) 310	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Planetary Science	
This course is temporarily closed. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.	
Astronomy (ASTR) 495/496	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Astronomy and Astrophysics Projects	
BIOL: Biology	
Biology (BIOL) 204	Explain that biology is the science of living organisms based on the scientific method, which is a unique method of exploration that uses
Principles of Biology I	open-ended inquiry.
Revision 9	Describe cells as the basic units of life, explain cell theory, and point out the fundamental differences between pro- and eukaryotes, as well as the roles of membranes and organelles.
	Explain that all organisms are dependent on a steady supply of energy and that respiration and photosynthesis are some of the major metabolic pathways.
	Describe how enzymes play a crucial role as catalysts in all processes of the cell.
	Describe the key concepts of classical genetics including cell division, gene recombination and Mendelian principles as well as chromosomal theory.
	Describe in detail DNA structure and replication, as well as gene expression by transcription and translation as fundamental processes of molecular biology.
	Explain why gene expression requires a tight regulation at several levels and point out some examples for modern DNA technologies.
Biology (BIOL) 205	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Principles of Biology II B (Home Lab Version)	
Biology (BIOL) 207	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Principles of Biology II	



Biology (BIOL) 230	Develop a vocabulary of terminology to communicate information effectively for topics related to human physiology.
Human Physiology	Recognize and explain the principle of homeostasis and how feedback
(6 credits)	systems control the physiological processes in the human body.
Revision 12	Understand and explain the physiological connections within and between the systems of the human body.
	Recognize the systems' functions and recognize and explain the principle of homeostasis applied to all eleven systems of the human body.
	Use anatomical knowledge to predict physiological responses and use knowledge of physiology to predict the variations of anatomical structures.
	Synthesize ideas and understand how changes to anatomy and physiology could result in situations of homeostatic imbalance.
	Demonstrate laboratory procedures used to evaluate physiological functions of each organ system and interpret graphs of anatomical and physiological data.
Biology (BIOL) 235 Human Anatomy and	Develop a vocabulary of terminology to communicate the information effectively for topics related to human anatomy and physiology.
Physiology (6 credits)	Know, recognize, and explain the principle of homeostasis and how the feedback systems control the physiological processes in the human body.
Revision 13	Know, understand, and explain the connections within and between anatomical and physiological systems of the human body.
	Know the anatomical structures, explain physiological functions, and recognize and explain the principle of homeostasis applied to all 11 systems of the human body.
	Use knowledge of anatomy to predict physiological responses and use knowledge of physiology to predict the variations of anatomical structures.
	Synthesize ideas and understand how changes to anatomy and physiology could result in situations of homeostatic imbalances.
Biology (BIOL) 310 Biology of Human Sexuality	Demonstrate knowledge of various biology-related topics in the area of human sexuality and demonstrate awareness in how they apply to a healthy sexual lifestyle.
Revision 5	Understand and describe the various aspects of human sexuality from an anatomical and physiological perspective.
	Understand normal developmental perspectives of the reproductive system from the prenatal stage to adulthood.
	Explain the process of reproduction from conception to birth.



	Understand the biology of sexual attraction and behaviours in the context of human development, interaction, and reproductive health, and be aware of the different ways in which individuals express their
	sexuality.
	Understand and describe the various aspects of sexual orientation.
	Describe the developmental tasks related to sexuality throughout the lifespan.
	Understand and describe the prevalence and characteristics of various types of sexual dysfunction.
	Understand safe sex practices and behaviours and how they apply to a healthy lifestyle and identify the methods of preventing pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases.
	Understand safe sex practices and behaviours and how they apply to a healthy lifestyle involving non-conventional sexuality.
	Explain the impact of disability and illness on sexuality and sexual function.
Biology (BIOL) 320  Comparative Anatomy	Correctly apply and define scientific terminology used in the context of vertebrate anatomy.
of the Vertebrates	Identify the anatomical features that distinguish vertebrate from invertebrate systems.
Revision 3	Recognize vertebrate structural principles by studying all body systems of vertebrates in an evolutionary context.
	Compare and contrast the anatomical systems of different vertebrates and identify common traits across species and/or groups.
	Develop practical dissection skills on vertebrate cadavers that allow for identification of morphological features and effective collection and preparation of animal tissue specimens.
Biology (BIOL) 325 Introductory Microbiology Revision 8	Understand how key historical experiments and theories have shaped our knowledge of microorganisms.
	Demonstrate familiarity and competency with a wide variety of microbiological laboratory techniques, including transfer, culture, isolation and identification, growth rates and antibiotic sensitivity.
	Describe the components and cellular structure of bacteria, viruses, and fungi.
	Explain the bacterial genetic processes of replication, transcription, and translation.
	Understand the principles of microbial pathogenic mechanisms and strategies to identify and manage infectious disease transmission.



Define immunity and understand the mechanisms of the immune esponse.
Outline the applications of microorganisms in the food industry, biotechnology, industrial processes, and the development of medical reatments.
Understand the approach of studying human genetics and the basis of heredity.  Distinguish between inherited diseases and other types of human lness.  Identify the main components of a eukaryotic cell and their functions.  Describe the processes of mitosis, apoptosis, signal transduction, and sell adhesion.  Understand the laws of heredity and the fundamentals of Mendelian genetics.  Describe the key events in meiosis, fertilization, and sex-linked anheritance.  Describe the roles of genotype and environment in the expression of formal and abnormal phenotypes.  Understand transmission genetics, molecular genetics, and population genetics.  Understand the concepts of absolute and relative risk.  Be able to describe the process of DNA replication, regulation of gene expression, transcription, and translation.  Understand the mechanisms of DNA mutation and repair.  Discuss chromosome structure and chromosomal abnormalities.  Understand the fundamental principles of immunology and lifferentiate between inherited and acquired immune disorders.
ist and describe a number of relevant genetic technologies and their pplications.
explain how the physical environment (water, climate, soils, light and nutrients) shapes ecological processes.
Describe the fundamental role of plant and animal adaptations for ecology.
Define and apply the population concept when describing population growth and life history.



	Describe the concepts of competition, predation, parasitism, and
	mutualism in the context of community ecology.
	Define, with examples, major aspects of both community structure and community dynamics.
	Explain the concept of landscapes in ecology.
	Describe major aspects of ecosystem ecology, including energetics, decomposition, and biogeochemical cycles.
	Describe the earth's major aquatic and terrestrial biomes.
	Explain the major concepts of climate change ecology.
Biology (BIOL) 401 Cell Biology Revision 7	Identify cellular structures and their functions for prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
	Discuss the metabolic processes of cells and their importance in energy generation and synthesis of cellular building blocks.
	Describe the structure of DNA and explain the processes of DNA replication, transcription, and translation.
	Outline the processes of cell division and cell death and their role in genetic diversity and disease.
	Articulate the components of the cytoskeleton and outline their role in cell motility and muscle contraction.
	Conduct literature searches and read journal publications in cell biology to write an essay and participate in discussions on topics relevant to cell biology.
	Apply knowledge of cell biology processes to evaluate topics related to health and disease.
Biology (BIOL) 480	Explain the components and functions of innate and adaptive immunity.
Revision 4	Identify the role of signal transduction in the immune response.
	Compare and contrast the components of the humoral and cell-mediated immune responses.
	Explain the function and components of the complement system.
	Describe antigen presentation and the role of the major histocompatibility complex.
	Explain the principles of hypersensitivity reactions, inflammation, and autoimmunity.
	Review the immune response to infectious diseases and the role of vaccines in immunity to disease.



	Discuss the role of the immune system in AIDS, cancer, and transplantation.
	Describe the contributions of public health agencies in monitoring and the study of immunity.
	Distinguish between various immunological techniques and animal models used in immunology.
Biology (BIOL) 495/496	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Biology Projects	
BTMA: Business Tec	hnology Management Administration
Business Technology Management	Apply the vocabulary needed to discuss current developments in e- Commerce.
Administration (BTMA) 320	Explain what a business should do in the digital world to sustain its markets, serve its customers, ensure profitability, and protect the
Overview of e- Commerce	interests of its stakeholders.
Revision 2	Outline the key success factors needed to ensure a business can manage its main functional areas and maintain its strategic viability.
	Outline the threats, risks, and challenges that need to be avoided or addressed in e-Commerce.
	Discuss the business and technological infrastructure that make e- Commerce possible.
	Outline different business models that underly e-Commerce applications, from both operational and strategic perspectives.
	Examine and analyze system designs for the purpose of applying key strategic tools, frameworks, and processes to develop digital strategy.
	Analyze changes in business processes and organizations that are driven by e-Commerce technologies and applications (and assess impact on SCM, MKGT, payment systems, logistics, etc.).
	Explain the legal, security, ethical, and international issues that structure the e-Commerce environment.
	Discuss the effects of social media and networking on e-Commerce.
Business Technology Management Administration (BTMA) 444	Describe how analytics, business intelligence, and data science have evolved and are currently utilized to support organizational decision making and further strategic goals.
Business Intelligence and Analytics	Define descriptive analytics and describe the fundamental methods used to prepare data, analyze data using statistical modeling, and present results using effective reporting and visualization techniques.
Revision 1	



	Describe how data warehouses are designed and used to support business processes, decision making, and performance management.
	Describe the general processes and methods of data mining and explain how data mining can be used for business analytics and predictive analytics to support strategic decision making.
	Describe the components, methods, and applications of text, Web, and social analytics and explain their role and power in supporting business intelligence and descriptive analytics.
	Define prescriptive analytics and explain how analytical models can be applied to support optimization, simulation, and decision making.
	Discuss how Big Data is impacting the field of analytics and identify key platforms for processing Big Data.
	Identify emerging trends within the field of analytics, recognize ethical and legal issues surrounding the widespread adoption of data-driven technologies, and discuss strategic and managerial considerations in the application of analytics.
Business Technology Management Administration (BTMA) 445	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Business Process Management	
CHEM: Chemistry	
Chemistry (CHEM) 217	Name chemical compounds and interpret chemical formulas.
Chemical Principles I	Solve problems in chemical stoichiometry.
Revision 11	Describe the properties of gases and perform calculations using gas laws.
	Use thermochemical data to solve chemical problems involving heat, work, and enthalpy.
	Detail the quantum-mechanical model of the atom and the historical atomic models that preceded it.
	Recognize the periodic properties of the elements and explain them using the quantum-mechanical model of the atom.
	Discuss chemical bonds using the Lewis theory, valence bond theory, and molecular orbital theory, and predict molecular shapes using the valence shell electron pair repulsion theory.
	Describe intermolecular forces and apply them to explain the properties of liquids, solids, and gases.



Chemistry (CHEM) 218	Summarize the properties of solutions in terms of intermolecular forces and perform calculations involving the colligative properties of solutions.  Perform qualitative and quantitative chemical experiments and record and interpret results.
Chemical Principles II	
This course is temporarily closed. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.	
Chemistry (CHEM) 301	Describe the organization of a eukaryotic and prokaryotic cell.
Introduction to Biochemistry	Explain the synthesis of proteins, lipids, nucleic acids, and carbohydrates and their role in metabolic pathways.
Revision 7	Describe the function of vitamins and cofactors and provide examples of each group.
	Use graphical techniques to analyze and describe simple, unimolecular enzyme activities.
	Explain the chemical differences between DNA and RNA.
	Describe nucleic acid structures, replication, transcription, and translation.
	Explain the major differences and similarities between the synthesis of DNA and that of RNA.
	Describe how eukaryotic protein synthesis is controlled.
	Apply the genetic code to translate mRNA sequences into (protein) amino acid sequences.
Chemistry (CHEM) 330 Environmental Chemistry Revision 6	Demonstrate knowledge of chemical principles of various fundamental environmental phenomena and processes in land, water, and air.
	Apply basic concepts of chemical thermodynamics, kinetics, and photochemistry to analyze chemical processes involved in different environmental problems.
	Describe the practical chemistry in and anthropogenic impact of industrial processes, water purification, waste treatment, energy production, and pollution mitigation strategies.
	Critically discuss local and global environmental issues based on scientific principles and data.



	Find and analyze physio-chemical and toxicological information and judge its reliability and significance.
	Accurately portray, explain and interpret data calculation and present environmental scientific ideas and practices in writing.
Chemistry (CHEM) 350	Use structure, including conformation and stereochemistry to
Organic Chemistry I	recognize and designate (e.g. R/S or E/Z) stereochemistry and explain the reactivity and stability of an organic molecule.
Revision 9	Explain the roles of nucleophiles, electrophiles, electronegativity, and resonance in organic reactions.
	Use physical data (nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy, mass spectrometry and infrared spectroscopy) to elucidate organic structure.
	Name and draw skeletal structures of saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons, organohalides, and conjugated and aromatic compounds.
	Design syntheses of organic molecules involving the compounds you drew for Learning Outcome 4.
	Draw key reaction mechanisms involving those same compounds and/ or predict the outcome of reactions based on your understanding of the mechanisms you have drawn.
	Apply the basic techniques for the preparation, purification, and identification of organic compounds in the organic chemistry laboratory.
Chemistry (CHEM) 360	Apply the principles of carbonyl chemistry (including the role of carbanions and enolate ions) in a variety of syntheses.
Organic Chemistry II Revision 9	Use critical thinking, logical deduction, and data interpretation to elucidate organic structures or propose synthetic strategies.
	Name and draw skeletal structures of alcohols, phenols, ethers, epoxides, thiols, sulfides, aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids, nitriles, carboxylic acid derivatives, amines, heterocycles, and carbohydrates.
	Design syntheses of organic molecules involving the compounds from Learning Outcome 3.
	Draw key reaction mechanisms involving the same compounds from Learning Outcome 3 and use your knowledge of reaction mechanisms to predict the outcome of reactions.
	Define the basic chemical and structural features of biomolecules, in particular carbohydrates, and one lipid, protein, or a nucleic acid (from your choice of optional unit).
	Perform advanced laboratory techniques, including the identification of functional groups, spectroscopy, handling hydrophobic reactions and carrying out multi-step syntheses.



	Critically evaluate the laboratory data you have collected and communicate your laboratory findings in a clear and concise manner.
Chemistry (CHEM) 495/496	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Chemistry Projects	
CLAS: Classics	
Classics (CLAS) 309	Summarize major political developments among the ancient Greeks.
Ancient Greece	Summarize the major philosophical developments of the ancient Greeks.
(Cross-listed with HIST 309 & HUMN 309)	Summarize the achievements of the ancient Greeks in architecture and theatre.
Revision 4	Locate and select scholarly writings relevant to the study of ancient Greece.
	Report on a scholarly article.
	Write a research paper on an approved topic using secondary sources and relevant primary sources in translation.
Classics (CLAS) 312	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Ancient Rome	
(Cross-listed with HIST 312 & HUMN 312)	
CLST: Cultural Studie	es
Cultural Studies (CLST) 201	Understand the idea of "culture" by showing the ways in which it permeates our everyday lives.
Cultural Studies and Everyday Life	Question the distinction between things defined as cultural and things assumed to be natural.
Revision 1	Explore the ways in which everyday culture can be a site of contestation.
	Recognize the ways in which culture influences who we are (individual and collective identities)
CMIS: Computers and Management Information Systems	
Computers and Management	Be familiar with concepts and terminology common to desktop
Information Systems (CMIS) 245	applications used in business.  Be proficient in using Microsoft Word, Excel, and PowerPoint software.



Microcomputer Applications in Business (Windows)	Have practical knowledge of common business situations in which desktop applications are used and have a foundation for further independent learning.
Revision 12	
Computers and Management Information Systems (CMIS) 311 Supporting End-User Computing Revision 8	Describe the technological and organizational context within which the contemporary user support specialist operates, including how organizations develop and implement support standards.
	Classify and define user support roles and the skills required for entering the field; define user support workers' career path and professional associations; and describe the user support field's ethical principles.
	Outline the client service relationship and articulate strategies for creating successful relationships and handling difficult clients, including telephone, chat, and other digital communication techniques and personal communication styles.
	Identify common end user issues and problems and apply problem solving processes, including developing a personal approach to problem-solving and assessing users' needs.
	Outline the troubleshooting process, strategies, and diagnostic tools used to troubleshoot problems, and identify tools for repairing problems.
	Outline the challenges of planning, implementing, controlling, and evaluating user support operations within an organization, looking specifically at helpdesk operation and management, trends, product evaluation, and needs analysis.
	Explain the nature of user support, including roles, tasks, and the helpdesk function; software installation, user training, and writing for end users; and resources that make up the user support specialist's toolkit.
	Determine, plan, and prepare appropriate training activities for user support processes.
	Understand different types of end-user documentation, and outline how to plan for developing such documentation, including identifying tools for effective technical writing and for evaluating documentation processes.
Computers and Management Information Systems (CMIS) 351	Understand and articulate fundamental concepts of information technology management.
	Assess and apply IT to solve common business problems.
Management Information Systems	Suggest and defend effective solutions to business problems and design a database application to solve a business problem.
Revision 13	Discuss the ethical aspects of information technology use in the organization and its governance issues.



Computers and Management Information Systems (CMIS) 431	Explain the CIO position in terms of roles, responsibilities, and challenges.
	Design an IT budgeting process.
Information Technology	Explain the dimensions of IT value and identify best practices in achieving IT value.
Leadership	Develop IT metrics and an IT metric process to establish IT value.
Revision 5	Develop a technology roadmap process and explain its main elements.
	Explain the advantages and disadvantages of infrastructure standardization and the paths to infrastructure standardization.
	Explain IT governance and its application to the IT organization.
	Explain the IT implications of Sarbanes-Oxley and Bill 198 and their implications for IT control.
	Describe COBIT and its main elements.
	Explain the importance of a business continuity plan and identify its main elements.
	Apply the Information Security Governance Framework to assess a firm's security management.
	Explain the use of stakeholder analysis and the IT hierarchy of needs to manage stakeholder perceptions of IT.
	Explain technology-enabled innovation and the CIO's role in it.
	Discuss different methods of delivering IT and methods of managing these.
	Discuss the main issues in managing the IT organization.
Computers and Management	Distinguish an accounting information system (AIS) from other business information systems.
Information Systems (CMIS) 455	Describe the main information technology infrastructure supporting the accounting profession on the Internet.
Accounting Information Systems	Describe the significant impact of information technology (IT) on the role of accountant and the accounting profession and discipline.
Revision 11	Describe the value and role of AIS in implementing business strategies.
	Examine three basic functions performed by an AIS.
	Use the AIS development and documentation techniques.
	Design relational database tables using REA diagrams.
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	Examine the eventual threats to an organization's accounting information and suggest mechanisms to prevent and combat those threats.
	Discuss the major issues related to computer fraud and systems security and examine the major techniques available to detect this issue.
	Examine the major computer software designed specifically for auditing AIS.
	Describe the major business activities and related information- processing operations performed in the accounting cycles (revenues cycle, expenditure cycle, production cycle, payroll cycle, etc.).
CMNS: Communicati	on Studies
Communication Studies (CMNS) 201	Course objectives:
Introduction to Mass Media	To gain an overview of the key topics, debates, and issues in communication studies and map the contours of Communication Studies.
Revision 6	To examine the role that communication and mass media play in society, with a particular focus on the Canadian context.
	To critically analyze media practices and media uses in our daily lives.
	To improve the ability to convey ideas through structured written assignments.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 202	Describe the basic patterns of mass media development in Canada, including principles, institutions, and policies.
Media and Power in Canadian Society	Discuss social, cultural, political, and economic implications of current and future media systems for Canadian society and cultural identities.
(Cross-listed with POLI 291)	Identify current and developing media structures, institutions, and technologies.
Revision 1	Describe implications of new technologies and regulations in a global context.
Communication	Communication Theory and Analysis is intended to:
Studies (CMNS) 301 Communication Theory and Analysis	Introduce you to a broad range of approaches to mass communication theory so that you can understand the ideas at play in the professional literature and in the practice of communication.
Revision 8	Increase your ability to analyze concepts and issues in mass communication theory, and to develop and defend your own positions on a variety of issues.
	Help you to determine, through the exploration of debates and case studies, how the positions that you have developed might apply to circumstances arising in your professional practice.



Communication	Communication in History is intended to accomplish the following
Studies (CMNS) 302	objectives:
Communication in History Revision 9	Understanding: introduce major developments in the history of communication technology so that students can understand how innovation and institutionalization occur in different settings.
Revision 9	Comparative analysis: develop students' ability to compare and contrast different technologies across different cultural contexts.
	Application: apply understanding and critical abilities to professional practice through the study of debates and practices in the field.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 308	Articulate and identify basic concepts and processes related to statistical analysis including its importance in providing accurate and reliable scientific knowledge.
Understanding Statistical Evidence Revision 2	Distinguish between research designs and identify poor research design.
	Identify and be able to discuss various research concepts and constructs including levels of measurement, types of validity, reliability, types of scores, reporting protocols, means, medians, modes, standard deviation, distributions, variables, correlations and correlation coefficients, probability, prediction, and statistical inference.
	Understand the language and logic of research protocols, specifically confidence intervals and significance tests.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 311  Mass Media and the Law  Revision 4	The goal of this course is to assist you in identifying when a legal issue may arise and therefore avoid a legal dispute entirely. Alternatively, you may on occasion want a legal issue to turn into a dispute so that you can go to court to make a point or establish a principle. In either case, early identification of issues will enable you and/or your employer to seek legal advice without delay and be able to decide on the best course of action. The course is part survey and part application. We will introduce you to legal principles and then ask you to apply these principles to a set of facts—either by studying a case or by thinking about a hypothetical situation.  This course assumes no prior knowledge of the law. However, students who are media or communications professionals may well have sought legal advice in the past during the preparation or production of a story. Media law affects the way information can be obtained and presented in many different ways. The purpose of this course is not to provide you with the answers you need to decide what the law is with regard to any issue you might deal with in your work. Rather, it is to provide you with enough understanding of the law to enable you to:  Know when to ask for legal advice,
	Understand the types of issues a lawyer will need to resolve,
	Understand what might be the possible outcome, and why.



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	This course is designed to introduce communications and media professionals to the legal context within which you operate in Canada (excluding Quebec, which has a different legal system). Law permeates all aspects of our lives. Understanding basic legal principles and how those principles have been applied to various factual situations will help you to identify the legal issues that may arise in your career.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 321	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Computing in Everyday Life	
Communication Studies (CMNS) 335	Explain the scope and significance of media and information literacy (MIL).
Media and Information Literacy Revision 1	Apply various frameworks to media and information to analyze and assess media messages, audiences, and production, as well as the legitimacy of information shared by the media.
REVISION I	Explain the meaning of freedom of expression (FOE), its relationship to MIL, and its importance in a democracy.
	Identify the elements that contribute to positive media representations and to equity, diversity, dialogue, and inclusion.
	Describe MIL strategies and tools for recognizing disinformation and misinformation.
	Explain why privacy is a special concern for MIL in digital media cultures.
	Assess artificial intelligence (AI) and algorithms in the context of MIL.
	Summarize the importance of decolonization and cultural sovereignty to media and information literacies.
	Explain the significance of active audiences as global citizens.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 358	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Popular Culture and the Media	
Communication Studies (CMNS) 380	Describe the adaptive and mechanical organizational models in the context of twentieth century trends in organizations and
Corporate Communication	communications.  Explain ethical issues for communications managers.
Revision 2	Define and describe the changing relationship between notions of leadership and communication.
	Evaluate and demonstrate effective consultation.



	Discuss and demonstrate the role of communications in strategic organizations.
	Diagnose stages of change and appropriate communication responses.
	Discuss and critique concepts of the learning organization.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 385	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Rebel with a Cause: Social Movements in History and Popular Culture	
(Cross-listed with SOCI 378)	
Communication Studies (CMNS) 401	Demonstrate understanding of the historical development and contemporary impact of federal arts policy in Canada.
Cultural Policy in Canada	Outline key aspects of Canadian cultural production in the twentieth century in historical, social and political contexts.
Revision 3	Outline details of key Canadian cultural industries.
	Present his or her perceptions of "culture" as social expression and critique policy mandates and outcomes in this area.
	Discuss the role of government cultural policy in sustaining social cohesion in a diverse, multicultural society.
	Explain specific aspects of arts and heritage policies as they relate to selected social phenomena in Canadian life.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 402 Global	Describe the connection between media systems and economic and political structures in various types of societies, and the role of the mass media in the functioning of economic and political systems.
Communication Revision 4	Explain the significance of regulatory frameworks on international communications.
Revision 4	Inform themselves about mainstream and alternative media networks.
	Identify some of the main developmental directions of current information and communications systems.
	Improve critical tools with which to analyze the complex interests involved in media systems.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 419	Identify the differences between storytelling frameworks, including the conjunction of image, text, and comics, visual storytelling and photography, oral storytelling, and alternate reality games, and time-
Digital Storytelling	based versus space-based storytelling.
Revision 1	
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Communication Studies (CMNS) 420 Topics in Communication: Children and Media Revision 4	Understand the basic components of a story and how images can be used to tell stories on their own and in conjunction with words.  Transform audiences by motivating them and galvanizing them into action.  Understand the role that memory plays in storytelling.  Understand narration, narrative structure, and visual framing.  Know the importance of location within digital culture.  Understand the difference between influence and appropriation in creative practice.  Understand the dialectic between technology and storytelling.  Learn about gaming and interactivity and explore real-world applications for digital storytelling.  Be able to craft excellent stories in a digital medium (including slideshows, comics, storyboards, and digital video).  Children and Media is intended to:  Help students apply the concepts of narrative theory to the study of how children receive and use narrative across a variety of media.  Define and explain various types of literacy that children have developed as they experience narratives in various formats, including oral, written, aural, visual, and multimedia.  Explain how children's competencies with narrative and various media are connected to the changing social constructions of childhood and the changing educational outcomes intended for children.  Help students understand how children make sense of the world through the social and intellectual tools at their disposal.
	are connected to the changing social constructions of childhood and the changing educational outcomes intended for children.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 421 Being Online	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 423 The Television Age	The purpose of this course is to introduce you to the technology, aesthetics, politics, economics, philosophy, ideology, and morality of television. You will be asked to look critically behind the scenes of the television world and discern the various patterns of industry structure and thematic content. By looking at the medium itself, its major players,



Revision 3	its content, and the audience responses to that content, you will be able to reach your own conclusions about just who, if anyone, controls the television industry. You should develop a critical understanding of television producers, promoters, critics, and creative personnel, as well as a sense of the importance of ongoing debates in this field in which so few issues have been resolved.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 425 Film and Genre	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 444	Discuss the history of public relations, particularly its role in colonial state formation.
Media Relations	Recognize and apply the RACE (research, analyze, communicate, evaluate) formula to public relations functions.
(Cross-listed with GOVN 444) Revision 4	Discuss the key factors, ethical considerations, and typical tasks involved in effective media relations.
Revision 4	Create a press release and an effective media relations plan.
	Name components of an Indigenous framework for public relations and be able to apply public relations principles to social action in a range of marginalized communities and social movements.
	Name a selection of digital strategies used by public relations practitioners.
	Analyze examples of corporate social responsibility.
	Name several public relations strategies and tools used both within and for communicating with government.
	Analyze the role of public relations as a method of political manipulation in an international context.
	Analyze the role of journalism as a method of holding public relations practitioners accountable.
	Be familiar with several working definitions of crisis communication.
Communication Studies (CMNS) 455 Media Ethics Revision 3	Students completing the course will better understand the use and abuse of sources, research materials, quotes, the positioning and concealment of information, plagiarism, ethics (as it relates to the coverage of criminal and terrorist acts), and the role of the news media in exposing or validating public prejudices.
	After completing this course, students should be able to:
	Analyze and discuss contemporary journalism in a variety of media.
	Understand and evaluate scholarly and critical works about ethics in media production practices.



Formulate their own critical analyses of the role of ethics in news coverage.

Understand and discuss media codes of ethics and their application in Canada, the United States, Europe, and the Middle East.

Explain the balance of rights and responsibilities involved in media practices by media organizations and journalists.

Understand and discuss the social, political, and ethical implications of media.

Discuss the various roles of media in public life.

Explain the ethics involved in selection of sources and research material by news media.

#### **COMM: Communications**

Commun	ications
(COMM) 1	00

Identify what they need to do to succeed in their postsecondary studies and as online learners.

Introduction to Research and Study Skills Assess their abilities and preferences as learners and use strategies for time management, reading, note-taking, memory, critical thinking, test-taking, and communication to enhance their learning and improve their academic performance.

#### **Revision 5**

Discuss diversity issues, demonstrate intercultural competence, and engage with different ways of knowing and learning.

Use an understanding of academic culture and practices to join scholarly conversations.

Develop research questions and thesis statements, and write a thesis-based, research-based essay.

Discuss what it means to be a critical thinker and bring a spirit of critical inquiry to thinking, reading, writing, and researching.

Demonstrate information literacy skills, including:

using libraries and the Internet to locate information sources.

working critically with information sources using a range of strategies and evaluative criteria.

maintaining standards of intellectual honesty, including citing and documenting sources appropriately.

Engage in writing as a process of drafting and revising and use journaling to reflect on learning and research.

# Communications (COMM) 243

Relate key concepts to communication problems you observe or experience at work.



Interpersonal Communication	Understand the social and cultural contexts in which interpersonal communication takes place.
Revision 11	Resolve and avoid interpersonal problems to better achieve organizational and individual goals.
Communications (COMM) 329	Describe how social media are rapidly transforming social and business practices.
Mediated Interpersonal Communication	Evaluate social sites from a critical perspective, using communication theory to make sense of online communities as rapidly evolving social and business phenomena.
Revision 10	Explain how social media prescribe unique discursive manifestations and how their users generate and promote online dialogue.
	Observe participants in social sites as they share and negotiate meaning, and provide insight into how members of an online community define common objectives, resolve differences, and report online transgressions.
	Examine the underlying interpersonal aspects of online forums and chat rooms.
	Practise observational skills that help you understand how people present themselves and how they interact with others online.
	Identify communication features that enhance the interaction between online users and evaluate the capacity of virtual spaces for fostering meaningful relationships.
	Describe some of the methods business people use to manage the complexity of social interactions in online media.
	Discuss some of the ethical challenges that communicating through social sites raises for businesses.
	Discuss some of the implications of corporate social responsibility in a networked society.
	Assess social media communication practices.
	Progress from writing descriptively to writing analytically.
COMP: Computer Sc	ience
Computer Science (COMP) 200	Identify the features of the essential units in computer organization, including peripheral or auxiliary devices.
Introduction to Computing and	Explain the roles and functional structure of the operating systems, virtual machines, and network computing.
Information Systems Revision 8	Design the computational operations process of the algorithms in pseudocode.
	Measure and analyze the efficiency of the algorithms.



	Install a programming toolkit and debug software packages.
	Explain the typical social issues and emerging technologies in computing.
	Write the algorithms in Python.
	Analyze a data-modeling problem and create a simple relational database.
	Carry out a simple comparison analysis of the basic computer applications in computational modeling, artificial intelligence, or ecommerce.
Computer Science (COMP) 206	Outline the essential features and elements of the C++ programming language.
Introduction to Computer	Explain programming fundamentals, including statement and control flow and recursion.
Programming (C++) Revision 4	Articulate the principles of object-oriented problem solving and programming.
	Apply the concepts of class, method, constructor, instance, data abstraction, function abstraction, inheritance, overriding, overloading and polymorphism.
	Program with basic data structures using array, vector, and other structures.
	Program using objects and data abstraction, class, and methods in function abstraction.
	Analyze, write, debug and test basic C++ codes using the approaches introduced in the course.
	Analyze problems and implement simple C++ applications using an object-oriented approach.
Computer Science (COMP) 210	Describe the evolution, history, and development of electronic computers, microprocessors, and microcomputers.
Introduction to Information Systems and Computer	Identify and describe the roles of computers in manufacturing processes, business-information systems, and other information systems.
Applications Revision 10	Describe the transition from an industrial society toward a more information-based society.
	Describe the types of careers available in information technology.
	Describe and explain information processing.
	Describe and explain basic computer components and functions, operating systems, database management systems and traditional applications, networks, and the Internet.



	List and discuss societal trends and new developments resulting from computing innovation.
	Identify and describe legal, social, and ethical issues related to increased computer and Internet use in the home, workplace, and society.
	Describe e-commerce, mass customization, and the effect of online business communications in today's business world.
	Perform basic operations with and use key functions and features of commonly used Microsoft Office applications.
	Use, evaluate, and create webpages.
	Understand the impact of artificial intelligence and locate, apply, and evaluate AI resources and tools.
Computer Science (COMP) 214	Describe and discuss the history and development of computer interfaces, including next generation.
Interactive Technologies	List and discuss ergonomic issues of human-computer interaction (HCI).
Revision 2	List and describe input and output technologies and the role of input at the programming level.
	Discuss the relationships of input devices and data types—from typing to sensing.
	List and discuss emerging and prospective output devices (physical output, AI, etc.)
	Use, describe and evaluate application interfaces including desktop interfaces, 3D and VR interfaces.
	Create basic user interfaces, including websites and image maps, and describe the principles of sound interface design.
	Use simple programming tools to design interactive applications or interfaces.
Computer Science	Discuss computers and programming languages.
(COMP) 218 Introduction to Computer Programming with	Analyze problems and design algorithms to solve the problems.
	Program in Python to solve problems using various data types, files and program constructs.
Python	Handle errors and exceptions properly and effectively in programs.
Revision 2	Design and use functions, including recursive functions.
	Design and use classes in problem solving and system development with Python.
	Design and use modules to solve more complex problems.
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	Describe which Python modules are available for specific applications.
	Design and implement GUI-based applications with Python.
Computer Science (COMP) 230 Storyboard Design	Upon completion of COMP 230, you should have a deep understanding of storyboarding and storytelling concepts, methods, practices, and strategies, as well as the ability to create storyboards using powerful storytelling ideas. More specifically, you should be able to:
and Development	Disseminate the events of the story.
Revision 2	Define the threshold of awareness in the story.
	Create the structural level of the story for clarity and dramatic presentation.
	Guide the audience's attention to narrative questions and metaphors that drive the story forward.
	Direct the viewer's eyes and ears with composition and perspective.
	Signify meaning and associations through semiotics.
	Construct meaning with respect to continuity and causality.
	Evoke emotional response and measure it using thematic analysis.
	Evolve and sustain the story using storytelling ideas enacted through software.
Computer Science (COMP) 232	Apply basic concepts of graphics design, e.g., proportions, perspectives, volume, lights, and shadow.
Graphics Design Revision 2	Demonstrate advanced concepts of volume and lights to create illusion of depth.
Revision 2	Draw human figures and apply concepts of gravity and movement in visual art.
	Arrange elements in an image to manipulate a scene.
	Model 2D/3D characters/sprites and create model sheets.
	Design a character-centric environment.
	Use different drawing media and software tools.
Computer Science (COMP) 266	13 learning outcomes with expansion provided:
Introduction to Web	Apply a structured approach to identifying needs, interests, and functionality of a website:
Programming Revision 4	You should be able to apply techniques such as personas, scenarios, site maps, and mock-ups to create design documents that other developers could use to create a website. These techniques should be well enough applied that a designer can



refer back to and understand how the actual design is informed by and based on the outputs of this process.

Design dynamic websites that meet specified needs and interests:

As well as following a structured design process, the site design and content should very clearly relate to the needs that were identified in the design documentation. While the previous outcome is largely about process and technique, this outcome is largely about explicitly addressing the needs of users.

Write well-structured, easily maintained, standards-compliant, accessible HTML code:

There are very clear standards set out by the W3 Consortium that dictate how good HTML should be written, both from a technical perspective and in order that it should be accessible by users with disabilities and with many different browsers and browser types.

In addition to following the rules that W3C provides, the code should be laid out, commented and structured in a way that makes it easy for other developers to understand precisely how the document is structured, what it contains, which part does what.

We would expect you to know and make use of a wide range of HTML tags and attributes including at a minimum (but not be limited to) header styles, lists, tables, images, hyperlinks, anchors, <div>s, <span>s, document structure (<head>, <body>, etc.), forms and form controls, text emphases, pre-formatted text, HTML entities, and comments.

Write well-structured, easily maintained, standards-compliant CSS code to present HTML pages in different ways:

As for HTML, standards for CSS code are set out by the W3 Consortium and we would expect all students to follow those standards to the letter, as well as writing elegant and maintainably structured code. We would expect to see a wide range of CSS selectors used correctly and a good range of declarations used to handle, at the very least, positioning, font-styles, colours, borders, visibility, and graphics. We would expect code to work in all browsers as well as possible.

Use JavaScript to add dynamic content to pages:

This addresses a minimal requirement that students should be able to take a piece of JavaScript code from another site and use it effectively in their own, as well as (of course) effectively embedding their own code in a page.

Critique JavaScript code written by others, identifying examples of both good and bad practice:



You should be able to identify problems with how a piece of code is written. This may relate to, mainly, maintainability (for instance, does it use consistent variable names, is it properly indented, is it well commented?) and structural/logical design ( is it efficient, does it use arrays and loops effectively, does it separate data, processing and views effectively?).

Select appropriate HTML, CSS and JavaScript code from public repositories of open-source and free scripts that enhances the experience of site visitors:

This is about finding useful, well-written, reliable code and adding it to a site, taking into account legal and technical constraints as well as taking explicit account of the needs of the site users and the site purpose.

Modify existing HTML, CSS, and JavaScript code to extend and alter its functionality, and to correct errors and cases of poor practice:

Having found useful code, you should be able to modify it to work well with the site, bearing in mind the learning outcomes that relate to critiquing and writing good HTML, CSS, and JavaScript.

Write well-structured, easily maintained JavaScript code following accepted good practice:

As in the case of HTML and CSS, this relates to creating code that is elegant, well-structured, and conforming with specified standards. The code should be very maintainable and structured for ease of maintenance, with careful structuring, consistent use of declared variables using standard naming conventions (e.g., camelCase), good error handling and modularity.

The code should be elegant, using the minimum necessary code to work efficiently while still remaining maintainable—not too complex, not too dense.

You are expected to use a wide range of programming constructs and techniques, including but not necessarily limited to variables, arrays, operators, selections, loops, functions, objects, regular expressions, recursion, string manipulation, numeric calculations, date manipulation and formatting, use of events, good manipulation of the DOM (including manipulation of HTML, manipulation of styles, use of named elements and classes, etc.), error and exception handling, etc. In the event of JavaScript not being available, the code should either continue to work or fail gracefully, remaining accessible as much as possible throughout.

Write JavaScript code that works in all major browsers (including E, Mozilla-based browsers such as Firefox, Opera, Konqueror, Safari, Chrome):



Different browsers have different DOMs and different JavaScript interpreters. The code should work in all popular modern browsers (at the time of writing, anything after IE6).

Effectively debug JavaScript code, making use of good practice and debugging tools:

The evidence for this is going to be both bug-free code and reflections on the process of creating it.

Use JavaScript libraries (e.g., JQuery) to create dynamic pages:

You should have created pages that make effective use of JQuery libraries to enhance the user experience, in line with the themes, purposes, personas, and scenarios you have identified. While the emphasis is on appropriate use, a range of several JQuery library facilities should have been used such as animation, data hiding/showing, ordering of lists and tables, and asynchronous data access.

Use JavaScript to access and use web services for dynamic content (AJAX, JSON, etc.):

You should be able to both send and receive data from an external service via that service's API and manipulate the results returned to add value to the page, in accordance with themes, purposes, scenarios, and personas developed for the course. A good student will link the content from multiple sources to create a mashup. The code will fail gracefully in the event of a service being unavailable and will not simply embed content directly from another site without further manipulation, if only for formatting.

## Computer Science (COMP) 268

Articulate the principles of object-oriented problem solving and programming.

## Introduction to Computer Programming (Java)

Outline the essential features and elements of the Java programming language.

### Revision 12

Explain programming fundamentals, including statement and control flow and recursion.

Apply the concepts of class, method, constructor, instance, data abstraction, function abstraction, inheritance, overriding, overloading, and polymorphism.

Program with basic data structures using array, list, and linked structures.

Explain the object-oriented design process and the concept of software engineering.

Program using objects and data abstraction, class, and methods in function abstraction.



	Analyze, write, debug, and test basic Java codes using the approaches introduced in the course.
	Analyze problems and implement simple Java applications using an object-oriented software engineering approach.
Computer Science (COMP) 272	Explain the systematic methods of efficiently organizing and accessing data in data structures and algorithms.
Data Structures and Algorithms	Identify the properties and structural patterns in data structures.
	Apply abstract data types to the design of data structures.
Revision 8	Analyze algorithms using a mathematical notation and experimental studies.
	Perform comparative analysis of the typical data structures and algorithms.
	Design and analyze recursive algorithms in data structures.
	Write code in pseudocode and high-level programming languages for the implementation of various data structures and algorithms.
Computer Science	Analyze games in terms of their social effects.
(COMP) 282	Analyze the effects of game-like features in non-game systems.
Social Aspects of Games, Leisure, and	Classify and distinguish a variety of genres of social game.
Entertainment	Analyze the effects of game design on social behaviour.
Revision 2	Design game features to affect social interaction.
	Assess the causes and effects of antisocial behaviour in games.
	Independently research issues in social games as well as their effects.
	Apply theories and models of social behaviour to the design of computer games.
	Design a social game.
Computer Science (COMP) 283	Establish the characters, events and facts of a mythology or historical period in the background and setting for a video game.
Effective Use of Myths and Facts in Computer Games	Conduct a literature review on mythological and historical periods using library and Internet resources.
Revision 3	Critically survey and summarize a chosen mythological or historical context for use in a computer game concept.
	Illustrate and shape the setting, geography, characters, world elements and chain of events of a video game concept using online tools and visuals.



	Present and explain a game design concept in a slide presentation, website, or video.
Computer Science (COMP) 306	Outline the essential features and elements of the C++ programming language.
C++ for Programmers	Explain programming fundamentals, including statement and control flow and recursion.
Revision 3	Articulate the principles of object-oriented problem solving and programming.
	Apply the concepts of class, method, constructor, instance, data abstraction, function abstraction, inheritance, overriding, overloading, and polymorphism.
	Program with basic data structures using array, vector, and other structures.
	Program using objects and data abstraction, class, and methods in function abstraction.
	Program using advanced topics, including exceptions, templates and the Standard Template Library.
	Analyze, write, debug and test basic C++ codes using the approaches introduced in the course.
	Analyze problems and implement simple C++ applications using an object-oriented approach.
Computer Science	Exemplify creation, manipulation, and control of Java objects.
(COMP) 308  Java for Programmers	Exemplify the concepts of data abstraction, inheritance, and polymorphism.
Revision 5	Exemplify Java runtime mechanism in Java applications.
	Implement interfaces and abstract classes.
	Implement error handling with exceptions.
	Exemplify inner classes.
	Implement Java concurrent programming with threading models.
	Exemplify the concept of annotation and its role in testing Java code.
	Implement Java Bean and Swing GUI.
	Exemplify Java I/O and network programming.
Computer Science	Describe the overall structure and components of operating systems.
(COMP) 314 Operating Systems	Explain the key concepts and mechanisms of process management, memory management, and storage management, as well as security and protection of operating systems.
	•



Revision 8	Apply the appropriate principles and methods to practical tasks such as analysis, diagnosis, and development of functions and components that are associated with modern operating systems.
Computer Science (COMP) 325	Install a Linux operating system on a partition on a computer or dedicated hardware.
Unix Operating System – Principles	Explain Unix operating system concepts.
and Administration	Detail the process of booting and shutting down.
Revision 4	Use different utilities and commands in the UNIX operating system.
	Write Unix shell scripts and use complex regular expressions.
	Carry out administrator duties such as backing up the file systems, managing accounts, controlling processes, specifying security, and managing networks.
Computer Science (COMP) 347	Explain the fundamental concepts of computer networks and communicate with computer networking professionals using the proper technical terms.
Computer Networks Revision 9	Use the concepts of layered models and network principles and technologies to explain how computer networks and their components work and to explain various performance issues such as delays and quality assurance.
	Explain and analyze various network standards and protocols.
	Use computer network principles and technologies to solve network related problems.
	Design new network protocols for network services to meet specific requirements.
	Apply the principles and technologies obtained from the course to the analysis, design, implementation, and management of computer networks.
Computer Science (COMP) 348	Discuss network programming with Java in general, including some of the history and features that Java brings to network programming.
Network Programming in Java	Type, compile, and execute example Java programs from the textbook that demonstrate key concepts of network programming.
Revision 7	Modify example programs to further demonstrate key concepts of network programming.
	Create original programs in Java that demonstrate key concepts of network programming.
	Create Java network programs that fulfill specific deliverables and provide significant network capability, as required, to fulfill assignment objectives and deliverables.



	Articulate design designer and greate a diamy describing learning
	Articulate design decisions and create a diary describing learning experiences. (This is an essential component of the course project.)
Computer Science (COMP) 361	Explain approaches to systems development and how to manage a software development project.
Systems Analysis and Design	Gather data to analyze and specify the requirements of a system.
_	Design system components and environments.
Revision 9	Build general and detailed models that assist programmers in implementing a system.
	Design a database for storing data, a user interface for data input and output, and controls to protect the system and its data.
Computer Science (COMP) 372	Describe the major modern algorithms and selected techniques that are essential to today's computers.
Design and Analysis of Algorithms	Identify the key characteristics of a given problem and analyze the suitability of a specific algorithm design technique for the problem.
Revision 2	Apply the algorithms and design techniques to solve problems, typically using the following algorithms:
	<ul> <li>divide-and-conquer algorithms</li> <li>dynamic programming</li> <li>greedy algorithms</li> <li>graph algorithms</li> <li>number-theoretic algorithms</li> <li>NP-completeness</li> <li>approximation algorithms</li> </ul>
	Mathematically evaluate the quality of solutions from an algorithm.
	Implement an algorithmic solution for a given problem in high-level programming languages.
Computer Science (COMP) 378	Analyze an organization's needs regarding data, data organization, and data storage.
Introduction to	Apply principles of relational database design to build data models.
Database Management	Develop and implement database solutions.
Revision 10	Elaborate data storage and indexing options for optimal query processing.
	Perform basic database administration tasks.
	Analyze an organization's needs regarding data analytics, and design solutions using the concepts of data warehousing and NoSQL.
Computer Science (COMP) 390	Explain the core concepts of computer graphics, including viewing, projection, perspective, modelling, and transformation in two and three dimensions.



Computer Graphics	Apply the concepts of colour models, lighting and shading models, textures, ray tracing, hidden surface elimination, anti-aliasing, and
Revision 5	rendering.
	Interpret the mathematical foundation of the concepts of computer graphics.
	Describe the fundamentals of animation, parametric curves and surfaces, and spotlighting.
	Identify a typical graphics pipeline and apply graphics programming techniques to design and create computer graphics.
	Create effective OpenGL programs to solve graphics programming issues, including 3D transformation, objects modelling, colour modelling, lighting, textures, and ray tracing.
Computer Science (COMP) 400	Identify computer and information assets and the threats to the security of these assets.
Computer and Network Security	Explain how some cryptographic protocols, tools, and algorithms work, and where and how they can be used.
Revision 2	Explain how authentication and access control can be done in various computer and information systems and evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of those schemes and protocols.
	Use various security systems and tools to secure computer and information assets and to detect intrusions.
	Design new security protocols and tools for solving some network security problems.
	Collect evidence and take the steps to recover from an attack.
	Explain what security technology and techniques have been implemented in some popular computer and information systems.
	Discuss a variety of management issues related to computer and network security.
	Design and implement security policies and management-related measures for the security of computers and networks.
Computer Science (COMP) 410	Manage object-oriented and classical software construction projects including planning, scheduling, and risk assessment/management.
Software Engineering	Author software requirement documents with the appropriate content.
Revision 4	Author formal specifications for software systems.
	Demonstrate proficiency in rapid software development techniques.
	Identify specific components of a software design that can be targeted for reuse.
	Demonstrate proficiency in software development cost estimation.



	Author software-testing plans.
	Explain the direction of software engineering and technologies of the future.
Computer Science (COMP) 418	Explain the key concepts and techniques for database tuning and administration.
Distributed Database Systems and	Analyze and tune database systems for performance enhancement.
Database Tuning	Analyze and design distributed database systems.
Revision 5	Implement principles and techniques for database secure access and crash recovery.
Computer Science (COMP) 435	Identify the essential features of graphics/image data types, file formats, and colour models in images and video.
Multimedia Technologies	Explain the technical details of multimedia data representations.
Revision 2	Perform a comparative analysis of the major methods and algorithms for multimedia data compression.
	Explain the technical details of popular multimedia compression standards.
	Write code and develop a multimedia application using JAI and JMF.
	Explain the principles and technical details of several wired and wireless networking protocols.
	Configure and manage multimedia content delivery platforms.
	Identify the essential issues of quality of service in multimedia networking.
	Explain technical aspects of popular multimedia web applications, including VoD and VoIP.
Computer Science	Discuss robots in general, including the history and features of robots.
(COMP) 444 Embedded/Robotic Programming Revision 2	Describe robotic features including affectors, actuators, and control processes.
	Discuss robotic control mechanisms including feedback, architectures, deliberative, reactive, hybrid, behaviour-based, and coordination.
	Discuss emergent behaviour and distinguish this from normal robotic behaviour.
	Discuss robot learning in the context of current robots.
	Design and create robots to perform tasks from simple movement to complex interactions with the world.
	Explore robotic concepts with hands-on experiments using the Arduino.



	Articulate design decisions and create a diary describing learning experiences that form a portfolio of competence.
COMPLASS	Identify tasks that can be tackled using AI techniques.
(COMP) 452  Artificial Intelligence for Game Developers  Revision 3	Select the appropriate AI technique for the problem under investigation.
	Design and implement efficient and robust Al algorithms for game tasks.
	Develop AI game engines.
	Evaluate performance and test the implemented algorithms.
Computer Science	Discuss AI models and areas of application.
(COMP) 456	Elaborate upon different models for knowledge representation.
Artificial Intelligence Revision 6	Explain the fundamentals of expert systems and apply them to problem solving.
	Use graph theory and finite state machines to represent problems.
	Develop AI solutions for problem solving using heuristic strategies.
	Program Al systems using Prolog or Lisp.
COMPLAGE	Install, set up, and run web servers on a home network.
(COMP) 466 Advanced	Deploy web apps on a web server and web hosting services on the internet.
Technologies for Web- Based Systems	Analyze and design web-based systems to meet certain business needs.
Revision 7	Implement web apps using HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript.
	Implement Ajax-enabled web-based systems using HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript, JSON, and XML.
	Implement web-based systems using HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript, XML, MySQL, and PHP.
	Implement web-based systems using one of the following programming combinations:
	<ul> <li>HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript, XML, SQL, LINQ, and ASP.NET in C#.</li> <li>HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript, XML, SQL, LINQ, and ASP.NET in Visual Basic.</li> <li>HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript, XML, Java DB, and JSF.</li> </ul>
Computer Science (COMP) 470	Critically evaluate the operational features of core web protocols and standards.
Web Server Management	Make effective use of a range of server management tools and techniques.



Revision 2	Install and configure a Web-based server and associated software, both for static and dynamic delivery of Web content, to meet business requirements.  Establish a safe and secure web environment in accordance with security policies and legal requirements.  Effectively monitor and control the operations of a web server.  Research and evaluate new web technologies as and when they arise in the context of existing and historical technologies.
Computer Science (COMP) 482 Human Computer Interaction Revision 7	Explain the capabilities of both humans and computers from the viewpoint of human information processing.  Describe typical human–computer interaction (HCI) models and styles, as well as various historic HCI paradigms.  Apply an interactive design process and universal design principles to designing HCI systems.  Describe and use HCI design principles, standards, and guidelines.  Analyze and identify user models, user support, socio-organizational issues, and stakeholder requirements of HCI systems.  Discuss tasks and dialogs of relevant HCI systems based on task analysis and dialog design.  Analyze and discuss HCI issues in groupware, ubiquitous computing, virtual reality, multimedia, and Word Wide Web-related environments.
Computer Science (COMP) 486 Mobile and Internet Game Development Revision 3	Develop high-quality interactive games for mobile devices.  Apply fundamental game design and principles to create realistic animations.  Use Android's rich feature set in mobile game development.  Use OpenGL ES 2.0, a rich graphics library, with Android for mobile game development.  Describe all necessary concepts and knowledge of HTML, JavaScript, PHP for browser-based games and their backbone service development.  Use Ajax and JSON for data exchanging between a game and its backbone services.  Implement a secure data-transferring method with RSA keys.  Recognize existing JavaScript game libraries.  Develop a browser-based game.
Computer Science (COMP) 489	Analyze the essential features and reference model in distributed systems.



Distributed Computing	Identify the capacity requirements for distributed systems.
Revision 4	Design distributed application models in object-oriented approaches.
	Write multi-threaded programs in Java.
	Apply concurrency control and mutual exclusion mechanisms to programs.
	Write code using Java networking packages in distributed applications.
	Write code to access to relational database systems using JDBC API.
	Examine the security issues in distributed application and write code using Java Security API.
	Implement an integrated distributed application in a Java environment.
Computer Science	Course objectives:
(COMP) 494	Describe and associate terminologies used in Research Methods.
Research Methods Revision 2	Relate aspects of knowledge presented in an article and formulate opinions about its quality.
	Analyze data using sampling and measurement techniques to infer reliability and validity.
	Apply data collection techniques using various statistical methods.
	Apply datamining, simulation, optimization, and graphical modeling techniques.
	Assess and recommend research ethics practices.
	Formulate and assess survey research, correlational research, experimental research, action research, and qualitative research.
	Generalize research analysis techniques (e.g., content analysis, computational complexity, discourse analysis, conversational analysis, and longitudinal data analysis) in information sciences.
	Compose and assess research management issues and techniques.
	Course learning outcomes:
	Formulate research hypotheses.
	Review, compare and contrast research outcomes.
	Discriminate between different degrees of quality traits of a research article.
	Examine statistical methods to conduct data analysis and inference.
	Select computational techniques from information sciences for data analysis and inference.



tate different types of research to computational problems in s domains.  In mend research management techniques.  It courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
t courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
endent Study courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
e criminal victimization and describe the development of ology as a distinct field of study.
nize the sources and dangers of bias in victimology, and guard st it in your own involvement with victims of crime.
fy, locate, and interpret the various sources of data on criminal ization, and identify patterns of victimization.
be the victims of crimes and their victimizers and discuss the nics of the relationship between the two groups.
the role of the victim in crime.
late the position of the crime victim within the criminal justice n, both in the past and in the present.
nstrate awareness of the effects of being victimized through Il different types of crime, and explain victim behaviours, ing the phenomenon of multiple victimization.
eate societal responses to victims of crime and describe the types ress sought by and offered to victims.
ss the future of criminal victimization and services for victims of in Canada and apply the principles of restorative justice to ing issues for victims of crime.
t epidemiological research on violence, focusing on the ence of and risk factors for various forms of violence.
theories of crime and the various types of violence that are nt to the criminal justice system.
sychological approach to the study of criminal behaviour.



	Major approaches to violence risk assessment, including the strengths and limitations of discretionary (i.e., unstructured and structured professional judgement) and non-discretionary (i.e., actuarial) approaches.  The psychological underpinnings of various forms of crime and the psychological characteristics of various offender groups.
Criminal Justice	Understand the historical, social, and political shifts that have
(CRJS) 370	influenced how youth justice systems operate in Canada and abroad.
Youth Justice Revision 2	Understand the theoretical perspectives used to explain the criminal behaviour of youth.
	Grasp the distinction between youth crime and youth justice.
	Understand how we formally respond to youth crime.
	Appreciate the social injustices perpetuated within the youth justice system.
Criminal Justice (CRJS) 377	Explain how controlling information affects the functioning of democracy and the autonomy of individuals.
Issues in Access to Information and	Explain the tension that exists between information access and privacy.
Privacy Protection (Cross-listed with	Explain how new technologies are affecting the ability to collect, store, and disseminate information and describe the effect this is having on protecting privacy.
GOVN 377 & LGST 377) Revision 1	Discuss the central issues facing the access and privacy regulatory regimes in such diverse areas as information management, research, public safety, and social networking.
	Explain the evolution of regulatory regimes globally with reference to both past events and future possibilities.
Criminal Justice (CRJS) 385	Demonstrate understanding of the social and historical factors that shaped the development of policing in Canada.
Policing Revision 2	Identify and describe police culture and ethical issues in policing and police work.
	Identify, describe, and critically evaluate theories and models of policing.
	Identify, critically evaluate, and respond to the current debates and challenges in policing and police work.
	Develop skills in reading, writing, and critically evaluating empirical research, with emphasis on the development of strong central arguments supported by evidence.
Criminal Justice (CRJS) 480	Describe the Canadian correctional system, including the structure and operations of federal and provincial corrections.



Corrections and Penology	Outline and critically evaluate policies guiding correctional practices in Canada.
Revision 1	Outline theories of punishment and explain the purposes of punishment, including deterrence, incapacitation, rehabilitation, and retribution.
	Critically evaluate and discuss the current challenges of our colonial system in corrections, including systemic racism and structural inequalities.
	Develop skills in reading, writing, and critically evaluating empirical research, with emphasis on the development of strong central arguments supported by evidence.
Criminal Justice	Historical trends in offender rehabilitation.
(CRJS) 491	The dominant treatment models in contemporary correctional services
Offender Rehabilitation	How interventions strategies for offenders are evaluated and deemed to be "empirically validated."
Revision 3	The treatment needs of specific offender groups.
Criminal Justice (CRJS) 493	Explain and describe:
Risk Assessment and	Recent epidemiological research on violence, focusing on the prevalence of and risk factors for various forms of violence.
Threat Management Revision 1	Major theories of violence and the various types of violence that are relevant to the criminal justice system.
	Major approaches to violence risk assessment, including the strengths and limitations of discretionary (i.e., unstructured and structured professional judgment) and non-discretionary (i.e., actuarial) approaches.
	How to conduct comprehensive violence risk assessments in various contexts using popular guidelines and instruments.
	How to conduct comprehensive threat assessments.
	How to develop effective assessment-based plans for managing violence risk in various contexts.
Criminal Justice (CRJS) 494	Explain the importance of crime analysis to ethical decision making and effective policies and practices within the criminal justice system, specifically within policing,
Crime and Intelligence Analysis	Discuss the interdisciplinary nature of crime analysis within law
Revision 4	enforcement, and how the discipline of crime analysis contributes to the criminal justice system through the application of several differing roles and responsibilities,



	Describe the application of tactical and strategic analysis in law enforcement, and how tactical analysis informs intelligence-led policing,
	Critique models of policing and apply the acquired knowledge within the framework of the crime analysis discipline, and
	Explain the application of relevant criminological theories to the work of criminal intelligence analysis.
Criminal Justice (CRJS) 495	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Sex Crimes	
ECON: Economics	
Economics (ECON) 247	Describe how certain economic principles are derived.
Microeconomics	Explain specific economic principles and give examples of their application.
Revision 13	Select an appropriate principle and, given the relevant facts, apply it to derive a solution for an economic problem.
Economics (ECON) 248	Know economic definitions - for example, how economists use terms like investment, money, and unemployment.
Macroeconomics	Know economic facts - for example, what the powers and responsibilities of the Bank of Canada are.
Revision 11	Develop analytical tools - for example, know how economists determine the relationship between investment and unemployment.
	Have some understanding of mathematics.
Economics (ECON) 300	Explain key terms and concepts related to finance as a scientific discipline.
Financial Economics	Provide a comprehensive description of the players and functions of a financial system in a market-based economy.
(Cross-listed with FNCE 300)	Apply knowledge of the accounting information used for financial decision-marking, including numeric formulas and methods.
Revision 4	Apply cash flow evaluation methods to personal financial decision-marking in selected scenarios.
	Apply knowledge of capital budgeting principles.
	Apply the Law of One Price to bonds and common stocks evaluation.
	Apply the general principles and methods of financial risk management.



Economics (ECON) 330	Describe both the "business" view and the "workers" view on economic issues.
Workers and the Economy (Cross-listed with LBST 330) Revision 1	Discuss how the positions taken on economic issues are not neutral, but often depend on one's social position and ability to articulate their situation.
	Describe how economic ideas are used as a way of presenting different personal and societal interests.
	Explain why economic issues are often considered to be under the exclusive domain of business managers, company owners, politicians, and media pundits.
	Substitute the business view on economic issues with that of the working people.
	Describe the impact that workers' job performances, purchasing decisions, and their association with trade unions, political parties, and/or nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) has on the state of the economy.
	Describe how the business view and the workers' view of economics underlines different aspects of the economy and the conclusions each group reaches with respect to economic decision making.
	Select the appropriate tools, locate the correct information, and formulate appropriate arguments and analyses of various economic issues.
Economics (ECON) 357 Intermediate	Understand how individuals and businesses make choices in the face of scarcity, and how these choices change in response to variations in the economic landscape.
Microeconomics I  Revision 3	Describe key microeconomic principles and apply fundamental economic models.
Revision 5	Use basic problem-solving methods, such as calculating elasticities, determining market equilibrium, computing various types of costs, and identifying prices and quantities that maximize profits.
	Use algebraic and graphical techniques to illustrate and analyze different market structures, and how equilibrium is achieved.
	Explain how firms with market power can increase profits through strategies such as price discrimination and non-price competition.
Economics (ECON) 358	Identify and describe methods of computing aggregate output in the national income accounts.
Intermediate Microeconomics II	Explain how the equilibrium output, interest rate, and wages are determined using standard economic models.
Revision 2	Apply the <i>IS-LM</i> model to analyze macroeconomic outcomes and policy in the short run.



	Apply the AS-AD model to analyze macroeconomic outcomes and policy in the long run.
	Discuss the implications of exchange rate regimes on macroeconomic outcomes and policy.
	Derive the Phillips curve relation and discuss its implications for macroeconomic policy.
Economics (ECON) 366	Explain the broader meaning of <i>development</i> .
Economic	Discuss the development experiences and prospects of the countries in Africa, Latin America, and Asia.
Development Revision 7	Explain the very different levels of development and economic growth in countries around the world.
	Explain the relationships between growth and poverty, and growth and income distribution.
	Discuss how factors such as technological progress, population growth, urbanization, rural-urban migration, education, and health affect the process of development.
	Explain the relationships between international trade and development, and international capital flow and development.
Economics (ECON) 367 Intermediate	Describe how economic interactions affect general market conditions and explain the outcomes of strategic choices made by economic agents.
Microeconomics II Revision 3	Explain the effects of government policies on consumer behaviour, firm decision-making, and market dynamics, applying insights to issues like asymmetric information, externalities, public goods, and redistribution.
	Explain the successes and failures of government intervention in the market and articulate the role of public policies.
	Explain the characteristics of imperfectly competitive markets, and the concepts of <i>equilibrium</i> and <i>comparative statics analysis</i> .
	Discuss the fundamental game theory concepts, and assess the impacts of strategic and cooperative actions.
	Explain risk phenomena, and make decisions under risk and imperfect information conditions.
	Apply tools such as pricing strategies and present value analysis to inform business decisions.
Economics (ECON) 385	Outline the basic concepts of money, including role, types, and functions of money; types and roles of different kinds of markets; and ways in which payments system have evolved in Canada.
Money, Banking, and Canadian Financial Institutions	Describe the development, structure, and operations of various financial institutions, markets, instruments, and payments system in Canada.



Revision 8	Describe the concepts of present value, current yield, and yield to maturity, and explain how interest rates on bonds with different maturities are related.
	Describe the interrelationships among the various components of a financial system, the risks involved in financial intermediation services, and explain how financial intermediaries manage those risks.
	Explain the importance of financial regulations, including the role of the central bank in prudent supervision of financial intermediaries.
	Calculate the present value of money, future value of money, security prices, and investment yields, and understand how each is used in financial decision-making.
	Describe how the Bank of Canada implements its monetary policy and how the federal government's financial transactions affect domestic financial conditions.
	Describe the various approaches to the quantity theory of money, and explain the role and effectiveness of monetary policy according to these theoretical approaches.
	Describe the interrelationship between domestic and international economies through international payments accounts, foreign exchange rate markets, and interest rates.
	Outline the history of the international monetary system before 1939 and describe recent international monetary relations.
	Please note: For PLAR purpose, evidence of knowledge or experience in the following major topics can be considered:
	Money and the evolution of the payments system.
	Financial markets and interest rate dynamics.
	Financial institutions and regulation.
	Management of financial and risk management.
	Central banking and monetary policy.
	International finance and monetary policy.
Economics (ECON) 401	Explain the principles and terms associated with the globalization and describe the main forces that drive globalization.
The Changing Global Economy	Describe the influence of culture, politics, economics, and legal systems on international business activity.
Revision 10	Outline the opportunities and challenges facing less developed countries in the era of globalization.
	Navigate and describe the global monetary system and framework in which international business transactions are conducted.



Economics (ECON) 475 International Trade Revision 7	Explain the theories of international investment, foreign exchange, and determination of foreign exchange rates.  Describe the latest global financial crisis and outline its implications on international business.  Consider:  What determines the basis of trade?  What are the effects of trade?  What determines the value and the volume of trade?  What factors impede the flow of trade?
Economics (ECON) 476	What is the impact of public policy that attempts to alter the pattern of trade?  Know the basic principles of balance-of-payments accounting and discuss the concepts of "balance" in a country's balance of payments.
International Finance Revision 9	Understand and describe the nature, components, and functioning of the foreign exchange market, and to be able to explain the relationship between the foreign exchange market and financial markets.
	Understand and explain how money and asset markets influence and are influenced by the balance of payments and exchange rates.
	Understand and describe the manner in which changes in the exchange rate affect the current account, changes in the current account influence the aggregate macroeconomy, and changes in the macroeconomy influence the current account.
	Understand the working and application of the IS/LM/BP model and to be able to use the model to illustrate how domestic macroeconomic policy instruments can influence the open economy under a system of fixed exchange rates and under a flexible exchange rate system.
	Understand and explain how trade and international payments influence the macroeconomy when prices are flexible.
	Understand and describe the determinants of the exchange rate and to be able to discuss alternative exchange rate regimes.
	Know the desirable features of an effective international monetary system, analyze the characteristics and problems of the Bretton Woods system, and evaluate the current international monetary arrangements with respect to the difficulties that they face.
EDPY: Educational Psychology	
Educational Psychology (EDPY) 200	Identify and describe the different types of research used in educational psychology and discuss the role that theories, hypotheses, and predictions play in research.



Educational
Psychology

Discuss cognitive development and contrast Piaget's and Vygotsky's theories of development.

#### Revision 5

Discuss social development and the factors that influence it: describe social systems, stages of psychosocial development, and stages of moral development.

Use person-first language when discussing exceptional students and describe common student disabilities and ways in which teachers may assist them.

Describe language and its acquisition and discuss bilingual language development. Describe language learning (in school or later life; not native acquisition) and teaching approaches based on immersion and bilingual instruction.

Discuss cultural diversity in Canadian schools and describe the ways in which students can differ with respect to socioeconomic status, ethnic and racial differences, gender identity, etc.

Describe and contrast different views of learning based on conditioning and reinforcement, cognitive processing and memory, and constructivist perspectives (individual and social).

Describe forms of complex cognition including metacognition, the use of learning strategies, and problem-solving. Discuss the concept of transfer and explain its significance for teaching.

Describe several perspectives and theories of motivation—needs and interests, self-efficacy, epistemological beliefs, attribution theory, and goal orientation—and discuss how motivation affects student learning.

Discuss factors that affect the quality and use of student assessment and ways of ensuring fairer assessment practices. Describe some ways in which grades and evaluation may affect students, especially with respect to their motivation to learn.

## Educational Psychology (EDPY) 310

Explain what educational psychology is and discuss its potential role in improving education.

## Learning and Instruction

Describe and contrast the behaviourist and cognitive approaches to research on learning and instruction.

## (Cross-listed with PSYC 310)

Describe the concept of learning from each of the behaviourist and cognitive approaches with respect to three metaphors of learning.

### Revision 3

Describe the types of knowledge and the types of understanding a learner can achieve and provide relevant examples of each. Explain which approaches to learning would typically result in knowledge and which approaches would result in understanding and outline the underlying implications.

Explain the concept of transfer with respect to a positive/negative continuum and general/specific continuum.

Discuss transfer with respect to behaviourist and cognitive approaches.



	Describe how the cognitive processes of selecting (new) information, organizing this information, and integrating new information with existing knowledge produces understanding, and describe how these processes interact with the three memory stores.
	Describe the prior knowledge and cognitive processes involved in learning how to read (fluently and for comprehension) and write, and in learning mathematics and science, and discuss their instructional implications.
	Describe, differentiate, and produce typical measures (tasks or items) used to assess different types of learning and understanding (e.g., literal/retention, inference, and transfer questions).
	Describe the following general instructional approaches and indicate their efficacy in promoting learning: providing feedback, providing concrete examples and activities, providing worked out examples and cases, guiding cognitive processes, strategy instruction, and cognitive apprenticeship.
	Discuss how self-efficacy, (self) attributions, and goal-orientation may affect students' motivation to learn and their approach to learning.
Educational Psychology (EDPY) 351	Identify and describe effective services and models for supporting students with diverse needs in inclusive classrooms.
Inclusive Education for Students with Diverse Needs	Describe the process of developing an appropriate individualized education program (IEP) for a student with diverse learning needs.
Revision 8	Discuss characteristics, informal assessment strategies, classroom adaptations/accommodations, and effective inclusive practices for a broad range of students with learning challenges, including communication disorders, learning disabilities, AD/HD, emotional and behavioural disorders, intellectual disabilities, autism, fetal alcohol spectrum disorder, sensory impairments, and traumatic brain injury, as well as students at risk and students with gifts and talents.
	Discuss effective classroom management practices to support students with diverse learning needs.
	Develop case studies that describe how educational professionals can arrange for assessment, adaptations and accommodations, and classroom teaching and management to ensure differentiated instruction for all students with diverse learning needs in the classroom.
	Describe positive strategies for communicating with and involving families of students with diverse needs in the education of their child.
Educational	Explain the definitions, themes, characteristics, contributing factors,
Psychology (EDPY) 389	related to learning disabilities and associated challenges.  Identify assessment strategies and describe the different assessment
Learning Disabilities: Issues and	tools that are available.
Interventions	Analyze the contributions of theorists developing an understanding of how to teach students with learning disabilities.



(Cross-listed with PSYC 389)	Discuss issues in the field of learning disabilities and their impact on young children, adolescents, and adults.
Revision 5	Develop case studies complete with assessment and intervention strategies.
	Find and critically assess reading material and online content related to learning disabilities.
	Integrate theory, research, and professional practice within the field of learning disabilities.
Educational	Discuss the reasoning behind the construction of tests
Psychology (EDPY) 469	Critically examine test construction methods
Principles of Psychological	Describe the appropriate use of tests and the various legal and ethical issues involved
Assessment	Critically discuss issues related to testing and assessment
(Cross listed with PSYC 469)	Discuss the nature and ethical uses of psychological testing, including its origins and history
Revision 6	Explain the importance of psychological assessment, including reliability, validity, norms, test standardization, and test development
	Describe individual and group tests of intelligence and achievement, including uses, characteristics, and applications for testing special populations
	Identify the different theories of personality corresponding to objective personality measures, such as the MMPI-2
	Identify the different theories of personality corresponding to subjective personality measures, such as the Rorschach Inkblot Test
	Describe assessment of normal personality traits using measures such as the Myers-Briggs Type Indicator
	Analyze the approaches to neuropsychological assessment and the supplemental information gathered when completing a neuropsychological evaluation
	Select the appropriate psychological tests to measure presenting psychological issues in a case study
	Discuss applications of testing to various settings such as industrial, occupational, forensic, and neurological
	Apply the use of psychological testing as it relates to the law, including legal cases from the school systems, Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and legal issues in employment
	This course is designed to provide students with the background to be a B-level test administrator.



Educational Psychology (EDPY) 470	Explain consultation, collaboration, and collaborative consultation.
	Discuss the various consultation models and professional practices.
Consultation and Collaboration for Students with Special Needs (Cross-listed with PSYC 470) Revision 5	Describe the components of effective consultation and collaboration.
	Illustrate effective problem-solving in consultation and collaboration.
	Outline effective communication and interpersonal skills for consultation and collaboration.
	Describe the legal and ethical issues in consultation and collaboration.
	Discuss effective strategies for consulting about students with academic skills problems and/or social, emotional, and/or behavioural problems.
	Discuss systems-level consultation and summarize the steps in the RIOT process.
	Outline strategies for transition planning in consultation and collaboration.
Educational Psychology (EDPY) 471	Outline the primary conceptual approaches to emotional and behavioural disorders (EBDs).
Supporting Children	Discuss the role of an effective teacher of students with EBDs.
and Youth with	Describe the causal factors of EBDs and possible preventions.
Emotional and Behavioural	Outline how EBDs are defined and the issues with defining EBDs.
Challenges (Cross-listed with PSYC 471) Revision 5	Define and describe the characteristics of types of disordered behaviour.
	Identify the primary approaches to intervention and education for each type of EBD.
	Describe the issues with measurement, screening, and identification of EBDs.
	Search for, find, evaluate, and share resources on EBDs.
	Develop case studies that include instructional and assessment strategies that are appropriate for the specific emotional and behavioural challenges of students with EBDs.
Educational Psychology (EDPY) 476	Participate in identifying assistive technology needs of students with special needs.
Technology for Students with Diverse Learning Needs Revision 6	Access appropriate assistive technology resources.
	Participate in a multi-disciplinary team assessment.
	Implement assistive technology in the classroom or other educational settings.



	Participate in an evaluation of the effectiveness of assistive technology.
Educational Psychology (EDPY) 478	Explain the characteristics, diagnosis, and theorized etiologies of Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD).
Autism Spectrum Disorder	Discuss evidence-based practices and the different interventions available for individuals with ASD to assess their efficacy.
(Cross-listed with PSYC 478)	Describe the effect ASD can have in families throughout their lifespan and identify ways to support the family.
Revision 3	Describe functional behaviour analysis and how antecedents and consequences influence behaviour.
	Discuss common characteristics associated with ASD in the areas of communication, socialization, daily living, play, motor development, sexuality, and academics.
	Discuss the use of assistive technology for individuals with ASD.
	Describe evidence-based planning practices to promote successful transition to adulthood.
Educational Psychology (EDPY) 480	Develop an understanding of meaningful learning, authentic learning, and transfer.
	Define a learning problem that you wish to address in your project.
Learning with Technology	Discuss how modern technologies influence learning and instruction.
Revision 2	Explore some technologies that can be used in instruction, especially those that students can use to learn with.
	Develop rationales for instructional designs and selection of appropriate technologies.
	Design lessons to address a learning problem of your choice using different technologies.
EDUC: Education	
Education (EDUC) 201	Give reasons as to why you want to become a teacher.
The Profession of Teaching	Explain the importance of classroom management and discipline to successful teaching and learning.
Revision 5	Discuss how what is to be taught is determined.
	Explain what it means to teach and suggest guidelines for effective teaching.
	Discuss what it means to learn and outline ways in which teachers can enhance student understanding of intended learning goals.
	Discuss the policy of inclusion and the arguments for and against.
	Explain the importance of renewing Aboriginal education.
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	Explain the importance of planning to successful teaching and learning.
	Analyze the role of assessment in teaching and learning and provide recommendations as to how it should be carried out.
	Evaluate the potential role of computers in education.
	Discuss some of the key issues facing teachers.
	Outline the complexity, challenges, and rewards of teaching, with specific reference to the first-year experience.
Education (EDUC) 309	Critically discuss the foundations of adult education.
The Purposes of Adult Education	Describe the dominant theoretical perspectives in adult education and relate them to practice.
Revision 3	Identify and discuss the key social, economic, political, and technological issues that currently affect adult education.
	Analyze an adult education issue using an integrated approach.
	Discuss how adult education theory relates to distance education.
	Express an informed, critical perspective on the purpose of Canadian adult education in a global context.
Education (EDUC) 317  Training and Development in Organizations	After completing this course, you should have an understanding of both the theory and practice of organizational training and development. Specifically, you will be able to:  Plan and conduct a training needs analysis.
Revision 3	Apply various theories of learning and motivation to enhance the effectiveness of training.
	Design a training program, including writing learning objectives and selecting appropriate training methods.
	Identify and remedy barriers to training transfer.
	Design a plan to evaluate the effectiveness of training.
ENGL: English	
English (ENGL) 211	Demonstrate proficiency in the skills of close reading in relation to the assigned short stories and novels.
Prose Forms	
Revision 7	Develop thoughtful, insightful, well-written, and well-supported critical analyses of literature in essay form.
	Demonstrate a clear understanding of a range of key concepts in literary studies as these concepts relate to the assigned texts.
	Demonstrate a clear understanding of the ways in which particular concerns and ideas are represented through both the form and the content of the assigned texts.



English (ENGL) 212	Identify and discuss the major literary forms in poetry and drama.
Poetry and Plays	Discuss the relationship between form and content in written word.
Revision 2	Discuss the similarities and differences in style and theme in the works of a wide range of authors.
	Be able to critically analyse, evaluate, and enjoy literature.
	Have improved reading and writing skills.
English (ENGL) 255	Summarize, quote, and paraphrase.
Introductory Composition	Use effective research methods and proper citation techniques.
Revision 10	Adapt to various writing requirements that call for a variety of rhetorical modes.
	Think and write critically.
	Write effective essays that meet first-year university expectations for content, organization, style, mechanics, and grammar.
English (ENGL) 302	Evaluate the concerns at stake in conceiving the field of Canadian literature itself as well as its trajectories over time.
Introduction to Canadian Literature (6 credits)	Apply the skills of close reading in relation to the assigned texts while also assessing the existing secondary criticism on particular works.
Revision 5	Assess the ways in which particular texts approach cultural assumptions and concepts such as those associated with national identity, voice, power, perspective, representation, ideology, race, gender, Indigeneity, colonization, multiculturalism, the environment, and other concerns.
	Analyze the ways in which relevant literary concepts such as theme, metaphor, irony, point of view, form, genre, and others operate within specific texts.
	Create thoughtful, articulate, original critical analyses of the assigned texts, surprising your instructor with new insights.
English (ENGL) 303  A History of Drama – Part I: Early Stages	Trace the history of the drama of the Western world from its beginnings in the religious festivals of Greece to the period following the English Restoration in the late seventeenth and early eighteenth centuries.
Revision 3	Describe the structure of the theatre as it changed to meet the requirements of the society and the drama.
	Examine the 'forms of drama' in terms of their social and historical contexts.
	Analyse individual plays as text and as theatre, in terms of themes, characterization, style, imagery, structure, and setting.
	Develop an awareness of how the text might be dramatized.



English (ENGL) 304  A History of Drama – Part II: Modernist Theatre	Provide an introduction to theoretical terms such as "modernism," "postmodernism," and "postcolonialism" in the context of nineteenth and twentieth century Western drama.
	Examine the innovative theatrical forms developed in response to political, psychological, and epistemological changes.
Revision 2	Consider the ways in which social and political assumptions are interrogated through theatre.
	Analyse individual plays as text and as theatre, in terms of ideas, characterization, dialogue, stage and verbal imagery, and structure.
	Develop an awareness of how the text might be dramatized.
English (ENGL) 305	Read, understand, and enjoy several significant literary works for children.
Literature for Children (6 credits)	Achieve a general overview of children's literature and acquire an historical perspective on its development.
Revision 3	Develop an appreciation of the techniques of artistry in language.
	Develop an appreciation of each work as an individual work with its own formal integrity.
	Recognize some of the more common weaknesses of children's books and the reasons for these weaknesses.
	Develop standards by which to evaluate children's books and picture-book illustrations.
	Build critical judgment in selecting books of literary merit for children.
	Improve the critical tools and communication skills acquired in your introductory (junior) literature course.
	Increase your interest in, and ability to read, literature.
	Increase your knowledge and understanding of yourself and others through your experience with children's literature.
	In print copy of Student Manual are these specific objectives:
	Identify specific literary techniques as they occur in the works.
	Identify works and authors by means of their form, style, content and context.
	Summarize (paraphrase, outline) the plots and thematic concerns of works.
	Analyse works from the perspective of their literary elements, including narrative point of view, characterization, plot, theme, setting, atmosphere, style, structure, and organization.



	Analyse interrelationships among, and relative importance of, literary elements in a work.
	Evaluate the effectiveness of the techniques used in a work and analyse its strengths and weaknesses.
	Recognize recurring themes, literary devices, and elements in the works.
	Compare and contrast works studied.
	Participate in informed and thoughtful discussion of children's literature.
	Develop the skills necessary to write literary criticism in the form of essays with correct grammar, a lucid style, and a coherent and sustained argument that makes use of evidence from the primary text(s).
English (ENGL) 306	Read, understand, and enjoy several significant examples of the literature of work.
The Literature of Work	Achieve a general overview of work literature.
Revision 1	Develop an appreciation of the techniques of artistry in language.
	Develop an appreciation of each work as an individual work with its own formal integrity.
	Develop an understanding of the strengths and weaknesses of the various genres of writing (for example, poetry, fiction, drama, autobiography).
	Improve the critical tools and communication skills acquired in your introductory (junior) literature course.
	Increase your interest in, and ability to read, literature.
	Increase knowledge and understanding of yourself and others through your experience with the literature of work.
	Specific objectives include:
	Identify specific literary techniques as they occur in the works studied.
	Identify works and authors by means of their form, style, content, and context.
	Summarize (paraphrase, outline) the plots and thematic concerns of works.
	Analyse works from the perspective of their literary elements, including narrative point of view, characterization, plot, theme, setting, atmosphere, style, structure, and organization.
	Analyse interrelationships among, and relative importance of, literary elements in a work.



	Evaluate the effectiveness of the techniques used in a work and analyse
	its strengths and weaknesses.
	Recognize recurring themes, literary devices, and elements in the works.
	Compare and contrast the works studied.
	Participate in informed and thoughtful discussion of the literature of work.
	Develop the skills necessary to write literary criticism in the form of essays with correct grammar, a lucid style, and a coherent and sustained argument that makes use of evidence from the primary text(s).
English (ENGL) 307  Women in Literature	Determine how social attitudes have shaped perceptions of women in literature, and women's perceptions of themselves.
Revision 2	Interrogate women's texts in terms of gynocriticism (women-centred criticism) in order to counter patriarchal critical assumptions about literature.
	Examine how women writers have been empowered by their precursors and contemporaries.
	Deconstruct traditional images of women.
	Ascertain patterns of women's self-discovery and self-assertion in three novels.
	Trace the matrilinear motifs in women's writing.
	Determine the social and literary significance of the roles in which women are cast.
	Analyse how women writers have used language and silence in order to subvert patriarchal discourse.
	Determine how women express distinctively female experiences.
	Investigate how the margins are being redefined in women's writing, and how the canonical centre is being relocated or undermined.
English (ENGL) 308	Demonstrate familiarity with Indigenous literature in Canada, including its origins, diversity, and contemporary forms.
Indigenous Literature in Canada	Examine the cultural aesthetics surrounding the tradition of oral storytelling and its connection to contemporary Indigenous literature.
Revision 5	Demonstrate an understanding of the legacy of the residential school system and its expression in literature.
	Analyze the values, politics, and concerns addressed in works of Indigenous literature.



	Assess the use of literary elements such as theme, symbolism, and poetic devices in the assigned works.
English (ENGL) 316	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Approaches to Literary Theory and Criticism	
English (ENGL) 324 Shakespeare I	Explore and explain Shakespeare's text, showing that you can read a modern edition of the plays with sensitivity.
Revision 3	Describe the way that the stage and the physical action on it contribute to your understanding of the plays.
	Be aware of the ways in which different readings and performances of the plays interpret, illuminate, or modify our understanding of the text.
	Discuss Shakespeare's characterization.
	Illustrate Shakespeare's use of dramatic structure and convention.
	Refer where necessary in your discussion of his plays to the society and the beliefs of his time.
	Be aware of the way the texts of the plays have been transmitted to the modern reader.
	Discuss Shakespeare's exploration of the great themes of human experience: power, justice, love, death.
	Especially towards the end of the course, become aware of the way that modern theoretical approaches can illuminate and challenge the texts.
English (ENGL) 325 Shakespeare II	Explore and explain Shakespeare's text, showing that you can read a modern edition of the plays with sensitivity.
Revision 1	Describe the way that the stage and the physical action on it contribute to your understanding of the plays.
	Be aware of the ways in which different readings and performances of the plays interpret, illuminate, or modify our understanding of the text.
	Discuss Shakespeare's characterization.
	Illustrate Shakespeare's use of dramatic structure and convention.
	Refer where necessary in your discussion of his plays to the society and the beliefs of his time.
	Be aware of the way the texts of the plays have been transmitted to the modern reader.
	Discuss Shakespeare's exploration of the great themes of human experience: power, justice, love, death.



	Especially towards the end of the course, become aware of the way that modern theoretical approaches can illuminate and challenge the text.
English (ENGL) 341	Evaluate historical developments and prominent topics in world literature.
World Literature  Revision 3	Apply close reading and research skills to consider assigned texts and course topics.
	Assess how thematic resources in course texts communicate cultural practices.
	Analyze how literary concepts operate within specific texts.
	Reflect on the relationship between world literature and modern life.
	Create thoughtful, articulate, original critical analyses of one (or more) assigned texts.
English (ENGL) 344  American Literature I	Read and understand a variety of significant American literary works up to the end of the nineteenth century.
Revision 7	Acquire a general overview of American literature to the end of the nineteenth century and a historical perspective on that literature's development.
	Develop an appreciation of the techniques used by writers in various literary genres.
	Develop an appreciation of each work as an individual work with its own formal integrity.
	Improve the critical tools and communication skills acquired in previous literature courses.
	Increase your interest in, and ability to read, literature.
	Increase your knowledge and understanding of themselves and others through your experience with American literature to the end of the nineteenth century.
	Improve your understanding of the United States, its people, and its culture.
	Acquire a good knowledge and skills base for proceeding to further literary studies, particularly to Athabasca University's English 345: American Literature II.
	Develop basic research skills, including integration of secondary material and documentation of sources.
	Specific course objectives.
	Identify specific literary forms and techniques as they occur in the works.
	Identify works and authors by means of their form, style, and content.
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Summarize (paraphrase, outline) the plots and thematic concerns of works.

Analyse works from the perspective of their literary elements, including narrative point of view, characterization, plot, theme, setting, atmosphere, style, imagery, structure, and organization.

Analyse interrelationships among, and relative importance of, literary elements in a work.

Evaluate the effectiveness of the techniques used in a work, and analyse the work's strengths and weaknesses.

Recognize recurring themes, literary devices, and elements in the works.

Compare and contrast the works studied.

Participate in informed and thoughtful discussion of American literature to the end of the nineteenth century.

Develop the skills necessary to write literary criticism in the form of essays with correct grammar, a lucid style, and a coherent and sustained argument that makes use of evidence from the primary text(s).

# English (ENGL) 345

## General objectives:

## American Literature II

## Revision 3

Read, understand, and enjoy a variety of significant American literary works to the turn of the nineteenth century.

Acquire a general overview of American literature to the turn of the nineteenth century and an historical perspective on its development.

Develop an appreciation of the techniques of artistry in language as expressed through several literary genres.

Develop an appreciation of each work as an individual work with its own formal integrity.

Improve the critical tools and communication skills acquired in your previous literature course(s).

Increase your interest in, and ability to read, literature.

Increase your knowledge and understanding of yourselves and others through your experience with American literature to the turn of the nineteenth century.

Improve your understanding of the United States, its people and cultures.

Acquire a good knowledge and skills base for proceeding to further literary studies.

Specific objectives:



	Identify specific literary techniques as they occur in the works.
	Identify works and authors by means of their form, style, content and context.
	Summarize (paraphrase, outline) the plots and thematic concerns of works.
	Analyse works from the perspective of their literary elements, including narrative point of view, characterization, plot, theme, setting, atmosphere, style, structure, and organization.
	Analyse interrelationships among, and relative importance of, literary elements in a work.
	Evaluate the effectiveness of the techniques used in a work and analyse its strengths and weaknesses.
	Recognize recurring themes, literary devices, and elements in the works.
	Compare and contrast the works studied.
	Participate in informed and thoughtful discussion of American literature.
	Develop the skills necessary to write literary criticism in the form of essays with correct grammar, a lucid style, and a coherent and sustained argument that makes use of evidence from the primary text(s).
English (ENGL) 351	Develop an understanding of cultural diversity in Canada with special emphasis on Quebec writing.
Comparative Canadian Literature I Revision 1	Read, understand, and enjoy a number of significant works of English- Canadian and French-Canadian literature.
	Acquire a critical knowledge of literary themes, motifs, structures, narratives, points of view, and values typical of various regions of Canada.
	Acquire an historical perspective of the development of literature in English and French Canada.
	Identify the common elements in the works of various Canadian authors, be they English, French, or immigrant.
	Consider questions of national conflict as they are reflected in works of literature.
	Understand the place of Canadian literature in the world context.
	Develop communication skills in essays and research papers.
English (ENGL) 353	Understand and define the concepts of "essay," "standard formal English," "primary source," "secondary source"; different types of essays (expository, contemplative, compare-and-contrast, persuasive,



Intermediate Composition	research); the writing process; and know where to go to access general information about writing.
Revision 4	Distinguish between the various types of essays and organizational structures of each.
	Write various kinds of essays (expository, contemplative, compare-and-contrast, persuasive, research) and write a research proposal.
	Exercise the mechanics found within various kinds of essays, e.g., comparing by analogy, creating cohesion and coherence in sentences, using emphasis, recognizing fallacies, and write concisely.
	Explain how writing style relates to ethics and identify ethical methods of appealing to emotion.
	Understand and apply the concepts of bibliographies, conduct bibliographic research, and know how to use parenthetical referencing according to MLA documentation style.
	Understand what plagiarism is.
English (ENGL) 361	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Literature of the Harlem Renaissance	
English (ENGL) 380	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Writing Poetry	
English (ENGL) 381	Read and understand literary texts.
Creative Writing in	Write prose fiction and produce finished texts.
Prose	Further develop skills in literary analysis.
Revision 1	Develop skills in self-criticism of one's own writing.
	Further develop writing skills.
	Develop an appreciation of the short story form.
	Learn about the work of authors from around the world.
	Develop a sensitivity to language.
	Learn to work independently and within given parameters.
English (ENGL) 384	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Writing Creative Non- Fiction	
English (ENGL) 387	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
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Writing Speculative Fiction	
English (ENGL) 393	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The Early Twentieth- Century English Novel	
English (ENGL) 395	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The Nineteenth- Century English Novel	
(6 credits)	
English (ENGL) 423	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Advanced Literary Theory	
English (ENGL) 431 Indigenous and	Trace the history of dramatic rituals in Indigenous cultures, the development of Canadian drama, and the formation of a "national" drama.
Canadian Drama Revision 4	Analyze recurrent or distinctive themes in Canadian drama since 1967, and ascertain to what extent these express regional, cultural, or national concerns.
	Describe the concerns of Indigenous and Canadian drama since 1967.
	Compare the stylistic strategies used by Indigenous and Canadian dramatists (realist, expressionist, absurdist, filmic, etc.).
	Identify the styles and themes unique to individual playwrights and compare and contrast these with the styles and themes of others.
	Describe the multiplicity of perspectives—including Québécois, feminist, LGBTQ2S, settler, colonized, immigrant, diasporic—that are operative in contemporary Indigenous and Canadian drama and theatre.
	Analyze the function of character, plot, and set in sixteen Canadian plays.
	Critically evaluate published articles and reviews of Indigenous and Canadian drama in order to arrive at your own understanding of the above issues.
English (ENGL) 458	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The Latin American Novel	
English (ENGL) 460	Evaluate the concerns at stake within the field of the environmental humanities.



The Ecological Imagination Revision 2	Assess the role of literature and imaginative representation in responding to ecological complexity, including scrutiny of whose voices are heard or silenced.  Apply the skills of close reading and secondary research in order to assess the ways in which the assigned texts approach cultural assumptions and concepts associated with the environment.  Analyze the ways in which relevant literary concepts such as theme, metaphor, irony, point of view, form, genre, and others operate within specific texts.  Create thoughtful, articulate, original critical analyses of the assigned texts and concepts (and of their own activities), surprising themselves and their instructor with new insights.
English (ENGL) 481	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Writing the Body in Motion: Canadian Sport Literature	
English (ENGL) 482	Build on writing skills including clarity, fluency, vividness and accuracy.
Advanced Fiction Writing	Develop skills necessary to write longer works, including profluence, tension, and structure.
Revision 1	Learn the basics of conceptualization of a novel or novella.
	Sharpen critical thinking and critical reading skills.
	Practice the skills needed to self-edit, as well as the ability to critique and edit the writing of others.
	Recognize the personal qualities needed to be an effective writer.
	Acquire the intellectual and practical training needed to pursue a writing career.
	Enhance language skills as part of a well-rounded education.
	Polish effective communication skills.
English (ENGL) 491	Directed Study courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Directed Studies in Literature	
English (ENGL) 492	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Research and Writing Projects in Literature	
ENGL: English Langu	age and Writing Skills



English Language and Writing Skills (ENGL) 140	Zero credit courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Grammar	
(0 credits)	
English Language and Writing Skills (ENGL) 145	Zero credit courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Reading and Writing for Academic Purposes	
(0 credits)	
English Language and Writing Skills (ENGL)	Shape your writing in accordance with audience and purpose.
155	Use effective theses and topic sentences to focus on main ideas.
Developing Writing Skills	Use effective organization and linking devices to develop ideas coherently.
(No Area of Study)	Use acceptable grammar, punctuation, and sentence structure.
Revision 15	Use appropriate and effective vocabulary.
English Language and Writing Skills (ENGL) 177	Improve listening, reading, writing, note-taking, test-taking, and critical thinking skills needed for academic success.
English for Academic Purposes	Perform exercises and activities that develop interpersonal, academic, and language skills necessary to ease the transition from ENGL 177 to the university environment.
(No Area of Study) Revision 1	Become independent, confident, successful learners, not only of English but in their chosen academic field.
Revision	Understand the vocabulary and structure of the English language as it is used in a variety of academic disciplines.
	Develop critical skills of self-evaluation.
	Deal with academic reading and writing tasks.
English Language and Writing Skills (ENGL)	Objectives:
189	To improve the listening, reading, writing, and critical thinking skills needed for academic success.
English for Business	To help you perform discipline-appropriate exercises and activities to
(No Area of Study)	develop the interpersonal, academic, and language skills necessary to
Revision 3	succeed in a university or college environment.
	To provide you with basic information on economics and business to prepare you for further business studies.



To give you practice in learning strategies that will enable you to become an independent, confident, and successful learner of business studies and business writing.

To enable you to practice rhetorical methods of writing development that are common in business writing and correspondence.

To help you understand the vocabulary and structure of the English language as it is used in academic writing.

To develop your critical skills of self-evaluation.

To provide you with the skills to deal with large quantities of academic reading and writing.

## **ENSC: Environmental Science**

Environmental Science (ENSC) 200	Recognize and use the appropriate scientific vocabulary for describing and analyzing issues in environmental science.
Introductory	Describe the connections among elements of an environmental system.
Environmental Science	Assess basic scientific evidence about environmental issues and

Quantitatively describe the effects of your personal activities on the environment, including your carbon footprint.

interpret data about the environmental impacts of human activities.

Observe your local environment as part of broader scientific studies, such as citizen science projects.

Environmental	
Science (ENSC)	
495/496	

Revision 4

Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.

Environmental Science Projects

# **ENTP: Entrepreneurship**

Entrepreneurship	Describe the concept of entrepreneurship and assess your personal fit
(ENTP) 212	for undertaking an entrepreneurial business venture.

Entrepreneurship Identify, generate, and evaluate ideas for new business ventures.

Identify and describe the primary entry strategies and the risks associated with each.

This course is temporarily closed. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.

Conduct a market assessment for a new venture idea, which includes a description of the product or service offering and details of strategies for pricing, promotion, and distribution.

Conduct a financial assessment for a new venture idea, which includes the development of pro forma financial statements.

Develop a two-part comprehensive feasibility study that includes an overview of your business concept, a detailed description of your

**Revision 9** 



	market and competition, a marketing plan, a financial plan, and a concluding discussion regarding future plans regarding your new business.
ENVS: Environmenta	al Studies
Environmental Studies (ENVS) 200 Introduction to Environmental Studies	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Environmental Studies (ENVS) 305 Environmental Impact Assessment	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Environmental Studies (ENVS) 343 Global Environmental Change (Cross-listed with GLST 343) Revision 2	Explain major biogeochemical cycles and identify some of the key ways they are impacted by specific global environmental change processes.  Discuss the key components of complex systems theory and apply a systems lens to global environmental change issues to describe their integrated complexity.  Identify the key relationships between the local, regional, and global dimensions of environmental change issues.  Apply a political ecology analysis to global environmental change issues to explain how the structural dynamics within socioecological systems create effects that are unequal, not only in generating wealth and health disparities but also in exacting environmental and social burdens.  Apply an integrated global studies, systems, and political ecology analytical frame to undertake a case study of a specific socioecological problem.  Communicate effectively, and document and reflect on the processes used to plan, monitor, and assess their understanding and performance in the course.
Environmental Studies (ENVS) 435  Transformative Change in Building Sustainable Communities	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Environmental Studies (ENVS) 461	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.



"Hatchet and Seed" – Tools of Political Ecology	
FNCE: Finance	
Finance (FNCE) 249	Interpret and explain personal financial statements and the budgeting process.
Personal Investing	Perform basic financial mathematics calculations.
Revision 7	Analyze and interpret industry and economic factors that affect financial markets.
	Explain basic investment concepts and terminology.
	Assess risk and return potential for various types of securities, including stocks and bonds.
	Develop and manage a simple investment portfolio.
	Contrast various investment approaches and styles.
Finance (FNCE) 300 Financial Economics	Explain key terms and concepts related to finance as a scientific discipline.
(Cross-listed with ECON 300)	Provide a comprehensive description of the players and functions of a financial system in a market-based economy.
Revision 4	Apply knowledge of the accounting information used for financial decision-marking, including numeric formulas and methods.
	Apply cash flow evaluation methods to personal financial decision-marking in selected scenarios.
	Apply knowledge of capital budgeting principles.
	Apply the Law of One Price to bonds and common stocks evaluation.
	Apply the general principles and methods of financial risk management
Finance (FNCE) 322 Personal Finance Revision 7	Explain the concepts relevant to comprehensive personal financial planning.
	Describe common products (such as investments, insurance products, credit facilities, and legal documents) available within the financial services industry.
	Analyze individual and family financial circumstances and recommend appropriate strategies to achieve goals within a personal finance context.
	Apply the knowledge gained in this course to enhance current and future client relationships within the financial planning and investment advisory industries.



	Differentiate between ethical and unethical practices in the financial services industry.
Finance (FNCE) 323	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Personal Finance II	
Finance (FNCE) 350	Explain the risk management process and the various categories of risk.
Insurance and Personal Risk Management	Identify ethical issues faced in the insurance and financial services industry and the federal and provincial regulatory bodies in Canada.
Revision 2	Discuss the two systems of law in Canada: civil law and common law.
Revision 2	Assess the advantages and disadvantages of personal insurance and how it plays an important role in the financial planning process.
	Explain the basic terminology within an insurance policy.
	Differentiate between insurance categories and the protection against financial losses: life and health, auto, homeowners, and commercial.
	Explain the difference between social insurance and private insurance.
	Assess the advantages and disadvantages of an insurance contract.
	Complete a needs analysis before recommending life insurance.
	Discuss the various operations of an insurance company and how basic insurance rates are calculated.
	Analyze and assess an individual's insurance and finance needs, and if required propose an appropriate insurance solution.
Finance (FNCE) 370	Solve practical financial problem in corporate finance.
Overview of Corporate	Apply principles of corporate financial management.
Finance Revision 12	Apply a working knowledge of financial practices for business.
Finance (FNCE) 371  Applications in Corporate Finance	Work out short-term financial plans for a firm, including plans for managing short-term financing, credit policy, inventory, cash, and liquidity.
Revision 7	Analyze issues that corporations face, involving topics such as international corporate financial management, leasing, mergers and acquisitions, and risk management.
	Evaluate the use of derivative securities in a corporate setting.
	Discuss behavioural finance concepts and their impacts as they relate to the validity of the Efficient Market Hypothesis.
	Use Excel data tables, functions, formulas, PivotTables, and PivotCharts to organize and analyze data.



Finance (FNCE) 401	Gain a comprehensive understanding of the theories, methods, and strategies required for successful investments in financial markets.
Investments	Develop a good command of financial investment principles and
Revision 9	methods.
	Acquire an ability to make sound investment decisions.
Finance (FNCE) 403	Discuss the characteristics and valuation of various derivative securities
Derivatives and Risk Management	and their markets, including options and options contracts; forwards and options on forwards; futures; and interest rate swaps, currency swaps, and equity swaps.
Revision 5	Explain the important concepts and methodologies of risk management using derivative instruments.
	Apply derivatives to manage various risks such as market risk, currency risk, interest rate risk, and credit risk.
Finance (FNCE) 405	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Empirical Finance	
Finance (FNCE) 470	Be familiar with the theory and practice of investment and portfolio
Portfolio	management.
Management	Be able to make use of available information on financial markets, at both macro and micro levels.
Revision 3	Be able to construct an investment portfolio that is sound in terms of investment principles and portfolio performance.
FREN: French	
French (FREN) 100	When you have completed FREN 100, you should be able (both orally and in writing) to do the following in French:
French for Beginners I	
Revision 9	Participate in simple conversations about yourself.
	Describe family members, their relationships, and everyday activities.
	Describe people's appearances, personalities, and daily routines.
	Express likes and dislikes.
	Discuss family structures across the Francophone world.
	Describe sport and leisure activities.
	Talk about university life in general and courses of study.
	Talk about jobs and the workplace.
	Discuss clothing and fashion.
	Speak and write about food, meals, a variety of dishes, and shopping for food.



	Speak and write about the importance of cuisine in the French-speaking world.
French (FREN) 101	Write simple sentences that are grammatically and structurally correct.
French for Beginners	Speak and write about:
II	where you live: city life and country life
Revision 7	cultural diversity in the Francophone world
	events and situations in the past
	weather and vacation activities
	your origins, beliefs, opinions, feelings, and values
	cultural activities
	travel in general
	making travel plans
	French/Francophone tourism
	important tourist sites in France and elsewhere
	significant life events
	diversity and identity in the Francophone world
	your health and well-being
	environmental and ecological concerns
	arts and media
French (FREN) 200 First Year University	Apply sufficient vocabulary to hold a simple conversation about relationships and social and cultural issues.
French I	Pronounce French accurately.
Revision 11	Read short texts in French and demonstrate a good understanding of the content.
	Use a variety of French grammatical structures (present and past tenses, the imperative, present participle, prepositions, pronouns, adjectives, nouns, articles).
	Write grammatically correct sentences, paragraphs, and short compositions.
	Use dictionaries and online resources efficiently to find the meaning of words and expressions.
French (FREN) 201	Apply sufficient vocabulary to hold a simple conversation and express opinions about social and cultural issues.



First Year University	Pronounce French accurately.
French II	-
Revision 9	Read short texts in French and demonstrate a good understanding of the content.
	Use a variety of French grammatical structures (future tense, conditional and subjunctive moods, interrogatives, negatives, relative pronouns, demonstrative and possessive pronouns and adjectives, indefinite adjectives and pronouns).
	Write grammatically correct sentences, paragraphs, and short compositions.
	Use dictionaries and online resources efficiently to find the meaning of words and expressions.
French (FREN) 301	Ce cours poursuit l'apprentissage de systèmes syntactiques et
Composition francaise	l'enrichissement du lexique. Il a pour but le perfectionnement de l'art de la composition. Il permet à l'apprenant de
Revision 1	faire la distinction entre les temps du présent et du passé composé (verbes réguliers et verbes irréguliers)
	faire la distinction entre les temps de L'imparfait et du passé composé
	faire la distinction entre les temps du passé composé, du passé simple, de l'imparfait et du plus-que-parfait
	savoir rédiger des compositions en utilisant les séquences descriptives: (portrait physique, portrait moral : le portrait)
	savoir faire la distinction entre les diverses formes de l'adjectif
	savoir rédiger des compositions françaises telles que la description d'une ville/d'un bâtiment, d'un monument etc
	savoir faire la distinction entre plusieurs prépositions
	savoir rédiger des compositions françaises sur des sujets divers (La nature etc)
	comprendre les temps du subjonctif et savoir les mettre en pratique
	savoir rédiger des compositions françaises en utilisant les séquences narratives (récit historique, récit romanesque au passé
	savoir rédiger des compositions françaises en utilisant des séquences d'une dialogue littéraire, savoir rédiger la dissertation morale.
	comprendre l'importance et l'utilisation des pronoms relatifs
	savoir rédiger des lettres de correspondance
	savoir rédiger quelques aspects de la dissertation littéraire
French (FREN) 305	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.



La littérature jeunesse	
French (FREN) 358	Explain what is meant by the word littérature.
Initiation à la littérature	Distinguish among the various genres: le roman, le conte/la nouvelle, le théâtre, and la poésie.
d'expression française I Revision 3	Scan lines of poetry in French and identify stylistic devices such as la métaphore, la comparaison, l'enjambement, l'anaphore, etc.
Revision 5	Discuss elements of l'amour courtois (courtly love) in Le lai du laustic.
	Discuss elements of la poésie lyrique in two ballads by François Villon.
	Describe the Renaissance world view in the writings of Rabelais, Du Bellay, and Ronsard.
	Analyze a few fables by La Fontaine and a play by Molière.
	Discuss elements of satire in a conte by Voltaire.
French (FREN) 362 Second Year University French	Understand advanced grammatical structures and use them to construct simple and complex sentences, and to create grammatically correct short compositions.
(6 credits)	Read both literary and non-literary texts, watch films, or listen to audio clips and discuss (orally and in writing) the ideas contained in these texts, films, or audio clips.
Trevision to	Command sufficient vocabulary to discuss (orally and in writing) a variety of topics related to current events, daily fide, and francophone literature and culture.
	Write clearly and cogently in a variety of modes and tenses on various topics.
	Distinguish between the various literary genres (novel, poetry, etc.) and other types of writing (informative, argumentative, etc.).
French (FREN) 363	In this course students will:
Le roman français du XXe siècle	Be introduced to French novels of the 20th century, through a reading of five important and representative novels from France.
Revision 2 This course is under	Explore some of the great moments of intellectual life/thought in France since 1900.
revision. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.	Reflect on the important themes presented in these novels as well as on the formal aspects of the novels that have pre-occupied the authors themselves.
	Discuss the concept of "intrigue" (plot), "techniques narratives" (narrative techniques), and the notion of "personnages" (characters).
	Discuss the concept of time and space in these novels.



	Explore the various forms of the novel as well as the social, ideological and historical concepts presented in these novels.
French (FREN) 374	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Littérature québécoise	
This course is under revision. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.	
French (FREN) 375	Use a large variety of current French vocabulary in its correct context.
Vocabulary Expansion	Make use of idiomatic expressions.
(6 credits)	Retain the vocabulary you have learned.
Revision 1	Read literary and non-literary texts, have a clear understanding of their content and discuss them both orally and in writing.
	Hold a conversation and express your opinion in correct, idiomatic French on a variety of topics.
	Write well-organized and grammatically accurate compositions in French using varied vocabulary in simple and complex sentences making sure the content is relevant to the topic.
	Appreciate the diversity of francophone literature and culture.
French (FREN) 387 Français langue des affaires	Le cours FREN 387 a pour but d'offrir une formation en communication écrite et orale telle qu'elle se pratique en français dans le monde des affaires au Canada. A l'aide d'un survol de l'usage du langage administratif il en souligne sa pertinence dans le monde du travail.
Revision 2	Connaitre les formulations usuelles à utiliser pour répondre au téléphone, pour prendre un message téléphonique ou encore pour acheminer l'appel à une autre personne.
	Reconnaitre les expressions, les structures et les mots particuliers de l'anglais qui menacent l'intégrité de la langue française. A l'aide d'une révision des structures et des expressions françaises vous apprendrez à éviter ces expressions et ces mots anglais.
	Traiter des difficultés grammaticales et orthographiques que l'on rencontre dans la langue française surtout en ce qui concerne la concordance des temps, l'accord du participe passé et des adjectifs L'unité traite des trois éléments suivants : (1) le mode en français, (2) l'accord de participes passés avec l'auxiliaire avoir, l'auxiliaire être et les verbes pronominaux (3) l'accord des adjectifs qualificatifs et non-qualificatifs
	Prendre connaissance des règles des majuscules selon l'usage propre de l'anglais (qui est un grand utilisateur de la majuscule) et du français,



	qui emploie celle-ci suivant des règles très précises. Elle aborde aussi les règles d'usage de la ponctuation en français
	Traiter des règles concernant la rédaction des lettres d'affaire. Elle énumère des stratégies qui vous aideront à faire passer le massage en respectant la clarté la simplicité, la courtoisie et la précision. Elle vous permet aussi de prendre connaissance des règles concernant la disposition des diverses parties de la lettre.
	Traiter du curriculum vitae (le CV) et de la lettre d'accompagnement. Elle résume des faits relatifs à votre formation scolaire et universitaire ainsi qu'à votre expérience professionnelle Elle présente les caractéristiques et les diverses parties du CV ainsi que les divers formats du CV; elle vous aide à choisir le meilleur modèle pour faire ressortir vos compétences et vos réalisations. Elle identifie aussi les règles de rédaction pour les lettres d'accompagnement du CV
	Traiter de la rédaction de la convocation (une invitation écrite appelant quelqu'un(e) à se présenter à une réunion), du procès-verbal (un rapport rédigé par quelqu'un pour rapporter des faits de sa compétence) et du communiqué (un avis d'information destiné au public et souvent diffusé par les médias - la presse, la radio etc.)
	Permettre de prendre connaissance du vocabulaire technique usuel à utiliser dans le monde du travail et à reconnaitre l'importance des règles de la féminisation dans le milieu du travail au Canada et ailleurs.
French (FREN) 403	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Stylistique comparée	
French (FREN) 405 Translation from	Identify the problems (cultural, grammatical, lexical) which are present in the translating of any given text.
French to English	Devise strategies for overcoming these problems.
Revision 1	Make intelligent use of translators' tools such as dictionaries and glossaries.
	Produce translations of a variety of texts (e.g. literary, factual, consumeroriented) which accurately convey the meaning of the original text.
	Apply revision and editing techniques to improve upon your own translations and those done by others.
	Better detect subtle distinctions of meaning in both English and French.
French (FREN) 420	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Poésie et théâtre français du 19e siècle	
French (FREN) 421	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.



Le roman français du 19º siècle	
French (FREN) 422	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Littérature française du 17º siècle	
GEOG: Geography	
Geography (GEOG) 200	Explain world and global events from a regional perspective.
World Regional Geography (Cross-listed with	Differentiate the world's major realms and regions in terms of a variety of characteristics including physical setting, population distribution, cultural diversity, economic assets and liabilities, political geography, and levels of development.
GLST 200)  Revision 7	Critically examine the concept of globalization and its discontents using key geographical concepts.
Revision /	Critically analyze structures of settler colonialism and Indigenous political movements responding to settler colonial structures globally.
Geography (GEOG) 201	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Introductory Human Geography	
Geography (GEOG) 302	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The Canadian North	
Geography (GEOG) 365	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Atmosphere, Weather, and Climate	
Geography (GEOG) 495/496	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Geography Projects I & II	
GEOL: Geology	
Geology (GEOL) 200	Explain the plate tectonics theory, describe the internal structure of the Earth and list the fundamental differences between continents and
Introductory Physical Geology	ocean basins.
Revision 10	Define minerals and rocks, list the three major groups of rocks, and identify the most important minerals in each rock group.



List five defining characteristics of a mineral, describe diagnostic properties of the major rock-forming minerals, and identify the minerals in hand specimens.

Explain the formation, composition and classification of igneous rocks, metamorphic rocks and sedimentary rocks and be able to identify them in hand specimens.

Describe the most common types of mass wasting and outline factors that control mass wasting, including triggering mechanisms.

Describe the hydrological cycle and outline the role played by surface water and groundwater in the cycle.

Outline Earth surface processes that occur in glaciated areas, in deserts, and in coastal environments and describe erosional and depositional landforms associated with each environment.

Explain the concepts of stress and strain and interpret geological structures, including folds and faults, and explain the elastic rebound theory of earthquakes.

Explain how seismic waves, meteorites and gravity can provide information about the inner structure and composition of the Earth.

Describe the process of mountain building and outline the sequences of rocks formed by the convergence of different tectonic plate types.

# Geology (GEOL) 201

# Introductory Historical Geology

#### **Revision 5**

Outline the basic principles of scientific inquiry used by historical geologists and interpret basic geological cross-sections in terms of the sequence of depositional events, tectonic events, folding, faulting, unconformities, and nonconformities.

Identify and describe basic sedimentary depositional environments and explain how sedimentary features can be used to infer depositional environments.

Describe how the remains of living organisms can be preserved as fossils and explain how fossils can be used to correlate geographically separate rock strata.

Explain how the geological time scale is derived, using both radiometric dating methods and relative methods.

Describe the theory of plate tectonics and explain how the interior of the Earth became layered and how seismology can be used to study the layering of the interior of the Earth.

Explain the origin and evolution of Precambrian continental shields and the importance of cometary, meteoritic, and carbon isotopic studies to understanding the origin and evolution of terrestrial life.

Describe the overall geological history of the Paleozoic, Mesozoic, and Cenozoic eras, including the evolution of life.



	Outline the leading theories advanced to explain glacial cycles and describe the types of geological inquiry that can be undertaken to unravel paleoenvironmental and paleoclimatic conditions.
Geology (GEOL) 207	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Introduction to Environmental Geology	
Geology (GEOL) 313 Our Physical Resources	Explain the interrelated nature of resource use and describe the irregular distribution of world resources and the resulting trade in mineral commodities; differentiate between renewable resources and non-renewable resources.
Revision 6	Outline the role of geochemical cycles in the recycling of materials in the Earth's crust, as well as in the forming, concentrating, redistributing, and altering mineral resources.
	Describe the structure of the Earth's interior and outline the driving mechanism behind plate tectonics and plate motion.
	Explain the links between the extraction and use of resources and the associated environmental effects.
	Describe and differentiate between the formation and composition of hydrocarbon energy resources, including coal, oil sands, and oil shales, and describe the recovery techniques that apply to each.
	Discuss the methods of energy generation needed for alternative energy sources and their advantages and disadvantages, including nuclear, solar, wind, hydro, tidal, geothermal, biomass and hydrogen.
	Describe the processes by which major ore deposits of geochemically abundant and geochemically scarce metals are formed and indicate their occurrences and applications.
	Describe the formation, occurrence, extraction and applications of industrial minerals and dimension stones.
	Describe the hydrologic cycle and the various uses of water and discuss the causes and possible solutions for the major water problems.
	Describe soil formation processes and the role of soil type on land use; explain erosion and basic techniques used in soil conservation.
Geology (GEOL) 319	Explain where the forces that create geological structures come from
Structural Geology:	and outline the difference between primary and secondary structures.
The Architecture of	Describe the process of orogeny and explain the role of orogeny in
Earth's Continental	building Earth's continental crust.
Crust Revision 5	Use the principles of stratigraphy to interpret geological history from geological cross-sections.



Distinguish between different forms of rock deformation and explain how rock deformation is measured, including how to calculate deformation measures.

Detail brittle, ductile, elastic, inelastic, and rigid responses of rocks as well as concepts of stress and strain, joints and faults, cleavage, foliation and lineation.

Describe the effects of faulting, including earthquakes and changes in topography.

Explain the different conditions under which folds form and differentiate between anticline, syncline, antiform, and synform.

Explain how to use cleavage surfaces to investigate folds and how folds can influence topography.

Describe the different kinds of geological intrusions and the stress regimes in which they can occur.

Explain the tectonic evolution of North America and outline North American orogens.

# Geology (GEOL) 415

Earth's Origin and Early Evolution

# Revision 4

This course is temporarily closed. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time. Describe Kepler's laws of motion and outline how they relate to Newton's laws.

List the planets in the solar system in order of their distance from the sun and outline describe their composition.

Describe, compare, and contrast asteroids and comets and explain how the physical and chemical characteristics of meteorites provide information about conditions in the early solar system.

Explain how the elements that compose the solar system, Earth, and its organisms originated.

Describe the distinguishing geological features of the terrestrial planets.

Explain how the age of the Earth is known and describe the Rb-Sr, Sm-Nd, and U-Pb isotope systems and how they can be used for dating geological events.

Using the nebular hypothesis, describe how the young solar system including planets emerged and evolved.

Explain the process of differentiation and core formation on Earth and outline why C1 chondrites do not appear to be the building blocks of the Earth.

Sketch the structure of the mantle, explain the seismic discontinuities within the mantle, and outline major events in the early history of the mantle.

Explain the origins of early continental crust and describe how it differs from younger continental crust.



Geology (GEOL) 495/496	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Geology Projects I & II	
GLST: Global Studies	
Global Studies (GLST) 200	Explain world and global events from a regional perspective.
World Regional Geography	Differentiate the world's major realms and regions in terms of a variety of characteristics including physical setting, population distribution, cultural diversity, economic assets and liabilities, political geography, and levels of development.
(Cross-listed with GEOG 200)	Critically examine the concept of globalization and its discontents using key geographical concepts.
Revision 6	Critically analyze structures of settler colonialism and Indigenous political movements responding to settler colonial structures globally.
Global Studies (GLST) 205	Examine current scholarly literature, theories, and debates to engage critically with globalization as a concept.
Building Blocks of Global Studies: Overview of Approaches,	Identify the relevant actors, institutions, perceptions, histories, and ideologies to understand the building blocks of the global political and economic system.
Concepts, & Issues Revision 3	Discuss and employ critical tools of analysis to explain the interconnectedness of the political, economic, cultural, environmental, technological, and social spheres at the local and the global levels.
Global Studies (GLST) 208	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The World to 1500	
(Cross-listed with HIST 208)	
Global Studies (GLST) 209	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
A History of the World in the Twentieth Century: I	
(Cross-listed with HIST 209)	
Global Studies (GLST) 210	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
A History of the World in the Twentieth Century: II	



(Cross-listed with HIST 210)	
Global Studies (GLST) 230	Demonstrate a basic understanding of globalization as a concept and as a process.
Globalization and World Politics	Identify the key institutions and policies that promote globalization.
(Cross-listed with INTR	Explain the historical relationship between globalization and world politics.
230 & POEC 230)  Revision 4	Recognize the importance of using a variety of analytical tools and theoretical perspectives to understand the processes of globalization.
	Use an informed understanding of globalization to explain and interpret key issues in contemporary world politics.
	Situate yourself as a citizen within the complex dynamics of globalization and world politics through recognition of their impact on your choices and worldview.
Global Studies (GLST) 335	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Global Labour History	
(Cross-listed with HIST 335 & LBST 335)	
Global Studies (GLST) 343	Explain major biogeochemical cycles and identify some of the key ways they are impacted by specific global environmental change processes.
Global Environmental Change	Discuss the key components of complex systems theory and apply a systems lens to global environmental change issues to describe their integrated complexity.
(Cross-listed with ENVS 343)	Identify the key relationships between the local, regional, and global dimensions of environmental change issues.
Revision 2	Apply a political ecology analysis to global environmental change issues to explain how the structural dynamics within socioecological systems create effects that are unequal, not only in generating wealth and health disparities but also in exacting environmental and social burdens.
	Apply an integrated global studies, systems, and political ecology analytical frame to undertake a case study of a specific socioecological problem.
	Communicate effectively, and document and reflect on the processes used to plan, monitor, and assess their understanding and performance in the course.
Global Studies (GLST) 384	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.



Europe Since 1944	
(Cross-listed with HIST 384)	
Global Studies (GLST) 395	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Political Economy of Development: People, Processes, and Policies	
(Cross-listed with INTR 395 & POEC 395)	
Global Studies (GLST) 440	Discuss the significance of modern forms of state and global governance.
Global Governance and Law	Analyze the challenges to the sovereign state system and the possibilities of legal governance in globalization.
(Cross-listed with GOVN 440 & POLI 440)	Discuss the significance of global social movements in globalization and evaluate the different kinds of democracy that global social movements propose.
Revision 4	Discuss the interrelationship of the environment, gender, human rights, and social and economic wellbeing.
	Analyze and evaluate how leadership across the various governance models influence and inform relationships, communications, and interactions.
	From postcolonial and decolonial perspectives, critically evaluate the unequal participation of countries from the Global South in the decision-making and practices of global governance.
	Interpret textual, visual, and digital content using a critical analysis lens to identify and problematize unequal power relations in global governance and international law.
Global Studies (GLST) 460	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Famous Feminists and Their Times: Global History of Feminism	
(Cross-listed with HIST 460 & WGST 460)	
Global Studies (GLST) 483	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.



International Political Economy: The Politics of Globalization	
(Cross-listed with INTR 483 & POEC 483)	
<b>GOVN: Governance</b>	
Governance (GOVN) 301 Governance, the Public Sector and Corporate Power	Describe the broad social, economic, and political context in which Canadian business operates. This context will include the colonization of Indigenous governance, society and legal systems that predate the creation of Canada, the pre- and post-Confederation treaties that form the moral basis of governance and government in Canada, and section 35 (Aboriginal rights) of the <i>Constitution Act</i> (1982).
(Cross-listed with POLI 301) Revision 4	Assess the impact of recent socio-economic developments on Canada's political structure and the role of corporate Canada. These developments include globalization, technological change, the erosion of state power through the growing failure of capitalism, the assertion of Indigenous rights, and the recent focus on racial and gender inequality.
	Recognize the contested ideological environment in which public sector restructuring and corporate concentration are occurring.
	Assess the roles of various forms of media in promoting and inhibiting democratic discourse.
	Analyze the impact that the new public management / managerialism and the reinventing-government movement are having on public administration and the voluntary sector in Canada.
	This course will also help you to enhance various skills and learning competencies such as:
	Analytical skills.
	The ability to critically assess documents and perspectives.
	Writing competencies.
	Foundational knowledge of the changes to governance and state- society-business relations.
	Contextual knowledge of the work environment and culture in which public-sector professionals and managers function.
Governance (GOVN) 377	Explain how controlling information affects the functioning of democracy and the autonomy of individuals.
Issues in Access to Information & Privacy Protection	Explain the tension that exists between information access and privacy.
	Explain how new technologies are affecting the ability to collect, store, and disseminate information and describe the effect this is having on protecting privacy.



(Cross-listed with CRJS 377 & LGST 377) Revision 1 Governance (GOVN) 380 Nonprofit and	Discuss the central issues facing the access and privacy regulatory regimes in such diverse areas as information management, research, public safety, and social networking.  Explain the evolution of regulatory regimes globally with reference to both past events and future possibilities.  The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Voluntary Sector Governance (Cross-listed with HSRV 363) Revision 4	
Governance (GOVN) 390  Public Policy and Administrative Governance  (Cross-listed with POLI 392)  Revision 7	Discuss the character of public bureaucracy and provide a theoretically informed analysis of the contrast between a classic Weberian bureaucracy and the type of public bureaucracy advocated by the New Public Management (NPM).  Outline and discuss the role of bureaucratic, political and non-state actors in the policy process.  Contrast the various policy instruments and service delivery mechanisms used in policy implementation, and comment on the factors shaping the possibility of successful policy implementation.  Comment on the significance of social diversity to the making and implementation of public policy and discuss the relationship between social diversity and the "differential impact" of public policy.  Contrast the governing paradigms associated with the administrative welfare state and those of the neoliberal state and explain the relationship of the NPM to the neoliberal mode of governance.
Governance (GOVN) 400  Governance and Leadership  (Cross-listed with HSRV 400 & POLI 400)  Revision 5	Understand and critically analyze the new and emerging paradigm of leadership and practice.  Discuss the role of key external forces, sectors and institutions that shape the development of leaders and leadership in the 21st century.  Reflect and articulate your own personal leadership development.  Understand the concept of governance and analyze the shifting paradigm.  Analyze the influence of individuals and groups of citizens as leaders across the various sectors through interest groups and social movements.



	Analyze and evaluate how leadership across the various governance models influences and informs relationships, communications, and interactions.
	Analyze the implications, challenges, and opportunities for leadership in view of the changing external factors.
Governance (GOVN) 405	Assess the strengths and limitations of key public sector reforms.
Innovativo Dublic	Explain why decolonization of the public sector is essential.
Innovative Public Management Revision 4	Explain why embedding diversity, representation, and intersectionality within public sector administrative systems is critical to achieving justice and equality.
	Analyze how democracy and the public sector intersect, and explain what the potential is for democratic decline in light of recent trends.
	Assess changes in the public sector from a non-Western perspective.
	Explain the challenges that the public sector faces in the digital era.
Governance (GOVN) 440	Discuss the significance of modern forms of state and global governance.
Global Governance and Law	Analyze the challenges to the sovereign state system and the possibilities of legal governance in globalization.
(Cross-listed with GLST 440 & POLI 440) Revision 4	Discuss the significance of global social movements in globalization and evaluate the different kinds of democracy that global social movements propose.
Revision 4	Discuss the interrelationship of the environment, gender, human rights, and social and economic wellbeing.
	Analyze and evaluate how leadership across the various governance models influence and inform relationships, communications, and interactions.
	From postcolonial and decolonial perspectives, critically evaluate the unequal participation of countries from the Global South in the decision-making and practices of global governance.
	Interpret textual, visual, and digital content using a critical analysis lens to identify and problematize unequal power relations in global governance and international law.
Governance (GOVN) 444	Discuss the history of public relations, particularly its role in colonial state formation.
Media Relations	Recognize and apply the RACE (research, analyze, communicate, evaluate) formula to public relations functions.
(Cross listed with CMNS 444)	Discuss the key factors, ethical considerations, and typical tasks
Revision 4	involved in effective media relations.



	Create a press release and an effective media relations plan.
	Name components of an Indigenous framework for public relations and be able to apply public relations principles to social action in a range of marginalized communities and social movements.
	Name a selection of digital strategies used by public relations practitioners.
	Analyze examples of corporate social responsibility.
	Name several public relations strategies and tools used both within and for communicating with government.
	Analyze the role of public relations as a method of political manipulation in an international context.
	Analyze the role of journalism as a method of holding public relations practitioners accountable.
	Be familiar with several working definitions of crisis communication.
Governance (GOVN) 450	Explore the impact of globalization on the governance capacity of governments.
Public Budgeting and Financial	Discuss what globalization means for budgeting.
Management in a	Examine the purposes and roles of budgeting in public organizations.
Globalized World Revision 2	Examine the major trends and the political, economic, and financial considerations involved in budgeting.
This course is under revision. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.	Examine the various theories, practices, challenges, and reforms of budgeting and financial management in federal, provincial, and municipal governments and government agencies in an era of globalization.
HADM: Health Admir	nistration
Health Administration (HADM) 235	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Introduction to Health Administration	
Revision 2	
Health Administration (HADM) 321	Each unit specifies learning objectives that students are encouraged to achieve in order to successfully complete the course. The course, as a
Health Care	whole, has been designed to provide you with the knowledge and skills that you will need to achieve the following:
Revision 4	Describe and discuss the concepts of health status and health care utilization, and the relationship between the two.



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	Describe the organization of the health care system in Canada, in terms of specific economic dimensions.
	Use economic analysis to predict patterns of health care utilization.
Health Administration (HADM) 326	This course is designed to understand the human ecology and disease.
Health Issues: Health	Discuss the medical anthropological perspective of disease and health.
and Healing	Culture and environment of different ethnic population
Revision 2	Culture and health of native population in Canada
	Traditional medicine such as: Chinese medicine, Ayurvedic medicine, homeopathy, naturopathy, alternative therapy, naturopathy and chiropractic
	HIV/AID critical political -economic perspective
	Learn about the integration of traditional healing into the formal health care system in Canada.
Health Administration (HADM) 336	This course is designed to introduce the most common health problems in Canada and how to plan or design community-based preventive programs to meet the community needs.
Community Health Planning	Examine the health status of the Canadian population.
Revision 2	How to do community health planning.
	What is communicable diseases and non- communicable diseases?
	Basic understanding of food and nutrition, environmental health issues and occupational health etc.
	A systematic approach to public health issues in Canada and the new public health issues in the twenty first century.
Health Administration (HADM) 339	Understanding the historical development of Canada's public health care system.
Organization of the Canadian Health Care	Knowledge of Federal and provincial jurisdiction on health care and medical care and the Canada's Health Act.
System Revision 3	Health care financing, Federal and Provincial - Federal Cash Transfer for Health and Social Programs.
	Basic understanding of health status of Canadian population and the current health care issues.
	Inequality of health care services: Aboriginal population, Immigrant population, home care and women's health.
	Pharmaceutical Industry in Canada, costs of health care services, hospital care, long term facilities in Canada and the major issues.



	Canada's mental policy and issues and how provinces provide mental
	health services.
	Current trends and Issues: health care and health reforms in provinces and how it affects Canada health Act.
	Analyze critically the health commission reports: Kerby and Romanow.
Health Administration (HADM) 369	Identify and explain the basic concepts and processes underlying health care policy making.
Health Policy in Canada	Analyze critically the development of the health care system in Canada.
Revision 5	Examine and apply a critical assessment to current health care reform initiatives.
	Communicate clearly in both verbal form and written form.
Health Administration (HADM) 379	Define and appropriately use common epidemiological terms.
Introduction to	Explain how epidemiology is used to understand health and disease within human populations.
Epidemiology Revision 4	Describe the study methods used in epidemiological research and identify the strengths and limitations associated with each.
	Logically assess the associations between exposure and outcomes and the effectiveness of interventions when reading published epidemiological studies.
	Describe the use of epidemiology in public health and health services.
Health Administration (HADM) 399	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Evaluating Health Research Evidence	
Health Administration (HADM) 400	In this course, students will learn the legal aspects of health care law.
Health Care Law	Understanding of health law and the Canadian health care system and health law and health professional regulations.
Revision 2	Clinical practice and legal liability.
	General principles of the law and consent.
	Reproductive decision making.
	Specific problems in the law of consent.
	Liability issues, specific to health care and medical care.
	Life's end decision making.
	Health law and genetics.



Health Administration (HADM) 435	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Practicum – Senior Field Placement in Health Administration	
Health Administration (HADM) 488	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Risk Management and Safety in Health Services	
HERM: Heritage Rese	ources Management
Heritage Resources Management (HERM) 301	This course will introduce students to the field of heritage resources management and create a base for further study in the field. After completing this course, students should be able to:
Introduction to Heritage Resources	Describe the types of practice that characterize the heritage field.
Management	Explain how social context and issues shape the heritage field.
Revision 3	Describe current and emerging issues in the heritage field.
	Address the social controversies, ethical questions, and approaches to practice that characterize the contemporary heritage field.
	Begin to apply skills and methods to collecting, exhibiting, interpretation, audience development, and visitor services.
Heritage Resources Management (HERM) 312	HERM 312: Heritage Research introduces students to some of the formative issues and practices in heritage research. After completing this course, students will be able to:
Heritage Research	Explain the importance of research in the multidisciplinary field of Heritage Resources Management.
Revision 5 (Cross-listed with HIST 316)	Identify, locate, and interpret a wide range of documentary (both non-digital and digital) and non-documentary sources for various heritage research needs.
	Discuss the opportunities, challenges, and issues that arise when using integrated research strategies, including archival research, oral history interviewing, and the documentation and research required for material culture and landscape.
	Undertake fieldwork to document and research heritage structure in the built environment.
	Plan and undertake basic historical research on a given topic using a variety of research strategies and types of sources and present your findings in an appropriate format.



Heritage Resources Management (HERM) 322	HERM 322 introduces formative issues and practices in heritage collections management:
Heritage Collections	Discuss current methods of and rationales for collecting and collection management in a range of heritage institutions.
Revision 4	Identify and describe some of the important theoretical and applied issues in collections management in contemporary heritage institutions.
	Apply their knowledge of methods and theory for collecting, storing, documenting, and conserving heritage collections.
Heritage Resources Management (HERM)	Upon completion of this course, students should be familiar with:
327 Heritage Policy in	Key policies related to the heritage sector, along with positive and negative impacts of those policies on preservation and conservation.
Canada	How the broader cultural policy environment at each government level has shaped heritage policy.
Revision 1	Outstanding or emerging issues for the heritage sector that need to be addressed at the policy level.
	The role that is played, and/or should be played, by the state in making cultural policy in Canada.
	How federal policy shapes cultural institutions and practices.
	Social, industrial, political, economic, and technological issues that affect cultural institutions.
	How policy strategies address the social, industrial, political, economic, and technological issues that affect cultural institutions.
Heritage Resources Management (HERM) 334	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Professional Ethics in Heritage Resources Management	
(Cross-listed with PHIL 334)	
Heritage Resources Management (HERM) 339	This course introduces foundational principles, basic information, and standard approaches to conservation practice. After completing the course, students will be able to:
Conservation	Explain why and how we conserve movable heritage resources.
Revision 5	Apply basic knowledge of the material characteristics of heritage collections and of factors contributing to their deterioration.



	Implement a variety of practical means to manage risks by preventing and minimizing deterioration.
	Discuss the importance of conservation policies and plans.
	Explain how conservation practice can assist with decolonization and sustainability efforts.
Heritage Resources	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Management (HERM) 342	The CD ( according that claiming dated the chils course.
General Principles of Planning Historic Places	
Heritage Resources Management (HERM) 361	HERM 361: Interpretive Programming introduces students to some of the basic issues and practices in heritage interpretation:
Interpretive Programming	Explain the main types of interpretation programming used in museums and historic sites.
Revision 4	Discuss how interpretive programming contributes to the "visitor experience."
Revision 4	·
	Identify and describe current and emerging issues.
	Discuss the social controversies, ethical questions, and methodologies of practice that characterize the current field of interpretive programming.
	Identify and describe methods and approaches to interpretive programming and how they relate and form part of related activities such as exhibition planning, school programming, and public programming in general.
	Identify and describe the objectives and methods used in evaluating visitor needs.
Heritage Resources Management (HERM) 491	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Heritage Certificate Practicum	
HIST: History	
History (HIST) 201	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Europe: Prehistory to the 1700s	
History (HIST) 202	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
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The West from the	
Enlightenment to the	
21st Century	
(Cross lists of with	
(Cross listed with HUMN 202)	
11014114 202)	
History (HIST) 205	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Africa in the World –	
Between the Atlantic	
Slave Trade and the	
Postcolonial World	
History (HIST) 208	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The World to 1500	
(Cross listed with	
GLST 208)	
History (HIST) 209	Critically discuss the main currents and major patterns of world history
A History of the World	during the twentieth century.
in the Twentieth	Analyse the diverse ways in which large-scale developments have
Century: I	affected, and also have been affected by, the lives of individuals.
(Cross-listed with	Explain the strengths and limitations of different approaches to
GLST 209)	historical understanding.
Revision 2	Analyse and compare the effects of major developments in twentieth-
	century world history on Canada.
History (HIST) 210	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
A History of the World	
in the Twentieth	
Century: II	
(Cross-listed with	
GLST 210)	
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History (HIST) 216	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Modern Europe: 1600	
to 1940	
History (HIST) 224	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
History of Canada to	
1867	
History (HIST) 225	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
History of Canada,	
1867 to the Present	



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History (HIST) 235 History of the United	Grasp the broad-ranging, varied, but interrelated themes and subject matter in US history since the Civil War.
States, Civil War to Present	Analyze the centrality and interrelatedness of race, class and gender in understanding US history.
Revision 3	Assess the significance of social change in the US South to the broader shaping of modern US society.
	Assess the effects of industrial growth and the emergence of corporate capitalism on various subordinated groups in society, including African Americans, Native Americans, women, and immigrants.
	Analyze the relation between state control and people's individual and organized resistance to that control, especially during the 1950s and sixties.
	Analyze the effect of economic growth and crisis on US government policy.
	Discuss the concept of imperialism as a defining aspect of US foreign policy.
History (HIST) 304	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Historic Britain: Land, People and Politics from Prehistory to the Augustan Age	
History (HIST) 309	Summarize major political developments among the ancient Greeks.
Ancient Greece (Cross-listed with	Summarize the major philosophical developments of the ancient Greeks.
CLAS 309 and HUMN 309)	Summarize the achievements of the ancient Greeks in architecture and theatre.
Revision 4	Locate and select scholarly writings relevant to the study of ancient Greece.
	Report on a scholarly article.
	Write a research paper on an approved topic using secondary sources and relevant primary sources in translation.
History (HIST) 311	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Blues, Jazz, and the Emergence of Modern African American Musical Culture, 1900- 1970	
History (HIST) 312	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.



Ancient Rome	
(Cross-listed with CLAS 312 & HUMN 312)	
History (HIST) 313	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Early Christians	
(Cross-listed with HUMN 313 & RELS 313)	
History (HIST) 316	HIST 316: Heritage Research introduces students to some of the
Heritage Research	formative issues and practices in heritage research. After completing this course, students will be able to:
(Cross-listed with HERM 312)	Explain the importance of research in the multidisciplinary field of Heritage Resources Management.
Revision 4	Identify, locate, and interpret a wide range of documentary (both non-digital and digital) and non-documentary sources for various heritage research needs.
	Discuss the opportunities, challenges, and issues that arise when using integrated research strategies, including archival research, oral history interviewing, and the documentation and research required for material culture and landscape.
	Undertake fieldwork to document and research heritage structure in the built environment.
	Plan and undertake basic historical research on a given topic using a variety of research strategies and types of sources and present your findings in an appropriate format.
History (HIST) 326	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Contemporary Canada: Canada After 1945	
History (HIST) 327	Explain the origins of early Russian society, as well as the formation of Kievan Rus.
Imperial Russia	
Revision 1	Assess the impact of the Mongol conquest of Russia during the fourteenth century, as well as the long-term consequences for Russian society.
	Explain both the origin and impact of Ivan IV's Oprichnina.
	Outline the reforms carried out under Peter the Great.
	Discuss the personal influence of Catherine the Great on Russian society during the second half of the eighteenth century.



	Account for the confrontation between Westernizers and Slavophiles during the reign of Nicholas I.
	Explain the motives behind and the consequences of Alexander II's freeing of Russia's serfs in the mid-nineteenth century.
	Outline the expansion of the Russian Empire during the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries.
	Discuss the consequences for Russia of its defeat in the Russo-Japanese War.
	Explain why the First World War precipitated the collapse of the Romanov dynasty and ushered in the Bolshevik regime.
History (HIST) 330	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Social History of Canada: European Contact to Early Industrialization	
History (HIST) 331	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Social History of Canada: Early Industrialization to Contemporary Canada	
History (HIST) 335	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Global Labour History	
(Cross-listed with GLST 335 & LBST 335)	
History (HIST) 336	Outline the major themes in the development of the Canadian working class and the labour movement in Canada.
History of Canadian Labour	Compare labour's present problems with the problems labour faced in the past.
(6 credits)	Provide factual information about Canadian labour and working-class
Revision 1	history.
	Discuss the significance of the sexual, ethnic, regional, political, and other divisions in the Canadian labour movement and the working class.
History (HIST) 338	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
History of the Canadian West	
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History (HIST) 353	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The Holocaust	
History (HIST) 362	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Constructing Women and Men in Canada: A History Since Industrialization	
(Cross-listed with WGST 362)	
History (HIST) 368	Identify patterns of continuity and change in Indigenous ways of life
Indigenous Peoples in	from earliest times to 1830.
Canada to 1830	Explain major events and trends in Indigenous histories from earliest times to 1830 by recalling narratives, arguments, and detailed examples
(Cross-listed with INST 368)	from the course-assigned reading material.
Revision 6	Investigate how and to what ends knowledge about pre-Contact Indigenous peoples is (and has been) created, as well as how that knowledge has been (and continues to be) challenged and revised over time.
	Describe the complex nature of relationships among different Indigenous groups from earliest times to 1830, as well as between Indigenous and non-Indigenous peoples from Contact to 1830.
History (HIST) 369	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Indigenous Peoples in Canada Since 1830	
(Cross listed with INICT	
(Cross-listed with INST 369)	
,	Analyse key perspectives on major issues in Canadian Metis history, and
369)	Analyse key perspectives on major issues in Canadian Metis history, and assess the evidence used by proponents of opposing views.
369)  History (HIST) 370  The Metis  (Cross-listed with INST	
369) History (HIST) 370 The Metis	assess the evidence used by proponents of opposing views.  Outline the major social, economic, and political events in the history of
369)  History (HIST) 370  The Metis (Cross-listed with INST 370)	assess the evidence used by proponents of opposing views.  Outline the major social, economic, and political events in the history of the Metis.  Discuss the key sources used by historians in the writing of Metis
369)  History (HIST) 370  The Metis (Cross-listed with INST 370)	assess the evidence used by proponents of opposing views.  Outline the major social, economic, and political events in the history of the Metis.  Discuss the key sources used by historians in the writing of Metis history.  Attempt, with confidence, further secondary and possibly primary
369)  History (HIST) 370  The Metis (Cross-listed with INST 370)  Revision 1	assess the evidence used by proponents of opposing views.  Outline the major social, economic, and political events in the history of the Metis.  Discuss the key sources used by historians in the writing of Metis history.  Attempt, with confidence, further secondary and possibly primary research on a topic in Metis history.



Discuss the debates among historians about the nature of the Italian Renaissance since Jacob Burckhardt's pioneering and seminal interpretation of the subject.
Describe the political geography of the Italian states between 1350 and 1600.
Outline the key events in the history of Italy during the Renaissance era.
Explain the intellectual life of Renaissance Italy, including the Humanist and neo-Platonist movements.
Discuss the artistic advances made by painters, sculptors, and architects in Italy during the Renaissance era.
Analyze the social and economic underpinning of cultural life in Italy during the Renaissance, including the patronage system and the impact of printing technology.
Examine the religious, political, and domestic uses of art, changes in popular taste, and the communication of ideas and values through iconography and allegory.
Outline the lives and artistic careers of key Italian artists and identify their most celebrated works.
The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.



History (HIST) 404	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Historical Foundations of Modern Science	
History (HIST) 407	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The Enlightenment	
(Cross-listed with HUMN 407)	
History (HIST) 455	Discuss the main currents in Canadian foreign policy from 1945 to 1991.
Canada and the Bomb: Canada and the World in the Cold	Discuss the principal frameworks for the analysis of and the major debates over Canadian foreign policy during the Cold War era.
War  Revision 3	Assess the impact of the Cold War on the development of Canadian foreign policy.
Revision 3	Analyse the impact of Cold War ideology on Canadian domestic policies.
	Sharpen and hone critical analytical skills through a study of Canada and the Cold War.
History (HIST) 460	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Famous Feminists and Their Times: Global History of Feminism	
(Cross-listed with GLST 460 & WGST 460)	
History (HIST) 486	Understand the general outline of the Industrial Revolution.
The Industrial Revolution	Assess multiple perspectives on each issue.
Revision 3	Synthesize the course content and formulate some of your own conclusions.
	Discuss each of the topics below and come to a well-argued conclusion on:
	a) How the Industrial Revolution changed British social order and British demography.
	b) How the Industrial Revolution impacted the role of children and women in British society and in the workforce.
	c) The relationship between the Industrial Revolution and the modern labour movement.
	d) The dynamics that created the Industrial Revolution overall.



	e) The latest historiographical trends in the Industrial Revolution.
History (HIST) 491	Directed Study courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Directed Studies in North American History	Directed Study Courses carriot be sought through PLAR.
History (HIST) 492	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Special Project in European History	
HLST: Health Studies	5
Health Studies (HLST) 200	Define and use common terms in personal health and wellness.
Introduction to	Critically evaluate your own personal health and wellness based on multiple tools.
Human Health I Revision 9	Define, explain, and distinguish between various illnesses, diseases, and lifestyle choices that impact one's health and wellness.
	Argue for the importance of prevention, treatment, and study of major illnesses, diseases and lifestyle choice to improve individual health and wellness.
	Communicate ideas clearly in a written format, including accurate grammar, syntax, and spelling.
Health Studies (HLST) 301 Alternative Therapies	Discuss the range of alternative therapies practised in Canada, including the claims made by the proponents of these therapies, possible situations in which the therapies maybe recommended, the contraindications, and relevant evidence based on research findings.
Revision 1	Describe the research methods used to investigate alternative therapies.
	Discuss trends and issues in alternative therapies.
Health Studies (HLST) 320	Describe the complexities and realities of health teaching from a personal and theoretical perspective,
Teaching and Learning for Health Professionals	Apply the teaching-learning process to a health-related situation in a systematic manner that reflects the principles of teaching and learning presented in this course.
Revision 9	
HRMT: Human Resou	urce Management
Human Resource Management (HRMT) 208	Discuss the history of and current framework for retirement income provision in Canada.



Introduction to Pensions Representation	Summarize the key components, roles, and considerations involved in the establishment, management, and oversight of employer-sponsored pension plans in Canada.
Revision 4	Describe and compare the main features, including issues of risk sharing, of the two main types of pension plans—defined benefit and defined contribution.
	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of different types of pension plans from various perspectives, including that of employers and employees.
	Describe the reasons and requirements for funding and the role of the actuary in defined benefit pensions.
	Outline basic investment tools, policy requirements, and management structures for pension plans.
	Discuss how and why environmental, social, and governance factors may be incorporated into pension plan investment strategies.
	Describe and compare the main features of pension standards legislation and tax-related legislation for pension plans.
	Discuss fiduciary relationships in the context of pension plan governance.
	Describe the role of governance in the oversight of pension plans, develop a basic governance structure, and assess the appropriateness of different governance processes.
Human Resource Management (HRMT) 300	Explain the types of strategic orientations that executives may choose and how HR may align with them.
	Outline the environmental factors that influence HRM.
Human Resource Planning	Identify and describe effective HR forecasting processes.
Revision 4	Discuss the processes used to predict the supply of and demand for employees.
	Discuss effective techniques for succession management.
	Outline the role of information technology in HR planning.
	Explain why change management is important for HR planning.
	Describe the HR implications of strategic decisions to outsource, downsize, merge, restructure, and establish international operations.
	Explain the multiple methods for evaluating the effectiveness of HR practices.
Human Resource Management (HRMT) 301	Describe recruitment and selection (R&S) and their contribution to employment and organizational success.



Recruitment and Selection Revision 6	Describe some of the key issues and underlying choices involved in R&S systems as they relate to such concepts such as a people-centred agenda.
	Identify key elements of human rights and employment equity and their implications for R&S, with specific reference to landmark decisions and awards.
	Identify and interpret the key components and determinants of R&S plans, and analyze their fit with key HRM policy choices.
	Identify some of the employee characteristics sought by organizations and workplaces, and relate them to such key concepts as <i>competencies</i> and <i>human capital</i> .
	Link the process of staffing with employee development.
Human Resource Management (HRMT) 322	Understand the basic principles of Canadian employment law, particularly as it relates to non-unionized workplaces.
Employment Law	Deal confidently and competently with common employment law questions and practical problems in non-unionized workplaces.
Revision 6	
Human Resource Management (HRMT) 323	The primary goal of this course is to provide you with an overview and basic understanding of workers' compensation systems as they operate in Canada today. When you have completed this course you should be able to:
Injury Compensation and Disability Management	Outline the historical and philosophical bases of workers' compensation in Canada.
Revision 2	Describe how compensable injuries are classified and note the impact that the changing nature of work is having on this assessment.
	Describe the benefits that workers with compensable injuries are entitled to.
	Discuss the way in which workers' compensation is financed.
	Describe the process by which workers' compensation board decisions can be appealed.
	Discuss five contemporary issues in workers' compensation (return to tort, privatization, chronic pain, drug testing, and strikes and lockouts), each of which is important in its own right, and explain how workers' compensation is connected to the broader political and industrial relations environment.
Human Resource Management (HRMT)	Answer the following questions about compensation:
326	Why do organizations develop reward and compensation systems?
	How do organizations develop reward and compensation systems?



Compensation Strategies and Practices	How the strategic framework for compensation can be used to design effective reward and compensation systems?	
Revision 6	How do the three main managerial strategies affect compensation?	
Revision o	What are the main ways employees can be compensated?	
	What is the purpose and process of job evaluation and job analysis?	
	How do employers formulate a compensation system, and what factors affect this decision?	
	How do organizations set and adjust compensation to motivate and reward individual workers?	
	Why and when do organizations provide indirect compensation to employee groups?	
	How does one implement and evaluate a compensation system?	
Human Resource Management (HRMT) 386	Explain the key purposes and functions of human resource management from both a technical and political perspective.	
Introduction to	Conduct a work-flow and job analysis to identify employee competencies required by an employer.	
Human Resource Management	Apply planning, recruitment, and selection techniques to identify and fill staffing requirements.	
Revision 8	Conduct a compensation analysis in order to set salaries for a position.	
	Apply knowledge of the legal framework of employment to analyze a dispute and recommend resolution.	
	Identify common forms of gender-based discrimination in HRM practices and propose remedies.	
Human Resource Management (HRMT) 441	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.	
Strategic Human Resource Management		
HSRV: Human Services		
Human Services (HSRV) 201	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.	
Social Work and Human Services		
Human Services (HSRV) 306	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.	



Critical Reflection for Practice	
Human Services (HSRV) 311	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Social Justice in Action	
Human Services (HSRV) 322	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Ideology and Policy Evolution	
Human Services (HSRV) 363	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Governance	
(Cross-listed with GOVN 380)	
Revision 3	
Human Services (HSRV) 400	Understand and critically analyze the new and emerging paradigm of leadership and practice.
Governance and Leadership	Discuss the role of key external forces, sectors and institutions that shape the development of leaders and leadership in the 21st century.
(Cross-listed with GOVN 400 & POLI	Reflect and articulate your own personal leadership development.
400)	Understand the concept of governance and analyze the shifting paradigm.
Revision 4	Analyze the influence of individuals and groups of citizens as leaders across the various sectors through interest groups and social movements.
	Analyze and evaluate how leadership across the various governance models influences and informs relationships, communications, and interactions.
	Analyze the implications, challenges, and opportunities for leadership in view of the changing external factors.
Human Services (HSRV) 470	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Activism and Social Movement Making	



(Cross-listed with WGST 470)	
Human Services (HSRV) 489	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Capstone: A Synthesis of Program Learning Outcomes	
<b>HUMN: Humanities</b>	
Humanities (HUMN) 202	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The West from the Enlightenment to the 21 <sup>st</sup> Century	
(Cross-listed with HIST 202)	
Humanities (HUMN) 309	Summarize major political developments among the ancient Greeks.
Ancient Greece	Summarize the major philosophical developments of the ancient Greeks.
(Cross-listed with CLAS 309 & HIST 309)	Summarize the achievements of the ancient Greeks in architecture and theatre.
Revision 4	Locate and select scholarly writings relevant to the study of ancient Greece.
	Report on a scholarly article.
	Write a research paper on an approved topic using secondary sources and relevant primary sources in translation.
Humanities (HUMN) 312	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Ancient Rome	
(Cross-listed with CLAS 312 & HIST 312)	
Humanities (HUMN) 313	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Early Christians	
(Cross-listed with HIST 313 & RELS 313)	
Humanities (HUMN) 407	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.



The Enlightenment	
(Cross-listed with HIST 407 & CLST 412)	
IDRL: Industrial Rela	tions
Industrial Relations (IDRL) 215	Explain how the labour market operates and how it affects the distribution of power in employment relationships.
Introduction to Labour Relations	Describe the role of the state and its interventions in the employment relationship.
Revision 2	Define, compare, and contrast the key theoretical perspectives in labour relations and how the perspectives shape the practice of labour relations.
	Explain the underlying logic of trade unionism, the structure of the labour movement and the practice of unionism in Canada.
	Outline the key steps in the labour relations process from certification through bargaining, conflict resolution and administration of the collective agreement.
	Identify how public sector labour relations differs from other forms of labour relations.
	Identify and discuss contemporary issues facing labour relations practitioners and researchers.
Industrial Relations (IDRL) 308	Explain the legislated obligations of employers and the rights of workers regarding workplace safety and injury compensation.
Occupational Health and Safety	Identify various forms of workplace hazards and select appropriate strategies to identify and control such hazards.
Revision 7	Plan appropriate interventions to prevent and respond to workplace injuries.
	Describe and evaluate the major conflicts associated with the treatment of scientific evidence concerning health and safety hazards on the job.
	Identify the converging and conflicting interests of employers, workers, and the state in terms of injury prevention, and explain how some of these interests affect injury prevention efforts.
Industrial Relations (IDRL) 309 Human Rights, the	Identify, define, and differentiate three categories of human rights (civic, political, and social), explicate their relationship to "natural rights," and identify the provincial, national, and international repositories of these rights.
Charter and Labour Relations (Cross-listed with LGST 310)	Explain the relationships and tensions that exist between different types of human rights, and between these rights and liberal democracy and global capitalism.



Revision 3	Identify and explain the impact of Canadian human rights in the workplace (including provincial human rights statutes and the <i>Charter of Rights and Freedoms</i> ), as well as how these laws differentially protect each category of human rights.  Identify the key trends in Canadian jurisprudence that affect the regulation and practice of unionization and collective bargaining.  Construct an argument about the degree to which human rights are compatible with or can be accommodated within a capitalist economy, with specific reference to Canadian jurisprudence.
Industrial Relations (IDRL) 316	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The Practice of Labour Relations	
Industrial Relations (IDRL) 320	IDRL 320 is a senior-level course examining the framework of law related to work and employment in Canada, including common law,
The Law of Work	employment law, and labour law. After completing IDRL 320, you should be able to:
Revision 8	Describe the historical origins of work law in Canada and the political
	and economic context that shapes it.
	Explain the central principles and concepts that define employment in Canada.
	Outline the key features of common law as it applies to employment.
	Identify the central rights and obligations stipulated in statutory and regulatory employment law.
	Describe the legal framework of Canada's collective bargaining regime.
	Summarize important recent jurisprudence that is shifting employment law in Canada.
	Discuss international law and how it applies to Canada.
	Consider the implications of emerging work patterns to work law.
Industrial Relations (IDRL) 496	Define labour education and explain how it is different from other forms of education.
Comparative Labour Education	Outline the history of labour education in Canada and its relations to changing socioeconomic and political contexts.
Revision 4	Use different theories to understand how workers learn in the workplace and how this learning might be advanced by labour education.
	Understand what labour educators might learn from the educational activities in other social movements.



	Design your own labour educational.	
INBU: Indigenous Business Studies		
Indigenous Business Studies (INBU) 201	Explain what makes an Indigenous business unique in terms of its economic roles, constraints, and opportunities.	
Introduction to Indigenous Business	Identify the ways in which cultural values and social responsibility shape the behaviour of businesses in an Indigenous context.	
Revision 2	Analyze governance as an Indigenous business issue.	
	Describe the contributions Indigenous businesses and Indigenous entrepreneurs make to building self-sufficiency.	
	Discuss the four primary business functions: accounting, finance, management, and marketing.	
	Explore the concepts of leadership and management in an Indigenous context.	
	Discuss the supply chain and production of goods.	
Indigenous Business Studies (INBU) 350	Demonstrate knowledge and skills on market research, data collection, and analysis in an Indigenous and Canadian context.	
Indigenous Marketing and Data Collection and Analysis	Exhibit management skills to plan, organize, design, direct, and control market research, collect secondary data in an Indigenous and Canadian marketplace.	
Revision 1	Draw on critical perspectives, of Indigenous ethical research design, research, analysis, and reporting.	
	Demonstrate knowledge and skills of sampling, measuring, qualitative and quantitative research, analysis, reporting, and communicating.	
	Demonstrate knowledge and skills of Indigenous holistic research, design, and analysis.	
	Explain marketing and research in an Indigenous Peoples context in terms of consumer and community needs, values, and culture.	
	Identify the ways in which cultural values, social responsibility, and nation building shape Indigenous business enterprises and community services in an Indigenous context.	
Indigenous Business Studies (INBU) 461	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.	
Indigenous Community Planning and Economic Development I		
Indigenous Business Studies (INBU) 462	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.	



Indigenous Community Planning and Economic Development II	
Indigenous Business Studies (INBU) 490	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Applied Research in Indigenous Business	
INST: Indigenous Stu	ıdies
Indigenous Studies (INST) 203 Indigenous Studies I	Discuss the anthropological, political, and sociological concepts currently used in academic discussions analyzing contemporary Aboriginal—White relations in Canada.
Revision 4	Analyse the main legal and statutory documents that form the basis of Canadian federal and provincial government policies for Aboriginal peoples.
	Analyse the impact of Canadian government policies on Aboriginal cultures.
	Discuss how different contexts affect the meaning of terminology used to describe Aboriginal people in Canada, and how these contexts can change over time.
	Analyse the response of Aboriginal leaders and organizations to challenges posed by loss of Aboriginal independence, and by non-Aboriginal governments' attempts to assimilate Indigenous peoples.
	Analyse Indian treaties and Aboriginal rights as defined by Aboriginal people and by the Canadian judicial system.
	Discuss the emergence of the Métis as an Aboriginal ethnic group, and its role in shaping provincial and federal government policies in Canada.
Indigenous Studies (INST) 205	Discuss the concepts "colonialism," "decolonization," and "Indian self-government."
Indigenous Studies II Revision 3	Compare the process of decolonization underway among Aboriginal peoples in other countries with that being undertaken by Aboriginal
This course is under revision. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.	peoples in Canada.  Assess the impact of Euro-Canadian-oriented modernization processes on the indigenous inhabitants of Canada's North.
	Describe and assess the responses of northern Aboriginal communities, and Aboriginal political organizations and leaders, to the Euro-Canadian-oriented social, cultural, economic, and political development processes imposed on the Aboriginal residents of the North.
	Discuss the history of Aboriginal land claims in Canada.
	Discuss several judicial opinions about Aboriginal land claims.



Indigenous Studies (INST) 301	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Indigenous Education	
Indigenous Studies (INST) 348	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Aboriginal Justice in Canada	
Indigenous Studies (INST) 358	Discuss the variety and importance of Aboriginal women's activities in, and contributions to, indigenous and mainstream societies.
Aboriginal Women in Canada Revision 1	Place indigenous communities of Canada in the context of global, historical, and contemporary patterns of colonialism, modernism, and resistance.
Revision	Appreciate the strengths to be gained from First Nations' cultural traditions.
	Understand the roots of current patterns of abuse and oppression arising from, among others, residential schooling.
	Discuss ways of overcoming and reshaping negative consequences.
	Apply your knowledge and understanding to developing positive approaches at the individual and community level.
Indigenous Studies (INST) 368	Identify patterns of continuity and change in Indigenous ways of life from earliest times to 1830.
Indigenous Peoples in Canada to 1830	Explain major events and trends in Indigenous histories from earliest times to 1830 by recalling narratives, arguments, and detailed examples from the course-assigned reading material.
(Cross-listed HIST 368) Revision 6	Investigate how and to what ends knowledge about pre-Contact Indigenous peoples is (and has been) created, as well as how that knowledge has been (and continues to be) challenged and revised over time.
	Describe the complex nature of relationships among different Indigenous groups from earliest times to 1830, as well as between Indigenous and non-Indigenous peoples from Contact to 1830.
Indigenous Studies (INST) 369	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Indigenous Peoples in Canada Since 1830	
(Cross listed HIST 369)	
Indigenous Studies (INST) 370	Analyse key perspectives on major issues in Canadian Metis history, and assess the evidence used by proponents of opposing views.



The Metis	Outline the major social, economic, and political events in the history of the Metis.
(Cross-listed with HIST 370)	Discuss the key sources used by historians in the writing of Metis history.
Revision 1	Attempt, with confidence, further secondary and possibly primary
	research on a topic in Metis history.
Indigenous Studies (INST) 390/391	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Individual / Group Research Projects in Indigenous Studies	
Indigenous Studies (INST) 420	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Indigenous Resistance	
Indigenous Studies (INST) 493	This directed research course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Individual Directed Research in	
Government and Laws	
	<u> </u>
INTR: International F	Relations
INTR: International F International Relations (INTR) 230	Demonstrate a basic understanding of globalization as a concept and as a process.
International	Demonstrate a basic understanding of globalization as a concept and
International Relations (INTR) 230 Globalization and World Politics (Cross-listed with	Demonstrate a basic understanding of globalization as a concept and as a process.
International Relations (INTR) 230 Globalization and World Politics	Demonstrate a basic understanding of globalization as a concept and as a process.  Identify the key institutions and policies that promote globalization.  Explain the historical relationship between globalization and world
International Relations (INTR) 230 Globalization and World Politics (Cross-listed with GLST 230 & POEC 230)	Demonstrate a basic understanding of globalization as a concept and as a process.  Identify the key institutions and policies that promote globalization.  Explain the historical relationship between globalization and world politics.  Recognize the importance of using a variety of analytical tools and
International Relations (INTR) 230 Globalization and World Politics (Cross-listed with GLST 230 & POEC 230)	Demonstrate a basic understanding of globalization as a concept and as a process.  Identify the key institutions and policies that promote globalization.  Explain the historical relationship between globalization and world politics.  Recognize the importance of using a variety of analytical tools and theoretical perspectives to understand the processes of globalization.  Use an informed understanding of globalization to explain and interpret
International Relations (INTR) 230 Globalization and World Politics (Cross-listed with GLST 230 & POEC 230)	Demonstrate a basic understanding of globalization as a concept and as a process.  Identify the key institutions and policies that promote globalization.  Explain the historical relationship between globalization and world politics.  Recognize the importance of using a variety of analytical tools and theoretical perspectives to understand the processes of globalization.  Use an informed understanding of globalization to explain and interpret key issues in contemporary world politics.  Situate yourself as a citizen within the complex dynamics of globalization and world politics through recognition of their impact on



(Cross-listed with POLI 330)	
International Relations (INTR) 395	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Political Economy of Development: People, Processes, and Policies	
(Cross-listed with GLST 395 & POEC 395)	
International Relations (INTR) 483	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
International Political Economy: The Politics of Globalization	
(Cross-listed with GLST 483 & POEC 483)	
LBST: Labour Studies	S
Labour Studies (LBST) 200	Explain the range and focus of labour studies.
Introduction to	Distinguish between different approaches to labour studies.
Labour Studies	Describe key themes in the history of the Canadian labour movement.
Revision 2	Place your own workplace experiences in a broader social and historical context.
	Explain the relationship between unions, the economy, and political action.
	Discuss the future of work and unions.
Labour Studies (LBST) 330	Describe both the "business" view and the "workers" view on economic issues.
Workers and the Economy	Discuss how the positions taken on economic issues are not neutral, but often depend on one's social position and ability to articulate their situation.
(Cross-listed with ECON 330)	Describe how economic ideas are used as a way of presenting different personal and societal interests.
Revision 1	Explain why economic issues are often considered to be under the exclusive domain of business managers, company owners, politicians, and media pundits.
	Substitute the business view on economic issues with that of the working people.



	Describe the impact that workers' job performances, purchasing decisions, and their association with trade unions, political parties, and/or nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) has on the state of the economy.
	Describe how the business view and the workers' view of economics underlines different aspects of the economy and the conclusions each group reaches with respect to economic decision making.
	Select the appropriate tools, locate the correct information, and formulate appropriate arguments and analyses of various economic issues.
Labour Studies (LBST) 332	Discuss the development of the union movement, the changing role of women in the paid work force, and the relationship between the two.
Women and Unions	Appreciate the dynamic interplay among employers, union organizations, and both men and women union members, and
(Cross listed with SOCI 332 & WGST 332)  Revision 1	therefore, the varied outcomes that occur as a result of factors such as the industry, the size of the union, the proportion of women members, and so on.
Revision	Assess the contribution of the union movement to improving the status of employed women, in the context of the economic, legislative and ideological parameters within which unions work.
	Understand the important current issues being debated in the union movement with regard to the concerns of women members.
Labour Studies (LBST) 335	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Global Labour History	
(Cross-listed with GLST 335 & HIST 335)	
Labour Studies (LBST) 411/412	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Special Projects in Labour Studies I & II	
Labour Studies (LBST) 415	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Sex Work and Sex Workers	
LGST: Legal Studies	
Legal Studies (LGST) 230	Describe what we mean by law in Canada in comparison to other normative systems and explain some leading theories of law.
The Canadian Legal System	Describe the two legal systems found in Canada and explain their differences.



Revision 6	Explain the structure of the Canadian legal system and describe the role
REVISION	and function of the judiciary.
	Explain the basic principles of Canadian tort, contract, property, business, family, administrative, and criminal law.
	Describe the nature and sources of civil liberties in Canada.
	Identify the different branches of legal professionals in Canada and describe their educational requirements.
	Explain what is meant by access to justice and law reform and describe some initiatives in both areas.
Legal Studies (LGST) 249	Identify the basic structures of the law and legal institutions in your jurisdiction.
Legal Literacy Revision 3	Describe the main elements of the legal system in your jurisdiction and how they relate to each other.
Nevision 5	Describe the most common legal processes used in your jurisdiction and identify the major steps taken in each of them.
	Recognize when words are being used in a different way for legal purposes and know how to find their meaning when that happens.
	Find laws in your jurisdiction that are relevant to your needs.
	Read and analyze laws and other legal materials to grasp their basic meaning.
	Use the results of your knowledge and research into law to assert your rights and interests.
Legal Studies (LGST) 310 Human Rights, the Charter and Labour	Identify, define, and differentiate three categories of human rights (civic, political, and social), explicate their relationship to "natural rights," and identify the provincial, national, and international repositories of these rights.
Relations (Cross-listed with IDRL 309)	Explain the relationships and tensions that exist between different types of human rights, and between these rights and liberal democracy and global capitalism.
Revision 2	Identify and explain the impact of Canadian human rights in the workplace (including provincial human rights statutes and the <i>Charter of Rights and Freedoms</i> ), as well as how these laws differentially protect each category of human rights.
	Identify the key trends in Canadian jurisprudence that affect the regulation and practice of unionization and collective bargaining.
	Construct an argument about the degree to which human rights are compatible with or can be accommodated within a capitalist economy, with specific reference to Canadian jurisprudence.



Legal Studies (LGST) 331

Administrative Law

Revision 3

Explain what law is and the difference between substantive and procedural law; statute law and common law; public law and private law; and statutes and subordinate legislation.

Explain briefly what the Charter of Rights and Freedoms is, and when it can apply to a tribunal.

Identify the role of government-appointed boards, tribunals, and agencies.

Discuss the necessity to interpret statutes, regulations, and bylaws.

Outline the traditional and modern approaches to statutory interpretation.

Identify the tools for interpreting statutes.

Explain how administrative agencies and tribunals help carry out policy in the three branches of government.

Describe how the system of agencies developed and how they have modified the traditional approach to administering and enforcing laws.

List the issues these agencies raise for government accountability and independence.

Describe the various types of tribunals and other agencies and their differences.

Explain the similarities and differences between tribunals and courts.

List the principles of administrative law.

Discuss the importance of the concept of jurisdiction for administrative agencies.

Explain the concept of discretion and how it must be exercised.

Apply the rules of fair procedure in different contexts.

Briefly explain the rule against subdelegation.

Describe the role of the Charter of Rights and Freedoms in administrative law.

Explain where the rules of procedural fairness come from.

Explain the right to a hearing as the first main component of the rules of natural justice.

Describe the components of a hearing process that complies with the right to a hearing.

Discuss why impartiality is an essential component of procedural fairness.

Identify the two elements of impartiality.



Explain the relationship between a tribunal's independence and its impartiality.

List the factors that may be taken into account in determining whether a tribunal has an institutional bias.

Identify and explain the different kinds of interests that may lead a party to believe an adjudicator is biased.

Discuss how to effectively represent a party in the administrative process.

Explain how to obtain the information needed where processes are not transparent.

Identify the steps to follow in preparing a case before a tribunal.

Describe how to be an effective advocate before a tribunal.

Outline what is required in a tribunal's notice of hearing.

Explain what procedures may be used by a tribunal prior to the hearing to identify participants and issues.

Describe the rights and responsibilities of parties regarding their participation prior to and during hearings.

Explain the differences between an oral hearing, an electronic hearing, and a written hearing.

Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each of these hearing formats.

Outline the roles of various participants in a hearing.

Identify the stages of a hearing and the procedures usually followed at each stage.

Distinguish between the kinds of information a tribunal will and will not receive from parties in a hearing.

Explain how a tribunal determines whether information is admissible as evidence at a hearing.

Discuss what makes evidence relevant, reliable, necessary, and fair.

Explain the difference between direct evidence and circumstantial evidence, between fact and opinion, and between direct observation and hearsay.

Explain how the credibility of a witness is assessed.

Describe the order of presentation of evidence.

Identify the source and scope of a tribunal's authority to manage and control the conduct of a hearing.



Describe the kinds of conduct at a hearing that are considered unusual or unacceptable.

List the steps a tribunal can take to deal with unusual or unacceptable conduct.

Explain why hearing participants should not discuss any aspect of the case with a tribunal member unless all other participants are also present.

Explain why tribunal members should limit their social contact with participants in a hearing and with individuals and organizations that are likely to appear before the tribunal.

Discuss whether participants and tribunal members should talk to the media about a case that is underway.

Explain why tribunal members should not comment publicly on tribunal decisions.

Describe the kind of information on which a decision must be based.

Identify the sources of assistance to a tribunal in making its decision and drafting its reasons.

Explain the importance of giving reasons for a decision.

Explain how the requirement of procedural fairness affects the way the decision is communicated.

List the most common reasons for challenging decisions of tribunals and administrative agencies.

Describe the avenues available for challenging decisions.

Discuss the circumstances in which these review mechanisms are available.

Explain who is entitled to make use of the review process.

Explain how a decision is "stayed" and the effect of that on a party.

Describe the remedies available in the case of a successful challenge.

Describe the source of the authority to enforce tribunal decisions or orders.

Discuss the various methods of enforcing tribunal orders and the circumstances in which a particular enforcement mechanism may be used.

Explain the remedies available from a court once it has been established that a tribunal order has not been followed.

Legal Studies (LGST) 369

Explain the structure of the Canadian legal system and describe common legal processes.



Commercial Law Revision 10	Explain the basic principles of Canadian tort, contract and property law, and describe the common forms of business organization in Canada.
	Analyze factual situations and identify legal problems which might arise from them to avoid problems if possible.
	Analyze legal problems and apply problem solving techniques to identify possible responses and choose from among them.
	Identify and evaluate potential legal risks and liabilities from a business perspective.
	Use this knowledge and these skills to assert and protect rights and interests, seeking and instructing professional help when necessary.
Legal Studies (LGST) 377	Explain how controlling information affects the functioning of democracy and the autonomy of individuals.
Issues in Access to	Explain the tension that exists between information access and privacy.
Information & Privacy Protection  (Cross-listed with CRJS 377 & GOVN 377)  Revision 1	Explain how new technologies are affecting the ability to collect, store, and disseminate information and describe the effect this is having on protecting privacy.
	Discuss the central issues facing the access and privacy regulatory regimes in such diverse areas as information management, research, public safety, and social networking.
	Explain the evolution of regulatory regimes globally with reference to both past events and future possibilities.
Legal Studies (LGST) 489	Describe the field of alternative dispute resolution and the most common processes used by dispute resolvers.
Alternative Dispute Resolution	Explain how ADR differs from traditional legal processes and describe ADR's strengths and weaknesses.
Revision 3	Analyze a situation of actual or potential conflict and describe how ADR might be used to help resolve it.
	Demonstrate at a basic level the interpersonal skills needed to engage in the various forms of ADR.
	Demonstrate their knowledge of the procedures and techniques needed to engage in the various forms of ADR.
	Recognize and explain specific issues and concerns associated with using ADR, such as gender, power, and culture, and the potential impact of these issues on the process, the client, the practitioner, and the appropriateness of ADR.
	Explain the importance of ADR within the Canadian justice system and describe how ADR responds to issues of equity, diversity, and inclusion.
	List some themes and describe some processes associated with Indigenous dispute resolution in Canada.



MATH: Mathematics	
Math (MATH) 101  Transitional Mathematics (0 credits)	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Math (MATH) 209 Finite Mathematics Revision 11	Demonstrate a foundational understanding of finite mathematics, with a focus on linear equations and inequalities, matrices, functions and graphing, and linear programming.  Apply introductory methods of mathematical finance, Markov chains, and game theory.  Use finite Mathematical methods for applied problem solving in economics, business, social sciences, and life sciences.  Apply your knowledge to pursue further learning in discrete mathematics (including MATH 309).  Communicate mathematical ideas and analyses in a clear and organized manner.
Math (MATH) 215 Introduction to Statistics Revision 10	Organize, summarize, and display data in a meaningful way.  Compute various measures of center, variability, and position of data sets.  Apply basic rules of probability to calculate likelihoods of random events.  Use appropriate probability distributions to estimate and test hypotheses about parameters of single and multiple populations.  Perform goodness-of-fit tests and analyze cross-tabulated data.  Use linear correlation and regression methods to analyze relationships in bivariate data.
Math (MATH) 216  Computer-Oriented Approach to Statistics  Revision 5	Apply the basic principles of statistical analysis using statistical software.  Employ the tools of descriptive statistics to organize, summarize, and present information in a meaningful way.  Predict the likelihood of real-world events, based on rules of probability and common probability distributions.  Estimate and test hypotheses regarding characteristics of both single and multiple populations.  Identify patterns of relationships between qualitative variables.



	Employ linear correlation and regression methods to analyze relationships between quantitative variables.
	Responsibly use statistical methods by testing the underlying assumptions.
Math (MATH) 244 Business Mathematics Revision 10	Demonstrate mastery of mathematical concepts that are foundational in business mathematics, including functions and their mappings, linear systems and their solutions, and descriptive statistics and their applications.  Demonstrate an understanding of basic marketing mathematics by
	solving relevant problems, including trade discounts, cash discounting, and markup and markdown calculations.  Apply the principles of simple interest to solve relevant problems in financial applications such as simple-interest-based loans.
	Use the principles of compound interest to solve relevant problems in financial applications—for example, those involving annuities, loans and mortgages, bonds and sinking funds, and investment decisions.
Math (MATH) 260  Calculus for Social Sciences and	Demonstrate a foundational understanding of single- and multivariable calculus for social sciences and economics, with a focus on functions and graphing, optimization, differentiation, and integration.
Economics Revision 5	Use single- and multivariable calculus methods for applied problem solving in business and social sciences.
	Apply knowledge gained in this course to future learning in calculus or other calculus-based courses.  Communicate mathematical ideas and analyses in a clear and
	organized manner.
Math (MATH) 265 Introduction to	Use functions to establish mathematical models.  Apply definitions and theorems to evaluate limits.
Calculus I Revision 7	Give the geometric and physical interpretation of the derivative of a function.
	Differentiate algebraic and trigonometric functions.
	Solve related rate problems.
	Apply differentiation to sketch graphs of elementary and trigonometric functions.
	Apply differentiation to solve optimization problems.
	State and interpret the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus
	Apply integration to find areas between curves, solve problems on work, and find the average value of a function.
Math (MATH) 266	Identify invertible functions.



Define exponential, logarithmic and hyperbolic functions.
Evaluate limits using L'Hospital's Rule.
Apply different techniques in order to integrate.
Find the volume of solids of revolutions.
Find the arc length of a function and the area of a surface of revolution.
Determine convergent and divergent series.
Represent a function as power series.
Apply Taylor polynomials in differentiation and integration.
The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Demonstrate a foundational understanding of discrete mathematics,
with a focus on formal logic, set theory, counting, and Automata.
Use discrete mathematical methods for applied problem solving in computer science, counting both combinations and permutations, identifying languages over alphabets, and creating finite-state automatons to model specific processes.
Apply background knowledge to pursue further learning in related advanced mathematics and computer science courses.
Apply foundational skills in the development of mathematical proofs.
Communicate mathematical ideas, and analyses in a clear and organized manner.
The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Demonstrate a foundational understanding of multivariable calculus,
with a focus on analytic geometry in two- and three-dimensional space, vectors, partial derivatives, and multiple integrals.
Use multivariable calculus methods for applied problem solving in various areas, with a focus on sciences.
Pursue further learning in complex variables, including MATH 366 and other calculus-based courses.
Communicate mathematical ideas and analyses in a clear and organized manner.



Math (MATH) 366	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Complex Variables I	
Math (MATH) 370	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Applied Real Analysis	
Math (MATH) 376	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Ordinary Differential Equations	
Math (MATH) 409	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Number Theory	
Math (MATH) 476	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Partial Differential Equations	
Math (MATH) 480	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Mathematical Modeling I	
Math (MATH) 481	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Mathematical Modeling II	
Math (MATH) 492	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Special Study I	
Math (MATH) 493	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Special Study II	
Math (MATH) 495/496	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Mathematics Projects I & II	
MGSC: Management Science	
Management Science (MGSC) 205	Critically evaluate the benefits of project management for organizations and individuals.
Introduction to	Explain the importance of interpersonal skills in project management.
Project Management Revision 2	At a novice level, carry out activities appropriate to the four sequential stages of a project's life cycle and the specific project management deliverables related to each stage.



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	Use a conceptual tool kit that you have developed to prepare yourself to participate as an entry level project team member.
	Locate, gather, and organize information using appropriate online technologies and resources.
	Use self-assessment techniques to monitor personal learning strengths and areas for development.
Management Science (MGSC) 301	Articulate the importance of statistics in making business decisions.
Statistics for Business	Apply the basic concepts, tools, and techniques of statistics.
and Economics I	Demonstrate quantitative skills and statistical reasoning.
Revision 9	Collect data and do basic statistical tests to validate or reject a hypothesis.
	Assess the probability of different events occurring.
	Appropriately use probability distributions such as the normal probability distribution, Poisson, and Binomial probability distribution to calculate their associated probabilities.
Management Science (MGSC) 312 Statistics for Business and Economics II Revision 8	Determine whether to reject a hypothesized probability distribution for a multinomial, Poisson, and/or normal distribution, using tests for goodness of fit and independence.
	Study an analysis of variance (ANOVA) procedure to determine whether means of two or more populations are equal.
	Use test statistics to examine differences in treatment means and differences in interactions between factors.
	Analyze and measure the strength of linear relationship between two variables.
	Estimate a dependent variable based on independent variables using digital analysis via MS-Excel.
	Determine various index numbers in which the weight of each item is based on quantities in the base and current periods.
	Predict the value of a variable in future time periods based on past data.
	Apply statistical methods to determine differences between two populations involving ordinal, interval/ratio scale, or rank order data.
	Determine whether quality standards are being met and whether production processes are in control using control limits and MS-Excel charts.
Management Science	Define and discuss operations management.
(MGSC) 368 Introduction to	Determine supply chain transformation processes of various types of organizations.
Production and	



Operations Management	Discuss the product design and development process tools, analyse flowcharts, and study breakeven analysis.
Revision 10	Analyse and solve some variations of the processing problem using quantitative or qualitative input and assembling line balancing problems using task assignment rules.
	Explain difference between dependent and independent demand forecasting methods, study time series, moving averages, exponential smoothing, and seasonal variations.
	Demonstrate an understanding of management considerations and trade-offs.
	Analyse and solve variations of independent demand inventory models.
	Represent structure of a product as product structure tree; develop MRP (Master Production Schedule). Discuss general scheduling approaches used by an organization such as project scheduling, assembling line balancing, and job shift scheduling.
	Examine process control, and control charts for different variables.
	Define project management and draw networks using activity-on-the node convention.
Management Science (MGSC) 369	Use key terms and concepts related to current service sector operations, including Canadian examples.
Service Operations	Apply strategies used in service sector operations to various scenarios.
Management Revision 9	Explain the design and development process for new services.
Revision 5	Describe the goals of service operations in terms of user experience.
	Apply the dimensions of service quality in service operations scenarios, including use of numeric methods.
	Use numeric models and formulas to evaluate location considerations in service operations.
	Describe strategies and methods used in globalization of services.
	Apply methods for forecasting demand for services.
	Analyze service supply relationships.
Management Science (MGSC) 405 Quantitative	Describe the management science approach to problem formulation and solution and explain its application to today's business and industrial sectors.
Approaches to Decision Making	Explain how various scientific and quantitative methodologies can be applied to a managerial decision-making process.
Revision 10	Describe a variety of management science models and procedures pertaining to the quantitative approaches to decision making.
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	List several widely used, computer-aided management science techniques, and explain how managerial decision makers can apply and interpret these techniques.  Apply decision-problem modelling and interpret the results and use the
	related mathematical approaches and solution algorithms.
Management Science (MGSC) 418	Define supply chain management, identifying its important elements and describing its importance to organizations.
Supply Chain Management	Explain the function and role of supply element in supply chain management:
Revision 6	<ul> <li>Identify the major activities involved in purchasing including the basic manual purchasing process, e-procurement, and supplier sourcing and selection.</li> <li>Explain the factors contributing to the make or buy decision.</li> <li>Describe the key factors for building successful supplier partnerships and alliances.</li> <li>Discuss the development and implementation of a strategic</li> </ul>
	sourcing plan.  Explain key operational issues in supply chain management:
	<ul> <li>Discuss demand forecasting and collaborative planning, forecasting and replenishment (CPFR), including their important role in the supply chain.</li> <li>Apply techniques for aggregate planning and inventory management such as materials requirement planning (MRP), available-to-promise (ATP), and economic order quantity (EOQ).</li> <li>Identify key process management techniques and their main elements, explaining the importance of these to supply chain management.</li> </ul>
	Explain key logistics issues in supply chain management:
	<ul> <li>Explain transportation and warehousing options, and discuss their strategic importance to an organization and its supply chain management.</li> <li>Describe customer relationship management, identifying its importance in supply chain management.</li> <li>Explain the impact facility location has on a supply chain, identifying the various factors that influence facility location.</li> </ul>
	Compare and contrast supply chain management in service companies to that in non-service companies.
	Apply appropriate management techniques for managing service capacity, queues, quality, and distribution in the service industry.
	Identify categories of software systems important in the supply chain and explain their importance.
	Design appropriate performance measurement system for SCM, including identification of key performance measures.



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	Identify and discuss issues that will impact upon the future of supply chain management.
Management Science (MGSC) 419	Articulate and explain the fundamental concepts in project management.
Information Technology Project	Articulate a sound project overview statement (POS).
Management Management	Analyze a business process and propose an enhanced solution.
Revision 5	Demonstrate operational planning using the required tools and techniques.
	Analyze an organization's project management method and propose enhanced solutions.
	Explain the differences between traditional and emergent project management methods.
MKTG: Marketing	
Marketing (MKTG) 396 Introduction to	Demonstrate an understanding of marketing's role in for profit and non-profit organizations.
Marketing	Describe the role of marketing in society and in the Canadian economy.
Revision 9	Demonstrate an understanding of the key marketing concepts and link them to real-world situations.
	Recognize the career opportunities within the field of marketing.
	Recognize the consumer and organizational buying processes.
	Describe a range of common strategies for the different marketing mix elements: product, pricing, distribution, and promotion.
Marketing (MKTG) 406 Consumer Behaviour	Describe the major concepts, terminologies, frameworks, and practices used in the field of consumer behaviour.
Revision 8	Examine how individuals perceive and store information, how they learn, how their attitudes are formed, and how these attitudes can be changed, and apply this knowledge to the creation of effective marketing strategies.
	Identify the various value systems, personalities, lifestyles, and individual differences among consumers, and analyze how these necessitate specific marketing actions to appeal to different market segments.
	Analyze the decision-making process at the individual, group, and family levels, and describe the main factors that influence these decision-making processes.
	Trace the creation and diffusion of culture, examine culture and subcultures, and explain the effects they have on consumer behaviour and consumer identity.



	Critically appraise the current consumer behaviour literature on a topic of your choice and develop a position paper identifying current and future research trends in that area.
Marketing (MKTG) 410  E-Marketing	Describe how technologies such as the internet, social media platforms, and mobile apps can be used for marketing and e-business.
Revision 7	Discuss how digital technologies can be strategically used for marketing and customer relations, and their advantages and disadvantages for businesses and consumers.
	Analyze ecommerce-sourced data and online marketing research to optimize and develop competitive intelligence and strategic marketing plans.
	Identify ethical and legal issues associated with using digital technologies for business.
	Create digital marketing content that engages and retains customers in e-business environments, and explain the challenges involved.
	Create a marketing plan for a new or existing ecommerce business that considers context, value exchange, objectives, tactics, evaluation, and optimization.
Marketing (MKTG) 420	Discuss various concepts and frameworks necessary for understanding,
Advertising and Promotion	developing, implementing, and evaluating marketing communication campaigns.
Revision 8	Research and evaluate an organization's marketing and promotional situation.
	Design creative strategies and tactics.
	Use different elements of the promotional mix to develop effective marketing communication strategies and programs.
	Develop and implement media plans.
	Communicate persuasively and logically in written and visual language.
Marketing (MKTG) 440	Discuss the foundations of strategic marketing management.
Marketing Strategy	Assess and identify market opportunities.
Revision 10	Apply the concepts of segmentation, targeting, and positioning.
	Identify key strategic marketing issues related to branding, pricing, distribution, communications, people, processes, and physical evidence.
	Write a marketing plan.
Marketing (MKTG) 466	Discuss the role of marketing research in strategic planning.
Marketing Research	Describe the research process and explain how to define a research
Revision 7	problem and set research objectives.



	Explain hypothesis testing and how it relates to research questions and data analysis.
	Identify the main sources of secondary data and delineate the situations where the use of secondary data is most advantageous to the researcher.
	Explore the role of marketing decision support systems and business intelligence systems in enhancing business decisions.
	Use a variety of primary qualitative and quantitative data collection techniques, including exploratory, descriptive, and causal research designs, and apply the most appropriate method for a variety of different organizational information needs.
	Discuss the main theories, designs, and issues in marketing research sampling techniques.
	Describe the main processes used to code, edit, prepare, and analyze data.
	Explain the steps involved in preparing and presenting a marketing research report.
MUSI: Music	
Music (MUSI) 267	To enhance the student's aesthetic perception of music.
Sound and Sense: Listening to Music	To learn the 'tension and repose' method of listening to and understanding music.
Revision 4	To begin an exploration of music of all cultures and periods.
	To acquire a basic music vocabulary.
	To become aware of the common features of all music.
	To identify a large number of pieces aurally.
	To identify aurally the different types of voice and identify visually and aurally the most common instruments.
	To write descriptively and analytically about music.
NURS: Nursing	
Please note:	Post-LPN BN students cannot include Nursing courses in a PLAR portfolio.
Nursing (NURS) 250	Examine the personal and professional role transition required to move from LPN to BN.
Exploration of Professional Nursing Practice	Articulate the impact of historical context on current BN practice.
Revision 8	
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	Recognize the impact of trauma, cultural factors, and the social determinants of health on individuals, various populations, and BN practice.
	Assess the ethical and legal principles, competencies, frameworks, and standards foundational to BN practice.
	Establish a learning community with a cohort of learners.
	Build your library and scholarly writing competencies.
Nursing (NURS) 316	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Review of Pathophysiology and Pharmacology for BN Practice I	
Nursing (NURS) 317	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Review of Pathophysiology and Pharmacology for BN Practice II	
Nursing (NURS) 322	Appreciate the concept of nurse as knowledge worker and apply digital literacy competencies in your day-to-day practice.
Nursing Informatics Revision 9	Use information and communication technologies and consider how these can be used to enhance client care.
	Explore healthcare information systems and electronic health records and examine their use in the delivery of nursing care.
	Explain the need for protection of privacy, confidentiality and security in the collection and use of health information.
	Examine the use of Telehealth to deliver health care at a distance.
	Investigate the utility of social media within the contexts of consumer health information, client education, and professional practice.
Nursing (NURS) 324	Describe the relationship between values, ethics, scholarship, academic conduct, and professional integrity.
Concepts and Theories in Nursing Practice	Analyze the relationship between nursing philosophy, nursing theory, and nursing practice.
Revision 10	Articulate your nursing practice philosophy including knowledge, values, beliefs, standards, theory, and ethical principles.
Nursing (NURS) 326	Identify the components of a complete and focused health assessment.
Health Assessment Revision 9	Identify developmental and cultural considerations in the performance of a complete and focused health assessment.
TO VISION 5	Describe and document a complete and focused health history.



	Explain the components of a physical examination for each body system.
	Identify client teaching and health promotion activities.
Nursing (NURS) 328	Explain the importance of research to evidence-based professional practice.
Understanding Research	Describe ethical considerations in research.
Revision	Describe quantitative and qualitative approaches to research.
	Critically appraise research reports.
Nursing (NURS) 350	Develop knowledge in maternal child, perinatal, and pediatric nursing.
Maternal Child and Pediatric Nursing	Determine the role of the nurse in meeting the needs of the maternal and child patient.
Revision 1	Integrate the determinants of health that influence reproductive, maternal child, and pediatric health.
	Apply critical thinking skills by working through a variety of case scenarios.
	Improve experience with adaptive style testing (similar to the licensure exam).
	This course will not apply toward the degree requirements for the Post-RN Bachelor of Nursing program. Post-RN BN students who wish to take this course extra to degree may request professor approval.
Nursing (NURS) 400  Adult Health and Health Alterations	Apply and integrate knowledge of health alterations, health assessment findings, underlying pathology, risk factors, and clinical manifestations within the nursing process for optimal patient health outcomes.
Revision 7	Evaluate assessment data, including laboratory values and diagnostic information in regards to planning of nursing care with acute and chronically ill patients and their families.
	Determine actual and potential complications related to health alterations and recognize the role of anticipatory planning in the ongoing health assessment.
	Analyze and evaluate therapeutic interventions in the provision of safe and competent nursing care in the healthcare environment (including medication calculations).
	Demonstrate professional accountability and responsibility for one's own learning and performance evaluations throughout the course.
	Use relevant nursing knowledge and research findings in assessing, planning, and evaluating information to provide evidence-based care to acutely and chronically ill adults and their families.
Nursing (NURS) 401	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.



Professional Practice with Adults	
Experiencing Health Alterations	
(6 credits)	
Nursing (NURS) 432	Compare and contrast nursing leadership with nursing management.
Management and Leadership in Nursing Practice	Evaluate the organizational context within which nursing leaders and managers function.
(4 credits)	Analyze the skills and competencies required by nurse managers and leaders to create an effective and inclusive work environment for all people.
Revision 10	Apply selected management and leadership models to initiate change and ensure quality improvement.
	Discuss resource allocation procedures and processes utilized by nurse leaders and managers to problem solve, resolve conflicts, and make decisions.
Nursing (NURS) 434	Apply community health concepts (health promotion, primary health care, population health, epidemiology) to the role of a registered nurse.
Community Health Promotion	Identify how the social determinants of health affect clients, families, groups, and communities.
(4 credits)	Develop a collaborative, client-driven practice through core community
Revision 11	health principles.
	Apply a social justice and equity lens to the role of a registered nurse.
Nursing (NURS) 435	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Professional Practice in Community Mental Health Promotion	
(6 credits)	
Nursing (NURS) 436	Explain the meaning of family from experiential, theoretical, and statistical perspectives in how family has been and is defined.
Family Health Promotion	Discuss family nursing assessment models that can be applied in nursing practice.
(4 credits)	Explain the relationship between health promotion and family nursing
Revision 7	practice.
	Discuss the meaning of family centered-care in nursing practice.
	Describe how social and political realities affect health care outcomes of families.
Nursing (NURS) 437	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.



Professional Practice in Family and Community Health Promotion (6 credits)  Nursing (NURS) 438  Trends and Issues in Nursing and Health Systems  Revision 8	Differentiate between a healthcare trend and a healthcare issue.  Discover how personal values align with current issues and trends.  Evaluate the validity of healthcare trends using informational, digital, and Al literacy tools.  Interpret political influences on current healthcare issues and trends.  Analyze current priorities and lobbying strategies of professional Canadian nursing organizations align with current healthcare trends.  Demonstrate professional competence and advocacy to transform
	healthcare practice issues into solutions.
Nursing (NURS) 441	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.
Consolidated Professional Practice	
(9 credits)	
Nursing (NURS) 442 Gerontological Nursing Revision 7	Identify the unique challenges faced by older adults, including those found within emerging sub-populations.  Understand why transitions can be more difficult for aging adults than their younger counterparts.  Explore the importance of families for older adults experiencing transitions and recognize why relationships can be stressed during transitions.  Identify nursing interventions related to a variety of health challenges and transitions experienced by older adults.
NUTR: Nutrition	
Nutrition (NUTR) 330	Define the science of nutrition and discuss the importance of nutritional adequacy and balance for optimal growth and health.
Introductory Nutrition	Identify the dietary sources of the major nutrients, and describe their
Revision 6	digestion, absorption, and metabolism.
	Discuss the functions of the major nutrients, and the effects on health of deficiency and excess.
	Interpret the scientific knowledge of basic nutrition into language appropriate for the lay public.



	Apply the principles of good nutrition to the assessment of dietary intakes and the planning of healthy eating.
Nutrition (NUTR) 331	Discuss normal human nutrition.
Nutrition for Health Revision 5	Discuss the role of diet in the causation and prevention of various diseases, particularly the so-called Western diseases.
T. C. T. C.	Describe methods used to assess nutrition status and explain how dietary recommendations are made.
	Describe the methods used to carry out nutrition research.
	Distinguish sound from unreliable nutritional information.
	Make sensible food choices and explain the basis on which such choices are made.
Nutrition (NUTR) 405	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Nutrition in Health and Disease	
Nutrition (NUTR) 406	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Modern Concepts in Nutrition	
Nutrition (NUTR) 495/496	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Nutrition Projects	
ORGB: Organization	al Behaviour
Organizational Behaviour (ORGB) 319	Explain the main causes of performance problems in organizations.
Motivation and Productivity	Discuss the effect of supervisory (management) practices on employee motivation.
Revision 10	Assess the effectiveness of supervisory (management) practices in an organization.
	Describe management techniques in the following areas:
	leadership
	rewards
	job design
	goal setting
	communications
	performance appraisal
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Organizational A	Analyze how organizations are structured within the context of the
_	larger social, political, and economic environment.
	Analyze why systems of control and coordination vary across organizations and change over time.
	Analyze how organizational theory may contribute towards improving the design and management of organizations.
	Analyze how the larger social environment affects organizational cultures and processes.
	Define the concepts of leadership and ethical behaviour in leadership.
Behaviour (ORGB) 327  Leadership in	Describe leadership theories, styles, paradigms, models, and traits.
Organizations	Identify the managerial roles of leaders.
i	Discuss the importance and influence of organizational culture, including concepts of power, networking, negotiation, politics, and effective meeting protocols.
	Describe and explain conflict management styles and models of conflict resolution.
	Describe and explain the feedback model and discuss how to encourage feedback from others.
	Explain the concept of followership, discuss followership styles, and describe follower-influencing characteristics.
	Identify and explain the characteristics of effective teams, including self-managed teams.
	Discuss effective team-based work and team decision-making and outline different types of teams.
	Explain and discuss the concepts of charisma, transformational leadership, and transactional leadership.
Behaviour (ORGB) 364	Define and describe the field of OB and its importance, including key concepts such as values, ethics, social identity theory and social learning theory, attribution, self-fulfilling prophecy, behaviour modification, contingencies and reinforcement, and conflict.
	Define and describe knowledge management, its processes, and its importance.
	Define and describe concepts around emotions and attitudes in the workplace including emotional intelligence, job satisfaction, organizational commitment, and psychological contracts.
	Explain and discuss theories of motivation and performance, including concepts of goal setting, feedback, equity, justice, and empowerment.
E	Explain concepts, model, and steps of/in decision making.



Explain concepts and types of teams, stages of team development and
effectiveness, characteristics, problems, team building.

Explain and discuss communication models, barriers to good communication, the effects of power dynamics in communication, and the nature of grapevine communication.

Define leadership and list types of leadership.

Explain and describe sources and types of conflict and approaches to conflict management.

Define and discuss the concepts and elements of organizational culture and subculture and the relationship between culture, performance, and ethics.

## Organizational Behaviour (ORGB) 390

Describe the nature of organizational change.

## Managing Change

Assess change issues that need intervention.

## Revision 9

Identify forces facilitating change and build on them.

Identify forces constraining change and address them.

Develop appropriate resources and tools to facilitate your own and an organization's readiness for change.

Create a portfolio of organizational development (OD) strategies designed to facilitate change.

Facilitate implementation of appropriate strategies for change.

Facilitate change transition and integration.

Evaluate change outcomes.

### **PHIL: Philosophy**

### Philosophy (PHIL) 152

#### **Basic Critical Thinking**

#### Revision 9

This course is designed to help you become a critical thinker; a more alert and critical reader; and a writer who is better able to both assess the reasonableness of your own ideas, and to communicate them clearly and effectively. When you have completed this course, you should be able to:

Analyse and understand the content of complex university-level material.

Plan, write, and edit paragraphs and short essays to maximize the clarity and effectiveness of communication.

Identify errors, omissions, and faulty reasoning, both in reading materials and in your own work.

Evaluate ideas in reading materials.

Examine and formulate your own thinking processes more effectively.



Philosophy (PHIL) 231	Appreciate the main philosophical traditions of West and East – not only Greek and Chinese philosophies, but also a variety of philosophical
Introduction to Philosophy: West and	traditions in the West and the East.
East	Analyse similarities and differences among various traditions.
Revision 1	Develop critical tools of philosophical inquiry – comprehension, analytical, and evaluative skills while understanding their limits.
	Describe the central teachings of major traditions.
	Relate these traditions to the historical and more contemporary developments of ideas.
	Understand how justification of propositions in the areas of ethics, metaphysics, and epistemology proceeds, using the method of critical thinking.
Philosophy (PHIL) 240	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Ancient Philosophy: The Rise of Reason in a Mythic World	
Philosophy (PHIL) 252	Explain philosophical approaches to critical thinking.
Critical Thinking	Reflect on their approach and attitudes toward critical thinking.
Revision 12	Describe key features of various forms of arguments, including premises and conclusions, syllogisms, inductive or deductive, etc.
	Evaluate various arguments using appropriate methods, including validity, soundness, definitional clarification, fallacy identification, and appropriate skepticism for causal reasoning, statistical reasoning, and visual data representations.
	Describe key features of successful arguments, including dialectical acceptability, relevance, cogency, clarity, precision of language, etc.
	Apply select course concepts to their everyday critical thinking.
Philosophy (PHIL) 254	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Symbolic Logic	
Philosophy (PHIL) 255	Recognize how core philosophical topics and theories arise from relatable human and social experiences.
Introduction to Philosophy: Ethics and Society	Explain how ethical concepts and principles can be applied constructively to contemporary issues of social debate.
Revision 2	Analyze the application of ethical concepts and principles to contemporary issues of social debate.
	Communicate thoughts clearly, cogently, and reasonably in a manner that corresponds to the standards of academic philosophy.



Philosophy (PHIL) 333 Professional Ethics Revision 4	Effectively identify moral situations and moral issues encountered by a wide range of different professionals.  Critically apply ethical theories, principles, and concepts to specific moral situations and issues faced by professionals.  Accurately apply the methods and criteria for evaluating moral arguments to develop and present persuasive arguments relevant to resolving these moral issues and moral situations in written work.  Conduct independent research in professional ethics with scholarly rigour to produce well-supported philosophical written work that reflects university standards in information literacy and academic integrity.
Philosophy (PHIL) 334  Professional Ethics in Heritage Resources Management  (Cross-listed with HERM 334)	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Philosophy (PHIL) 335 Biomedical Ethics Revision 3	Effectively recognize those situations that require ethical judgment, with particular attention to those situations that are encountered by health-care professionals.  Accurately identify and understand moral issues that are faced by health-care professionals.  Develop and present arguments relevant to resolving these issues.  Critique and defend ethical judgments and points of view related to these issues.
Philosophy (PHIL) 337	Explain important concepts and theories in the area of business ethics.
Business Ethics Revision 4	Analyze the ethical features of business activity.  Formulate reasoned positions on ethical issues specific to business practice.  Develop critical thinking, writing, and ethical decision-making skills.
Philosophy (PHIL) 342 Seventeenth and Eighteenth Century Philosophy Revision 1	Identify and analyze the metaphysical and epistemological views of the major figures of seventeenth and eighteenth century Western philosophy.  Discuss with confidence how these views compare and stand up under critical scrutiny.  Rationally debate the respective implications for science and scientific practice of each of these views.



Philosophy (PHIL) 350 Ethics Revision 1  Philosophy (PHIL) 367 Existentialism and Phenomenology	Identify and analyze the main approaches to ethics recognized by the history of western philosophy and in current use.  Discuss with confidence how these approaches compare with one another.  Critically scrutinize the strengths and weaknesses of each approach.  Identify instances of the use of each approach in practice.  The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Philosophy (PHIL) 371 Ethics in Science and Technology	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Philosophy (PHIL) 375 Philosophy of the Environment Revision 1	Articulate, analyse, and evaluate the central issues that have characterized debates in environmental thought and ethics.  Formulate responses to these debates in a systematic manner, based on critical thinking.  Discuss the historical influences on environmental thought, including political, economic, religious, cosmic, and psychological influences.  Critically assess environmental policy and protection measures.  Write well structured critical position papers, both critiques and case studies.
Philosophy (PHIL) 380 Introduction to Eastern Philosophy  PHYS: Physics	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Physics (PHYS) 200 Introductory Physics I Revision 8	Convert between different units and express a physical quantity in scientific notation using the appropriate number of significant digits.  Explain the relationships between time, displacement, velocity, and constant acceleration, and use algebra to solve kinematic problems in one or two dimensions.  Analyze and solve dynamic problems using vector addition, Newton's three laws of motion and resistive forces.  Analyze and solve work, energy and power related problems using appropriate formulas and the conservation of energy principle.



	Outline the conservation of linear momentum principle and apply it to solve problems that involve one and two-dimensional (elastic and inelastic) collisions.
	Define the concepts of torque and center of mass and solve problems that involve static equilibrium of extended bodies.
	Analyze and solve problems that involve the kinematics and dynamics of rotational motion and the conservation of angular momentum principle.
	Describe Hooke's law and the elastic properties of solids and apply formulas for calculating Young's modulus, shear modulus, and bulk modulus.
	Recall Newton's law of universal gravitation and apply it to solve problems involving the force of gravity and satellite motion.
	Demonstrate skills related to performing simple experiments in classical mechanics, including experimental setup, data acquisition, data analysis, and communication of scientific results.
Physics (PHYS) 201	Explain thermal expansion and solve problems of linear and volume change, for solids and liquids, resulting from change in temperature.
Introductory Physics II Revision 5	Describe the ideal gas law and solve problems involving changes in mass, volume, pressure, and temperature of gases.
	Define latent heat and specific heat capacity and apply them to solving problems in calorimetry.
	Outline and interpret the first and second laws of thermodynamics and use them to solve problems involving heat engines.
	Define the electric charge and use Coulomb's law to compute the electric forces between static point charges.
	Describe the electric field and the electric potential due to a set of static point charges, and use algebra to solve related problems.
	Define voltage, current, and resistance and solve problems involving Ohm's law and Kirchhoff's rules to analyze direct current circuits.
	Define capacitance and solve problems involving the charging and discharging of capacitors.
	Demonstrate skills related to performing simple experiments in thermodynamics and electricity, including experimental setup, data acquisition, data analysis, and communication of scientific results.
Physics (PHYS) 202	Describe the magnetic field generated around a current-carrying wire and explain the interaction between an external magnetic field and an
Introductory Physics	electric current or a moving point charge.
Revision 5	Outline Lenz's law and Faraday's law of induction and use them to solve problems involving induced electromotive force.



Apply the principle of magnetic induction to describe the operation of electric generators, motors, and transformers.

Describe the properties of an electromagnetic wave and calculate transported energy.

Use the laws of reflection and refraction of light rays to locate and describe images formed by mirrors and thin lenses.

Apply geometrical optics to study various optical systems, such as telescopes, microscopes, the human eye, and corrective lenses.

Apply the wave nature of light to explain polarization and to calculate interference patterns produced by double slits, diffraction gratings, and thin films.

Discuss the concept of wave-particle duality and solve problems involving the de Broglie wave and the photoelectric effect.

Describe Bohr's model of the atom and use it to calculate the energy levels of a single electron and the resulting spectrum lines.

Demonstrate skills related to performing simple experiments in magnetism and optics, including experimental setup, data acquisition, data analysis, and communication of scientific results.

### Physics (PHYS) 204

# Physics for Scientists and Engineers I

## Revision 4

Convert between different units and express a physical quantity in scientific notation using the appropriate number of significant digits.

Explain the relationships between time, displacement, velocity, and constant acceleration, and use calculus to solve kinematic problems in one or two dimensions.

Analyze and solve dynamic problems using vector calculus, Newton's three laws of motion and frictional forces.

State the work–kinetic energy theorem and the conservation of energy principle and use calculus to analyze systems that involve conservative and nonconservative forces.

State the conservation of linear momentum principle and apply it to solve problems that involve one and two-dimensional (elastic and inelastic) collisions.

Define center of mass and torque vector and solve problems that involve static equilibrium of extended bodies.

Analyze and solve problems that involve the kinematics and dynamics of rotational motion and the conservation of angular momentum principle.

State Hooke's law and describe elastic properties of solids and apply formulas for calculating Young's modulus, bulk modulus, and shear modulus.



	State Newton's law of universal gravitation and define gravitational potential and apply them to solve problems involving the force of gravity and satellite motion.  Demonstrate skills related to performing simple experiments in classical mechanics, including experimental setup, data acquisition, data analysis, and communication of scientific results.
Physics (PHYS) 205 Physics for Scientists and Engineers II Revision 2	Use Coulomb's law and vector calculus to compute electric forces and fields due to static point charges and simple charge distributions.  Apply Gauss's law to calculate and map the electric fields for symmetric charge distributions.  Define electric potential and electric potential energy and use calculus to solve relevant problems.  Explain the concepts of electric current, voltage, resistance, and capacitance, along with Ohm's law, and use them to solve problems involving simple DC circuits.  Outline the Biot-Savart and Ampère's laws and use vector calculus to describe the magnetic fields generated by simple current distributions.  Describe and calculate the forces experienced by electric currents and moving point charges in an external magnetic field.  Define Faraday's and Lenz's laws and solve problems involving induced electromotive forces.  Explain inductance and analyze circuits involving resistors, capacitors and inductors when connected across AC sources.  Describe Maxwell's equations and solve problems involving electromagnetic radiation, including polarization, intensity, and transported energy.  Demonstrate skills related to performing simple experiments in electricity and magnetism, including experimental setup, data
Physics (PHYS) 210	acquisition, data analysis, and communication of scientific results.  Explain the differences between science and art and discuss the main features of scientific methods.
Conceptual Physics Revision 4	Discuss and formulate basic kinematics in one and two dimensions, including uniform rotation.
	State Newton's three laws of motion and discuss the dynamics of moving objects.  Discuss the principles of conservation of energy, conservation of linear momentum, and conservation of angular momentum and give examples of their applications.  State Newton's law of universal gravitation and use it to explain ocean tides and satellite motion.



	Discuss the atomic and molecular nature of matter and explain the periodic table of the elements.
	Define the solid, liquid, gaseous, and plasma states of matter and discuss relevant concepts such as elasticity, buoyancy, capillarity, and Bernoulli's principle.
	Explain the notions of temperature, heat, specific heat capacity, thermal expansion, and heat transfer.
	Describe the different types of phase transformations and explain relevant phenomena such as the formation of clouds.
	State the first and second laws of thermodynamics and explain the concept of the heat engine.
Physics (PHYS) 495/496	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Physics Projects	
POEC: Political Econ	omy
Political Economy (POEC) 230	Demonstrate a basic understanding of globalization as a concept and as a process.
Globalization and World Politics	Identify the key institutions and policies that promote globalization.
(Cross-listed with GLST 230 & INTR 230)	Explain the historical relationship between globalization and world politics.
Revision 5	Recognize the importance of using a variety of analytical tools and theoretical perspectives to understand the processes of globalization.
	Use an informed understanding of globalization to explain and interpret key issues in contemporary world politics.
	Situate yourself as a citizen within the complex dynamics of globalization and world politics through recognition of their impact on your choices and worldview.
Political Economy (POEC) 302	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Introduction to Political Economy	
Political Economy (POEC) 393	Situate a description of current events in social, political, and economic history from the perspective of Canadian political economy.
Canada and the Global Political	Have a working understanding of multiple state and non-state institutions that manage the global political economy.
Economy Revision 5	Apply concepts, research, and analytical skills of global political economy to contemporary issues and policy debates in Canada.



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(Cross-listed with POLI 393)	
Political Economy (POEC) 395	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Political Economy of Development: People, Processes, and Policies	
(Cross-listed with GLST 395 & INTR 395)	
Political Economy (POEC) 483	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
International Political Economy: The Politics of Globalization	
(Cross-listed with GLST 483 & INTR 483)	
Political Economy (POEC) 499	Directed Study courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Directed Study in Political Economy	
POLI: Political Science	ce
Political Science (POLI) 277	Identify the basic principles of political analysis.
Introduction to Political Science I:	Define the basic concepts of politics.  Be able to discuss and critique the liberal-democratic state.
Concepts, Structures, and Institutions	Analyse the basic institutions of Canadian government (constitutions, executives, bureaucracies, legislatures, and judiciaries).
Revision 1	Compare the institutions and operation of the Canadian government with that of Britain and the United States.
Political Science (POLI) 278	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Introduction to Political Science II: Political Processes and Political Behaviour	
Political Science (POLI) 291	Describe the basic patterns of mass media development in Canada, including principles, institutions and policies.



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Media and Power in Canadian Society	Discuss social, cultural, political, and economic implications of current and future media systems for Canadian society and cultural identities.
(Cross-listed with CMNS 202)	Identify current and developing media structures, institutions and technologies.
Revision 1	Describe implications of new technologies and regulations in a global context.
Political Science (POLI) 301 Governance, the Public Sector and Corporate Power	Describe the broad social, economic, and political context in which Canadian business operates. This context will include the colonization of Indigenous governance, society and legal systems that predate the creation of Canada, the pre- and post-Confederation treaties that form the moral basis of governance and government in Canada, and section 35 (Aboriginal rights) of the <i>Constitution Act</i> (1982).
(Cross-listed with GOVN 301)	Assess the impact of recent socio-economic developments on Canada's political structure and the role of corporate Canada. These
Revision 3	developments include globalization, technological change, the erosion of state power through the growing failure of capitalism, the assertion of Indigenous rights, and the recent focus on racial and gender inequality.
	Recognize the contested ideological environment in which public sector restructuring and corporate concentration are occurring.
	Assess the roles of various forms of media in promoting and inhibiting democratic discourse.
	Analyze the impact that the new public management / managerialism and the reinventing-government movement are having on public administration and the voluntary sector in Canada.
	This course will also help you to enhance various skills and learning competencies such as:
	Analytical skills.
	The ability to critically assess documents and perspectives.
	Writing competencies.
	Foundational knowledge of the changes to governance and state- society-business relations.
	Contextual knowledge of the work environment and culture in which public-sector professionals and managers function.
Political Science (POLI) 307	Explain several important difficulties in the identification and discussion of ideologies and their functions that emerge through the study and evaluation of these ideologies.
Political Ideologies	Describe the origins and development of modern political ideologies in
Revision 6	their historical, cultural, and socio-economic contexts.



	Compare and interrelate major tenets of our current political belief systems as they have evolved in time and place.
	Analyze the premises and internal logic of past and contemporary ideologies.
	Discuss contemporary ideological developments in both Western and non-Western society.
	Demonstrate the breadth, depth, and the integration and synthesis of learning about ideologists and their writings and interpretations through participation in oral and written communications about the ideologies' merits and drawbacks.
Political Science (POLI) 309	Describe how the Canadian political system (i.e., government) relates to the broader societal environment.
Canadian Government and	Discuss how conflict is generated in Canadian society and describe the role of the political system in alleviating this conflict.
Politics Revision 8	Describe how Canadians differ from Americans and from one another in their basic political values and beliefs.
	Describe how the Canadian political system is organized to make decisions and specify the key players in the process.
	Discuss various ways in which Canadians may participate in the political process.
Political Science (POLI) 325 Canadian	Understand and describe how the Canadian policy process works with regard to three dimensions of environmental protection: ecology, human health, and sustainability.
Environmental Policy and Politics	Describe, generally, the effects of environmental ideas and environmental organizations on politics and on governmental decision-making in Canada.
Revision 2	Identify and define your own value priorities as they relate to environmental protection and cite some of the costs of achieving that level of protection.
	Analyse and prioritize environmental policies and identify the information that is needed before a quality policy decision can be made.
	Describe the differences between personal, private, and regional interests in the short term, and between national and global interests in the long term and explain why it is so hard (but not impossible) to get effective attention for the latter within the contemporary political process.
	Explain how making proper environmental and resource decisions requires input from many disciplines, including economics, ecology, epidemiology, ethics, history, forestry, chemistry, botany, geography, urban planning, and political science.



Political Science (POLI) 330	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
International and Global Politics	
(Cross-listed with INTR 330)	
Political Science (POLI) 342	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Introduction to Comparative Politics	
Political Science (POLI) 350	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Women in Canadian Politics	
Political Science (POLI) 355	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Political Philosophy: Plato to Machiavelli	
Political Science (POLI) 357	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Political Philosophy: Hobbes to Human Rights	
Political Science (POLI) 390	Identify and explain the distinctive social, legal, and institutional features of Canadian federalism.
Canadian Federalism Revision 7	Account for the historical evolution of the Canadian federal system from 1867 until the present.
Revision /	Analyze the consequences of the long-term attenuation of federal power and an increase in the power and influence of the provinces.
	Evaluate the ability of the Canadian federal system to manage conflict and promote effective intergovernmental policy-making procedures.
	Assess the workability of the Canadian federal system and evaluate the prospects for future changes to Canada's constitutional regime.
Political Science (POLI) 392 Public Policy and Administrative	Describe the character of public bureaucracy and provide a theoretically informed analysis of the contrast between a classic Weberian bureaucracy and the type of public bureaucracy advocated by the New Public Management (NPM).
Governance	Explain the role of bureaucratic, political, and non-state actors in the policy process.



(Cross-listed with GOVN 390) Revision 5	Contrast the various policy instruments and service-delivery mechanisms used in policy implementation and explain the factors shaping the possibility of successful policy implementation.  Explain the nature of democratic accountability in parliamentary government, and comment on approaches to ensuring ethics in administrative governance.  Explain the significance of social diversity to the making and implementation of public policy and discuss the relationship between social diversity and the "differential impact" of public policy.  Contrast the governing paradigms associated with the administrative welfare state and those of the neo-liberal state and explain the relationship of the NPM to the neo-liberal mode of governance.
Political Science (POLI) 393	Situate a description of current events in social, political, and economic history from the perspective of Canadian political economy.
Canada and the Global Political Economy	Have a working understanding of multiple state and non-state institutions that manage the global political economy.
(Cross-listed with POEC 393)	Apply concepts, research, and analytical skills of global political economy to contemporary issues and policy debates in Canada.
Revision 2	
Political Science (POLI) 400	Understand and critically analyze the new and emerging paradigm of leadership and practice.
Governance and Leadership	Discuss the role of key external forces, sectors and institutions that shape the development of leaders and leadership in the 21st century.
(Cross-listed with GOVN 400 & HSRV	Reflect and articulate your own personal leadership development.
400)	Understand the concept of governance and analyze the shifting paradigm.
Revision 5	Analyze the influence of individuals and groups of citizens as leaders across the various sectors through interest groups and social movements.
	Analyze and evaluate how leadership across the various governance models influences and informs relationships, communications, and interactions.
	Analyze the implications, challenges, and opportunities for leadership in view of the changing external factors.
Political Science (POLI) 405	Assess the strengths and limitations of key public sector reforms.
Innovative Public Management	Explain why decolonization of the public sector is essential.



Revision 3	Explain why embedding diversity, representation, and intersectionality within public sector administrative systems is critical to achieving justice and equality.
	Analyze how democracy and the public sector intersect, and explain what the potential is for democratic decline in light of recent trends.
	Assess changes in the public sector from a non-Western perspective.
	Explain the challenges that the public sector faces in the digital era.
Political Science (POLI) 440	Discuss the significance of modern forms of state and global governance.
Global Governance and Law	Analyze the challenges to the sovereign state system and the possibilities of legal governance in globalization.
(Cross-listed with GLST 440 & GOVN 440)	Discuss the significance of global social movements in globalization and evaluate the different kinds of democracy that global social movements propose.
Revision 3	Discuss the interrelationship of the environment, gender, human rights, and social and economic wellbeing.
	Analyze and evaluate how leadership across the various governance models influence and inform relationships, communications, and interactions.
	From postcolonial and decolonial perspectives, critically evaluate the unequal participation of countries from the Global South in the decision-making and practices of global governance.
	Interpret textual, visual, and digital content using a critical analysis lens to identify and problematize unequal power relations in global governance and international law.
Political Science (POLI) 450	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Globalization and Human Rights	
Political Science (POLI) 470	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Democratic Theory and Practice	
Political Science (POLI) 480	Assess critically how the information technology revolution has:
The Politics of	Reshaped power and economic production on a global scale.
Cyberspace	Facilitated globalization in the form of a new informational economy.
Revision 2	Assisted globalization in the form of resistance from networked civil society organizations and social movements.
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Made possible the creation of alternative identities.

Transformed understandings of space and time and created new political space.

Influenced democratic processes, political institutions, administration, and civil society.

## **PSYC: Psychology**

### Psychology (PSYC) 200

Discuss the history of career development in North America including key (a) terms, (b) figures, (c) events, and (e) myths.

# Introduction to Career Development

Describe common activities of career counsellors and outline the associated competencies necessary to fulfill these tasks.

### Revision 1

Explain the importance of theory to career development and (b) identify the basic premises of the theory attributed to:

- I. Holland
- II. Super
- III. Savickas
- IV. Krumboltz
- (a) Illustrate with an example the importance of the relationship in career counselling and (b) describe strategies that help the relationship.

Outline some steps that could help a career counsellor define and prioritize a client's problems from his or her presenting story.

- (a) Explain how assessment tools fit into the career counselling process and (b) who does them, and (c) how we can tell that they are useful.
- (a) Explain the importance of contextual factors in career development and (b) illustrate with an example.
- (a) Identify types of data needed by clients, and (b) give examples of resources that can be used to gather contextual and labour market information for each type of data.

Explain how technology-based interventions can be used effectively in the career planning process.

Explain (a) the purpose of an Action Plan (b) why it is important for the client to be involved in it, (c) its place in the counselling process, and its limitations. (d) Create an example of an Action Plan.

- (a) Identify four conditions that have been proven therapeutic in all cultures, and (b) explain how career counsellors can develop these conditions with clients from diverse backgrounds.
- (a) Explain how the following factors can affect career development: culture, gender, disability, and sexual orientation, and (b) Identify what career counsellors can do to prepare to work with diverse client populations.



Discussion of the control of the con
Discuss how career development theory can be applied to help society.
The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Demonstrate knowledge of theories, concepts, and key findings in selected areas of psychology: biological and cognitive psychology, perception, learning, consciousness, and intelligence.
Differentiate among basic forms of psychological research.
Use critical-thinking skills to evaluate claims based on the evidence provided.
Summarize and discuss brief reports of empirical research in psychology.
Apply knowledge in psychology to everyday situations.
Describe the evolution of psychology,
Compare and contrast the types of research design to human behaviour problems,
Discuss relevant research issues,
Discuss the theories of emotions, and identify the factors that account for human behaviour,
Establish the relationship between heredity and the environment in light of shaping one's cognitive and social development,
Compare and contrast the various theoretical perspectives on personality,
Define stress, establish possible causes, and discuss emotional, physiological, and behavioural responses to stress,
Identify a variety of psychological disorders, and discuss the contribution of biological, cognitive, personality, conditioning, and stress factors to the etiology of each type of disorder,
Identify various types of therapies associated with psychological disorders, discuss their strengths and weaknesses, and outline factors to consider when selecting an appropriate therapy, and
Define social psychology, discuss human behaviour that defies logic and common sense, and explain how such behaviours lead to stereotyping and generalization.
Discuss generally the relevance of career development theory to clients.
Discuss generally the relevance of career development theory to practitioners.



Theories of Career Development Revision 6	Explain specifically the relevance of the various theories presented in this course, such as trait and factor theory, planned happenstance, Holland's theory of types, Super's life-span theory, social learning theory, Gelatt's positive uncertainty, and so on, to clients.
	Explain specifically the relevance of the various theories presented in this course, such as trait and factor theory, planned happenstance, Holland's theory of types, Super's life-span theory, social learning theory, Gelatt's positive uncertainty, and so on, to practitioners.
	Discuss each of the major theories presented in the course by indicating its
	<ul> <li>basic premise/s</li> <li>major concepts and principles</li> <li>origins</li> <li>methods</li> <li>contributions</li> <li>limitations</li> </ul>
	practical applications, including its generality
	Outline the contributions of Canadian career development theorists.
	Illustrate how a practitioner can optimize their effectiveness by drawing on several theories at the same time.
Psychology (PSYC) 302	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Biological Psychology	
Psychology (PSYC) 304	Discuss how psychology incorporates the scientific method in the research process.
Research Methods in Psychology	Explain the basic principles, objectives, and assumptions of the scientific method.
Revision 4	Acquire a basic understanding of how non-experimental and experimental approaches are used to conduct psychological research.
	Critically evaluate research reports in terms of strengths and weaknesses and be able to offer constructive alternatives.
	Discuss the ethical issues in conducting research in psychology.
	Write an empirical research report.
	Describe the limitations of science in psychological research.
Psychology (PSYC) 310	Explain what educational psychology is, and discuss its potential role in improving education.
Learning and Instruction	Describe and contrast the behaviourist and cognitive approaches to
(Cross-listed with EDPY 310)	research on learning and instruction.
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Revision 3	Describe the concept of learning from each of the behaviourist and
	cognitive approaches with respect to three metaphors of learning.
	Describe the types of knowledge and the types of understanding a learner can achieve and provide relevant examples of each. Explain which approaches to learning would typically result in knowledge and which approaches would result in understanding and outline the underlying implications.
	Explain the concept of transfer with respect to a positive/negative continuum and general/specific continuum.
	Discuss transfer with respect to behaviourist and cognitive approaches.
	Describe how the cognitive processes of selecting (new) information, organizing this information, and integrating new information with existing knowledge produces understanding, and describe how these processes interact with the three memory stores.
	Describe the prior knowledge and cognitive processes involved in learning how to read (fluently and for comprehension) and write, and in learning mathematics and science, and discuss their instructional implications.
	Describe, differentiate, and produce typical measures (tasks or items) used to assess different types of learning and understanding (e.g., literal/retention, inference, and transfer questions).
	Describe the following general instructional approaches and indicate their efficacy in promoting learning: providing feedback, providing concrete examples and activities, providing worked out examples and cases, guiding cognitive processes, strategy instruction, and cognitive apprenticeship.
	Discuss how self-efficacy, (self) attributions, and goal-orientation may affect students' motivation to learn and their approach to learning.
Psychology (PSYC) 315 Psychology and the	Describe and discuss psychological processes by which the mass media affect us and through which we respond to the mass media.
Mass Media Revision 5	Discuss past and current issues about the mass media from a psychological perspective and defend your position on these issues.
Revision 5	Apply what you have learned in this course to your personal life as a consumer of mass media and to your professional life as a producer of mass media, if applicable.
	Describe and discuss, from a psychological perspective, the research in an area or issue that is of particular interest to you.
Psychology (PSYC) 323  Developmental Psychology	Apply the tools, mechanisms, and processes of critical thinking consciously and systematically to produce organized, systematic, and dependably sound academic written work related to the discipline.
Revision 10	



	Analyze the different aspects and periods of development (prenatal, infancy, early childhood, middle and late childhood) and its different contexts (cognitive, biological/physical, socioemotional).  Investigate the growth patterns for infancy and childhood.  Interpret the main concepts of child development according to each theorist/theory discussed in the course.  Discuss the different characteristics of each developmental theorist/theory.  Assess behaviour objectively in accordance with the theories and principles of development.  Evaluate the developmental theories (Piaget, Vygotsky, Information Processing, Ainsworth, Bowlby, Kohlberg, Freud) in the context of child development.
Psychology (PSYC) 333	Describe the perceptual process and how perception is studied.
Sensation and	Describe the basic principles of sensory physiology.
Perception	Discuss the stimulus for vision and the photoreceptor processes.
Revision 4	Identify the pathway from retina to visual cortex and higher-level visual processing.
	Discuss the perceptual organization of objects and scenes.
	Describe what attention is and the physiology of attention.
	Discuss the information people use to find their way through the environment.
	Describe the functions and characteristics of motion perception.
	Describe the perception of colour and the theories of colour vision.
	Discuss how we perceive depth and size.
	Describe the stimulus for sound and the structure and function of the auditory system.
	Discuss the characteristics of sound localization.
	Discuss how we perceive music and how emotion and music are linked.
	Identify the speech stimulus and the dimensions of speech perception.
	Describe the cutaneous senses and how we perceive pain.
	Identify the properties of the chemical senses and discuss the olfactory system.
Psychology (PSYC) 340	Define applied social psychology.



Introduction to Applied Social Psychology	Delineate clearly the difference between mainstream social psychology and applied social psychology.
Revision 5	Discuss the difficulties inherent in the application of applied social psychology.
	Discuss areas that are applicable to investigation through the paradigm of applied social psychology.
	Describe the research methods used by applied social psychologists to investigate specific social problems.
	Develop a clear understanding of the social problems noted throughout the course. Discuss these problems and suggest possible solutions to them.
	Demonstrate the skills required to prepare a proposal for effecting social change.
Psychology (PSYC) 345	Evaluate psychological theories and methods with an awareness of the impact that gender, sexuality, power, and diversity have on scientific knowledge.
The Psychology of Gender and Sexuality Revision 7	Explain how diversity, oppression, and social justice shape gendered experiences across the lifespan.
	Demonstrate how psychological research on gender and sexuality is enriched when examining multiple levels of analysis, social context, and attention to structural oppression.
	Analyze the ways in which gendered power dynamics affect the mental health, well-being, and life trajectory of diversely situated individuals and groups.
	Evaluate the myriad ways gender and sexuality interface with issues related to income and employment, violence, stress and coping, stigma and prejudice, sex and relationships, family planning and parenting, and mental health and well-being.
	Clearly communicate the importance of applying critical feminist theories, including intersectionality and decolonization, to the study of gender and sexuality.
Psychology (PSYC) 347	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Introduction to Feminist Counselling	
Psychology (PSYC) 355	Explain the origins of cognitive psychology.
Cognitive Psychology Revision 3	Explain and (evaluate the following approaches to cognitive processing: parallel distributed processing approach, and the artificial intelligence approach.
	Describe four theories of pattern recognition.



Distinguish between bottom-up and top-down processing and illustrate each type of processing with an example. Regarding attention, explain the following: stroop effect, bottleneck theories, feature-integration theory, and the biological basis of attention. Explain and assess the following models of memory: Atkinson-Shiffrin Model, the Levels-of-Processing Approach, and Tulving's Model. Explain the following aspects of memory: sensory memory, short-term memory, long-term memory, and autobiographical memory. Explain how the following determinants affect memory: context, mood, and expertise. Demonstrate at least four strategies that will improve memory. Explain the characteristics of mental imagery. Debate the analog and propositional positions of mental storage, state your preferred theory, and justify your position. Explain and provide examples of "cognitive maps". Describe semantic memory, and discuss the following models: Feature Comparison Model, Collins and Loftus Network Model, Anderson's ACT\* Theory, and the Exemplar Approach. Regarding memory performance, explain the affects of: schemas, and metacognition. Discuss the following approaches to speech perception: the Phonetic Module and the Special Mechanism Approach. Discuss the importance of context in speech perception and reading. Regarding word recognition, explain the following: direct-access hypothesis, indirect-access hypothesis, and the dual-encoding hypothesis.

Explain the process of problem solving and discuss the following issues in relation to problem solving: algorithms, insight, attentional processes, and functional fixedness.

Explain the role of heuristics in (problem solving and decision-making.

Describe creativity and suggest ways creativity can be improved.

Regarding logical reasoning, explain the propositional calculus and syllogisms.

## Psychology (PSYC) 356

Effectively relate the broad theoretical underpinnings of the field in a sound historical context, with links to contemporary research efforts and theory.



Introduction to Personality Theories and Issues	Effectively relate each of the four strategies with explicit attention to both its earliest roots and its links from other strategies.
Revision 4	Describe the broader historical, cultural, and scientific contexts from which each of the four strategies emerged.
	Weave together coverage of the most up-to-date research with currently important theoretical issues and significant practical applications.
	Determine the primary emphasis of each strategy as well as the range and limitations of its applications.
	Effectively recognize, associate, and define the key terms or concepts applied to the field and listed by each strategy.
	Compare the applied elements of each strategy and contrast these across each of the other strategies.
	Effectively relate the material to your own everyday experiences, thereby enhancing your ability to process, retain, and recall the material.
	Effectively synthesize the broad scope of the field and demonstrate written skills of course integration and sound critical analysis.
Psychology (PSYC)	Explain the general characteristics of applied behaviour analysis.
365 Behaviour Modification Principles	Identify and provide examples of specific procedures of behaviour modification including reinforcement, shaping, chaining, respondent conditioning, response cost, avoidance and escape learning, schedules of reinforcement, and stimulus discrimination procedures.
Revision 6	Work with behavioural data by measuring and recording behaviours and displaying behavioural data in graphic form.
	Reflect upon and evaluate research articles on behaviour modification.
Psychology (PSYC) 375	Discuss the scientific views of Karl Popper and Thomas Kuhn.
History of Psychology Revision 1	Discuss and provide examples of various types of: Determinism, and Dualism.
	Explain the main features of philosophy of: four prominent Greek cosmologists, as well as Hippocrates, Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle.
	Explain Skepticism and Cynicism and identify the philosophical responses to these philosophies.
	Identify and discuss the teachings of prominent spiritual and philosophical leaders during the: Roman period, Scholastic period, and the period of Renaissance humanists.
	Explain the main highlights of scientific thinking from 15th to the 17th century.



	Summarize Descartes' philosophy and discuss his contributions to psychology.
	For each school of philosophy, identify the major theorists, summarize important influences in their life, and explain the main concepts of their philosophy: British empiricism, French Sensationalism, Positivism, Rationalism, Romanticism, and Existentialism.
	Explain and contrast the theories of Helmholtz and Müller.
	Explain the basic principles of phrenology.
	Describe the life and work of Wilhelm Wundt and Edward Titchener.
	Explain how the centre of psychological research shifted from Europe to the United States. In your discussion, include theories of evolution and intelligence testing.
	Discuss the biological, psychological, and supernatural explanations of mental illness.
	Explain how the treatment of mentally ill patients was transformed during the 18th and 19th centuries.
	Explain and evaluate the work of Sigmund Freud and (early alternatives to psychoanalysis.
	For each school of thought, identify the major theorists and explain the school's key principles: Functionalism, Behaviourism, Neobehaviourism, Gestalt psychology, Humanistic psychology, Cognitive psychology, and Psychobiology.
	Discuss diversity and eclecticism in contemporary psychology.
Psychology (PSYC) 379	Define social psychology and describe the place of social psychology within the discipline of psychology.
Social Psychology	Describe methodological approaches to research in social psychology.
Revision 9	Identify, explain, and discuss fundamental concepts, principles, theories, and research findings in the following areas:
	<ul> <li>Social perception and cognition,</li> <li>Social self,</li> <li>Value and attitude, attitude change and behavior change</li> <li>Interpersonal communication and interpersonal relationships</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Pro-social behavior and aggression</li><li>Cooperation and conflict</li></ul>
	Prejudice and discrimination
	Apply social psychological theories, concepts, principles, and research findings to everyday life.
	Analyze information critically and write a research report or paper.





Psychology (PSYC) 381  The Psychology of	Describe the pattern of demographic change in Canadian society establish the causes summarize the implications of an aging population and outline strategies for minimizing these impacts.
Adult Development Revision 4	Identify three research papers on adult education using different research methods outline the strengths and limitations of each research method, identify the threats to internal and external validity for each research method and explain the threats and how to reduce them.
	Describe the two basic principles of normal aging and discuss the impact of this aging process on daily life.
	Identify changes in sensory- motor functioning caused by aging and the implications of these changes on daily functioning and describe how the impact of these changes could be minimized.
	Establish the relationship between chronic disease and one's gender and socioeconomic status discuss the relevance of such relationships.
	Indicate those parts of the Canada Health Act and the Canadian health care system that impact an aging population and identify strengths of the Act, limitations to it and propose changes and justify those proposed changes.
	Describe the three major mental disorders including a description of the epidemiology and etiology for each disorder and discuss the deinstitutionalization movement in relation to the above.
	Establish the relationship between age and intelligence and identify instruments that measure adult intelligence and outline the instruments' limitations.
	Discuss the evidence on memory performance with age and identify diseases related to memory performance.
	Outline the factors that contribute toward divorce and discuss these factors within the context of theories of love.
	Describe the changes in family relations and responsibilities that accompany the aging of the family members.
	Summarize the differences between men and women in terms of career importance, career earnings, and career success and discuss the factors that are likely to account for these differences.
	Discuss the role played by hospice care, home care, and hospital care in issues related to death.
Psychology (PSYC) 387	Explain and discuss the following: behaviour, summary labels, and target behaviour.
Learning Revision 4	Illustrate, with the use of an example, how each behavioural technique works below, and discuss conditions that influence the effectiveness of each procedure: positive reinforcement, punishment, and feedback.
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	Explain and evaluate the following response-reduction procedures: extinction, differential reinforcement of zero responding (DRO), and differential reinforcement of incompatible behaviours (DRI).  Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of punishment.  Distinguish escape from avoidance conditioning and discuss types of aversive stimuli.  Distinguish fading from shaping and illustrate each of these techniques with an example.  Identify and explain eight types of reinforcement schedules and illustrate each of these schedules with an example.  Explain the following behavioural techniques, and discuss factors that influence their effectiveness, and illustrate each of these techniques with an example: stimulus discrimination, prompting, stimulus response training, and rule-governed behaviour.  Explain modeling, and six types of generalization, and provide illustrations for each.  Distinguish rule-governed behaviour from contingency-shaped behaviour.  Explain and contrast classical conditioning from operant conditioning.  Identify and explain four types of Pavlovian Conditioning Therapies and discuss conditions that influence the effectiveness of each therapy.
	Explain, evaluate, and illustrate with examples: conceptual learning, generalized response classes, and stimulus equivalence.
Psychology (PSYC) 388 Introduction to Counselling Revision 6	Analyze and apply an integrated knowledge of the historical and professional foundations in counselling as a profession, particularly that of counselling in Canada.  Describe the personal qualities of effective counsellors and compare counselling to other helping professions.  Discuss various aspects of the counselling profession, including ethical, legal, and multicultural issues.  Demonstrate your understanding of the counselling process and counselling skills from the initial interview to termination and apply it to specific (hypothetical) counselling situations.  Describe the features of assessment and diagnosis in the counselling profession and identify the strengths and limitations of the assessment process.  Describe the distinguishing features of a wide range of counselling theories, including psychoanalytic, cognitive, behavioural, humanistic,
	systemic, and brief theories.



	Describe the general distinguishing features of several counselling specializations and demonstrate your in-depth knowledge of at least one counselling specialty.  Describe personal perspectives regarding the advancement of your career in counselling.
Psychology (PSYC) 389 Learning Disabilities:	Explain the definitions, themes, characteristics, contributing factors, related to learning disabilities and associated challenges.  Identify assessment strategies and describe the different assessment
Issues and Interventions (Cross-listed with EDPY 389)	Analyze the contributions of theorists developing an understanding of how to teach students with learning disabilities.
Revision 11	Discuss issues in the field of learning disabilities and their impact on young children, adolescents, and adults.  Develop case studies complete with assessment and intervention strategies.
	Find and critically assess reading material and online content related to learning disabilities.
	Integrate theory, research, and professional practice within the field of learning disabilities.
Psychology (PSYC) 395	Define the scope and functions of forensic psychologists, from both clinical and academic perspectives.
Forensic Psychology Revision 3	Describe the relationship between the disciplines of psychology and law.
	Describe standard police selection procedures and the importance of police discretion in dealing with community violations.
	Describe various models of police interrogation and weigh the pros and cons of these approaches.
	Describe the newly-developed investigative tool of criminal profiling, and outline different methods used to target criminal offenders.
	Describe polygraph techniques and their limitations in Canadian courtrooms.
	Explain the unique challenges involved in children's testimony and describe how understanding children's memory processes is vital to ensure their appropriate and effective involvement in court proceedings.
	Describe the key issues when mental health problems are brought to the court: fitness to stand trial and mental state at the time of offence.
	Describe the structure of the Canadian Legal System and the range of sentencing options in Canada.



Outline the special issues involved in understanding and treating domestic violence.

Describe the range among sexual offenders, the theories behind their offending, and how they are assessed and treated.

Explain the concept of psychopathy, how it develops, and its relationship to criminal activities.

Outline the historical development of how Canadian law has attempted to deal with the issue of youth crime.

Describe the extent and theories of criminal acts committed by females.

Explain the over-representation of aboriginal offenders in the justice system and the development of specialized approaches to managing or preventing reoffending.

## Psychology (PSYC) 401

## Learning Through Life

## Revision 4

Define meaning perspectives and meaning schemes and compare these terms to similar terms used by other authors.

Describe the role of meaning perspectives and meaning schemes.

Describe the place of language in meaning perspectives and meaning schemes.

Discuss the contribution of Habermas's theory of communicative competence to Mezirow's theory of adult learning. Your discussion should include instrumental, communicative, and emancipatory learning.

Outline four forms of adult learning based on meaning perspectives and meaning schemes.

Describe the role and importance of reflective learning according to Mezirow.

Define content, process, and premise reflection, and give concrete examples of each.

Explain a range of distortions, including their origins, that may lead to dysfunctional meaning perspectives in adult life.

Describe the development of meaning perspectives and identify factors that facilitate such development.

Outline at least six major philosophical and ethical considerations when fostering transformative adult education.

Analyze the development and change of meaning perspectives and meaning schemes within a case study.

Analyze the development and change of meaning perspectives and meaning schemes using a case study from your own life experience. You may draw from your work situation, your community volunteer activities, or your hobbies, travel, and personal study.



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	Evaluate the usefulness and limitations of Mezirow's analysis of the creation of meaning with particular reference to your case study.
Psychology (PSYC) 405	Define working alliance and describe its main components.
Creating A Working	Describe the relationship between a working alliance and counselling.
Alliance	Explain how client and counsellor characteristics influence the working alliance.
Revision 5	Describe strategies for enhancing the working alliance that address issues of motivation, and client resistance.
	Discuss the potential problems, including role conflict and role ambiguity, associated with a working alliance that involves a boss and a subordinate, and outline strategies for dealing with these problems.
	Describe a taxonomy of skills for creating a working alliance and demonstrate the use of such skills.
	Describe characteristics of an effective collaboration, identify the benefits of such a collaboration, and suggest key skills for developing it.
	Outline a model for problem-solving and decision-making and identify the purpose of each step and the skills associated with each.
	Outline the stages of group development, and the fundamental factors that enhance such a development.
	Discuss what is meant by partnerships, the implications in terms of applicable skills, and how partnerships relate to the working alliance and collaboration.
	Outline potential conflicts in a partnership, the steps involved in solving them, and the skills associated with each step.
	Outline your plan for the first meeting of a potential partnership, including the issues you would address and the skills you would use and justify your decisions.
Psychology (PSYC) 406	Describe the relationship between world view, personal characteristics, and counselling theory.
Introduction to Theories of Counselling and	Articulate the importance of establishing a personal theory of counselling and psychotherapy and the process(es) by which that might occur.
Psychotherapy Revision 2	Identify the various components that are essential in making up a complete "theory" of counselling or psychotherapy.
	Articulate the way in which those components are addressed across the various theoretical models.
	Critically assess the similarities and differences across approaches, as well as the strengths and limitations of each approach.
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	Identify personal values, beliefs, and world view, and evaluate the impact of those assumptions on the personal fit of each theoretical framework as well as components of the counselling and psychotherapy processes.
	Describe the application of the various models to the process of addressing various client presenting concerns through the use of case studies.
	Critically evaluate the viability of an integrative approach that draws on components of various conceptual models.
	Begin to articulate a personal perspective on human nature, development and definition of client problems, the nature of the client-counsellor relationship, and the process and techniques for facilitating change and growth.
Psychology (PSYC) 418	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Special Projects in Psychology	
Psychology (PSYC) 426	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Psychology of Families and Parenting	
Psychology (PSYC) 432	Describe the area of environmental psychology.
Psychology and the Built Environment	Describe and discuss some of the theories and research about, and applications of, the interrelationships between our behaviours and our everyday physical environments.
Revision 4	Apply what you have learned in this course to the design and alteration of the physical environments in your personal and professional life.
	Describe and discuss the research in a specific area that is of special interest to you.
Psychology (PSYC) 435	Describe the historical emergence of abnormal psychology as a concept and as an area of clinical practice.
Abnormal Psychology	Identify and compare several theories about the causes of abnormal behaviour.
Revision 8	Discuss issues in the assessment and diagnosis of mental disorders.
	Describe the wide variety of treatment approaches available to modern clinicians.
	Identify and describe several common and relatively easily treated disorders, such as adjustment, anxiety, phobias, and somatoform disorders.



	Identify and describe the more difficult-to-treat disorders, such as schizophrenia, paranoia, and the affective disorders.
	Describe and discuss disorders that involve some violation of legal or social standards, including sexual variations, alcohol and drug abuse patterns, impulse control, and violence.
	Recognize relationships between various central nervous system impairments and abnormal behaviour patterns.
	Explain aspects and implications of various types and levels of neurodevelopmental disorders.
	Identify, describe, and discuss special disorders of childhood, adolescence, adulthood, and aging.
	Discuss the major ethical and legal considerations associated with abnormal behaviour.
Psychology (PSYC) 450	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Drugs and Behaviour	
Psychology (PSYC) 451	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Human Neuropsychology	
Psychology (PSYC) 469	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Principles of Psychological Assessment	
(Cross-listed with EDPY 469)	
Psychology (PSYC)	Explain consultation, collaboration, and collaborative consultation.
470	Discuss the various consultation models and professional practices.
Consultation and Collaboration for	Describe the components of effective consultation and collaboration.
Students with Special Needs	Illustrate effective problem-solving in consultation and collaboration.
(Cross-listed with EDPY 470)	Outline effective communication and interpersonal skills for consultation and collaboration.
Revision 9	Describe the legal and ethical issues in consultation and collaboration.
	Discuss effective strategies for consulting about students with academic skills problems and/or social, emotional, and/or behavioural problems.



	Discuss systems-level consultation and summarize the steps in the RIOT process.
	Outline strategies for transition planning in consultation and collaboration.
Psychology (PSYC) 471 Supporting Children	Outline the primary conceptual approaches to emotional and behavioural disorders (EBDs).
and Youth with Emotional and Behavioural	Discuss the role of an effective teacher of students with EBDs.
	Describe the causal factors of EBDs and possible preventions.
Challenges	Outline how EBDs are defined and the issues with defining EBDs.
(Cross-listed with EDPY 471)	Define and describe the characteristics of types of disordered behaviour.
Revision 9	Identify the primary approaches to intervention and education for each type of EBD.
	Describe the issues with measurement, screening, and identification of EBDs.
	Search for, find, evaluate, and share resources on EBDs.
	Develop case studies that include instructional and assessment strategies that are appropriate for the specific emotional and behavioural challenges of students with EBDs.
Psychology (PSYC) 476	Participate in identifying assistive technology needs of students with special needs.
Assistive Technology for Students with Special Needs	Access appropriate assistive technology resources.
	Participate in a multi-disciplinary team assessment.
(Cross-listed with EDPY 476)	Implement assistive technology in the classroom or other educational settings.
Revision 7	Participate in an evaluation of the effectiveness of assistive technology.
Psychology (PSYC) 478	Explain the characteristics, diagnosis, and theorized etiologies of Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD).
Autism Spectrum Disorder	Discuss evidence-based practices and the different interventions available for individuals with ASD to assess their efficacy.
(Cross-listed with EDPY 478)	Describe the effect ASD can have in families throughout their lifespan and identify ways to support the family.
Revision 4	Describe functional behaviour analysis and how antecedents and consequences influence behaviour.
	Discuss common characteristics associated with ASD in the areas of communication, socialization, daily living, play, motor development, sexuality, and academics.



	Discuss the use of assistive technology for individuals with ASD.
	Describe evidence-based planning practices to promote successful transition to adulthood.
RELS: Religious Stud	lies
Religious Studies (RELS) 204	Discuss the several dimensions of religious phenomena and evaluate the major issues confronting any student of religious studies.
Introduction to World Religions	Outline the various methodological means for examining any religious tradition or phenomenon.
Revision 2	Demonstrate a detailed understanding of the historical, literary, doctrinal, and practical features of Judaism, Christianity, Islam, Hinduism, Buddhism, and the Chinese religions.
Religious Studies	Outline the life of the Prophet Muhammad
(RELS) 206	Outline the theological themes central to the Qur'an
The Islamic Tradition	Outline and explain the Five Pillars of Islam
Revision 3	Outline and explain what constitutes Islamic law (shari'ah)
	Outline and explain basic beliefs and worldviews of Shi'a Islam and Sufism.
	Outline the current debates within Islam about women and gender relations.
	Outline Islamic responses to modernity in a post 9/11 world.
Religious Studies (RELS) 211	Describe the basic religious worldviews of the four major world religions.
Death and Dying in World Religions	Outline the historical development of beliefs pertaining to death and the afterlife in each of these religions.
Revision 3	Explain the different funerary and mourning rituals associated with each religion, and some of the analytical frameworks that scholars use when engaging the cross-cultural studies of death.
	Describe the various ways in which the members of different religious traditions deal with the process of grieving.
	Explain the integration of death practices and rituals into the process of palliative care.
Religious Studies (RELS) 218	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Introduction to Religion & Popular Culture	



Religious Studies (RELS) 313 Early Christians (Cross-listed with HIST	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
313 & HUMN 313) SCIE: Science	
Science (SCIE) 326	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Scientific Reasoning	
Science (SCIE) 480	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Research Methods in Science	
Science (SCIE) 495/496	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Science Projects I & II	
SOCI: Sociology	
Sociology (SOCI) 216 Sociology of Families Revision 2	Explain the social origins and historical transformation of the family as a social institution.  Identify some of the family forms that Indigenous peoples in North America have had and how and why they have changed.  Use sociological theory to analyze the social processes, social relations, and social structures that shape families in contemporary societies.  Describe the emergence of diverse types of family in Canada, including 2SLGBTQI+ family forms, and some of the challenges that families face today.  Identify the social policies that the Canadian government has implemented to regulate and support families and family relations.  Identify and critically analyze the 2SLGBTQI+ and feminist critique of the family as a social institution.
	Identify some of the current social transformations shaping the future of the family.
Sociology (SOCI) 231	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Sociology of Religion	
Sociology (SOCI) 287 Introduction to Sociology I	Use your sociological imagination to explain the significance of social class, gender, race, and ethnicity to the opportunities and outcomes of community, family, and individual life experiences.



Revision 7	Apply concepts, terminology, theory, and research methods to conduct research, analyze quantitative and qualitative data, critically evaluate published research, and develop sound and critical sociological lines of argument.  Use university-level information literacy skills, academic integrity standards, and sociological theories, insights, and concepts to communicate information, arguments, and analysis accurately and reliably, in various formats, both oral and written, to professional, specialist, and nonspecialist audiences.  Apply sociological principles and theory to work to transform the family, community, work, and political/governance environments in a local and/or global context, in line with sociological insights and scientific knowledge.  Identify theoretical and topical linkages between sociology and other related areas of discipline and use that awareness to learn and draw insight from other relevant disciplines (e.g., psychology).
Sociology (SOCI) 288	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Introduction to Sociology II – Social Movements	
Sociology (SOCI) 290	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Social Problems	
Sociology (SOCI) 291	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Canadian Society	
This course is under revision. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.	
Sociology (SOCI) 300	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
How Humans Organize: From Primary Groups to the World Wide Web	
Sociology (SOCI) 301	Calculate and display common descriptive statistics (i.e., measures of central tendency, measures of variance, etc.).
Social Statistics	Explain the difference between sample and population, statistics and
Revision 6	parameters.
	Describe dependent variables and independent variables.
	Calculate and interpret correlations.



	Make statistical predictions.
	Explain the dangers of using correlation to determine causation.
	Conduct hypothesis testing.
	Calculate various inferential statistics, including Pearson's r, various t- tests, ANOVA, and the Chi-square test.
Sociology (SOCI) 305	Think about crime in a sociological manner.
Sociology and Crime Revision 1	Apply the three sociological perspectives of symbolic interactionism, ethnomethodology, and structural conflict theory to the study of crime.
Revision	Discuss a critical sociological approach for the study of crime and explain how it is able to analyse the shortcomings of more traditional correctional views of crime.
	Discuss the ways in which sociology can provide valuable insights into the phenomenon of crime and describe how the study of crime can provide an interesting vehicle for learning about sociology.
Sociology (SOCI) 321	Describe employment trends in Canada.
The Sociology of Work	Explain the fragmentation of labour markets.
and Industry Revision 8	Give reasons why labour markets produce inequalities and insecurities.
	Discuss the relations between paid and unpaid work.
	Explain what management has to do with conflict and control in the workplace.
	Propose strategies to make work more equal, secure, and self-determined.
Sociology (SOCI) 331	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Exposed! Sociology of Environment and Aging	
Sociology (SOCI) 332	Discuss the development of the union movement, the changing role of
Women and Unions	women in the paid work force, and the relationship between the two.
(Cross-listed with LBST 332 & WGST 332)	Appreciate the dynamic interplay among employers, union organizations, and both men and women union members, and therefore, the varied outcomes that occur as a result of factors such as
Revision 1	the industry, the size of the union, the proportion of women members, and so on.
	Assess the contribution of the union movement to improving the status of employed women, in the context of the economic, legislative and ideological parameters within which unions work.
	Understand the important current issues being debated in the union movement with regard to the concerns of women members.



Sociology (SOCI) 335	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Classical Sociological Theory and Its Relevance Today	
Sociology (SOCI) 337  Contemporary Sociological Theory	Outline the theory of social systems developed by Talcott Parsons including the basic assumptions, key concepts, and underlying argument of his theory.
Revision 3	Explain, using examples, why structural functionalism is often seen as a conservative theory of society.
	Explain the logical and methodological criticisms that have been made of structural functionalism.
	Show how Robert Merton tried to revise structural functionalism by introducing new concepts, questioning old assumptions, and providing a more empirical framework for theory construction.
	Discuss ways in which Ralf Dahrendorf's theory of social conflict (including his basic assumptions, key concepts, and underlying arguments) may be seen as an alternative to that of the structural functionalists.
	Review the main differences between recent versions of neofunctionalism and earlier versions of structural functionalism.
	Identify the more prominent conflict theorists currently contributing to sociological theory.
	Explain the significance of Hegelian Marxism, and outline the basic assumptions, key concepts, underlying arguments, and major representatives of this theoretical school.
	Review the achievements of the Frankfurt School of Critical Theory, and include some examples of their key concepts, targets of criticism, underlying arguments, and major representatives.
	Outline as many of the schools of contemporary Marxism as you can, including the basic assumptions, key concepts, underlying arguments, and major representatives of each school.
	Discuss the main elements of the systems theory of Niklas Luhmann, and review the criticisms made of his theory.
	Explain how the work of George Herbert Mead revolutionized the study of human behaviour.
	Review ways in which the work of Herbert Blumer helped to systematize and formalize the tradition of symbolic interactionism.
	Explain the novelty of Erving Goffman's dramaturgical approach to the study of everyday life, and show how his approach departs, in some respects, from mainstream symbolic interactionism.



Discuss several ways in which symbolic interactionism has changed in recent years.

Show how ethnomethodologists have developed a set of theoretical concepts, methods of research, and basic assumptions that sharply distinguish their work from that of mainstream sociologists, and that imply a strong critique of mainstream sociology.

Compare and contrast the work of ethnomethodologists with that of other microsociologists, such as exchange theorists, symbolic interactionists, and rational choice theorists.

Evaluate critically the claim that social exchange theory is nonsociological because it is based on hedonistic and psychologically reductionistic assumptions.

Compare and contrast the different generations of behavioural theorists (including their key concepts, basic assumptions, and research examples) represented in the works of Skinner, Homans, and Blau.

Discuss whether contemporary feminist theory is best viewed as a critical perspective on mainstream sociological theory or as a sociological theory in its own right.

Distinguish between the generations or waves of feminism, as well as between the divisions within contemporary feminism, and show how these divisions correspond to social and historical changes in the larger society.

Discuss the more important criticisms that have been made by feminists of classical and contemporary sociological theories and theorists.

Evaluate critically the extent to which Anthony Giddens' theory of structuration successfully integrates macrosociological and microsociological levels of analysis.

Show, using examples, how the key concepts of Pierre Bourdieu's theory of genetic structuralism can be used to analyse and explain real-life situations of social conflict.

Identify historical forces that have led to the rise of modernity and, using appropriate sociological concepts, show what such modern institutions as the Nazi death camps and fast-food franchises have in common.

Outline the main features of Jurgen Habermas' theory of late capitalism, including his concepts of "systematically distorted communication," "colonization of the life-world," and "legitimation crisis".

Explain what Habermas means by the expression "emancipatory project" and why he regards modernity as an "incomplete project".

Discuss ways in which postmodernist social theory differs from mainstream sociological theory.



Show how the work of Jean Baudrillard (including his key concepts, basic assumptions, and arguments) may be understood as a critical theory of popular consumer culture.  Identify the major stages in the intellectual development of Michel Foucault and show how each stage represents a different method of analysis and a distinct set of concepts.  Evaluate criticisms that have been made of postmodern social theory.  Sociology (SOCI) 339  Sociology of War and Armed Conflict  Sociology (SOCI) 345  Women, Gender and Work in Canada  (Cross-listed with WGST 345)  (Cross-listed with WGST 345)  inequality, discrimination, sexual harassment, and assault.
Foucault and show how each stage represents a different method of analysis and a distinct set of concepts.  Evaluate criticisms that have been made of postmodern social theory.  Sociology (SOCI) 339  Sociology of War and Armed Conflict  Sociology (SOCI) 345  Women, Gender and Work in Canada  (Cross-listed with WGST 345)  Foucault and show how each stage represents a different method of analysis and a distinct set of concepts.  Evaluate criticisms that have been made of postmodern social theory.  The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.  Identify the importance of women's work, and analyze why women's work has been exploited, unpaid, and/or underpaid throughout Canadian history.  Provide examples of how women's class, age, family status, race, immigration status, sexuality, gender identity, and/or disabilities have shaped their experiences with work opportunities, exclusions,
Sociology (SOCI) 339  The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.  Sociology of War and Armed Conflict  Sociology (SOCI) 345  Women, Gender and Work in Canada  (Cross-listed with WGST 345)  The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.  Identify the importance of women's work, and analyze why women's work has been exploited, unpaid, and/or underpaid throughout Canadian history.  Provide examples of how women's class, age, family status, race, immigration status, sexuality, gender identity, and/or disabilities have shaped their experiences with work opportunities, exclusions,
Sociology (SOCI) 345  Sociology (SOCI) 345  Women, Gender and Work in Canada  (Cross-listed with WGST 345)  Identify the importance of women's work, and analyze why women's work has been exploited, unpaid, and/or underpaid throughout Canadian history.  Provide examples of how women's class, age, family status, race, immigration status, sexuality, gender identity, and/or disabilities have shaped their experiences with work opportunities, exclusions,
Armed Conflict  Sociology (SOCI) 345  Women, Gender and Work in Canada  (Cross-listed with WGST 345)  Identify the importance of women's work, and analyze why women's work has been exploited, unpaid, and/or underpaid throughout Canadian history.  Provide examples of how women's class, age, family status, race, immigration status, sexuality, gender identity, and/or disabilities have shaped their experiences with work opportunities, exclusions,
Work has been exploited, unpaid, and/or underpaid throughout Canadian history.  Work in Canada  (Cross-listed with WGST 345)  work has been exploited, unpaid, and/or underpaid throughout Canadian history.  Provide examples of how women's class, age, family status, race, immigration status, sexuality, gender identity, and/or disabilities have shaped their experiences with work opportunities, exclusions,
(Cross-listed with WGST 345)  Provide examples of how women's class, age, family status, race, immigration status, sexuality, gender identity, and/or disabilities have shaped their experiences with work opportunities, exclusions,
Revision 7
Evaluate the individual and collective advocacy efforts that women and LGB, transgender, and gender-nonconforming people have used in seeking inclusion and equality in unpaid and paid work.
Analyze government and workplace policies and programs that have sought to address equality-based issues in unpaid and paid work.
Debate whether integration into paid work in the current capitalist economic system should continue to be an avenue of feminist equality and liberation.
Integrate your own and other people's experiences in unpaid and paid work through interviews, reading and discussion questions, oral histories, and research papers.
Sociology (SOCI) 347 The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Contemporary Social Theory for the 21 <sup>st</sup> Century: the Age of Indeterminacy
Sociology (SOCI) 348 The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Sociology of Environment and Health
Sociology (SOCI) 365 Identify the key concepts, principles, and theories that characterize the sociology of deviance as an area of study.
Sociology of Deviance Sociology of deviance as all area of study.



Revision 7	Critically evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of various definitions of "deviance" and "normality".
	Explain how structures of social inequality and relations of power affect perceptions of deviance and mechanisms of social control.
	Summarize and evaluate the research that has been conducted on various topics related to the sociology of deviance.
	Describe the explanations offered by varied theories of deviance that arise from positivist, interpretive, and critical approaches to theorybuilding, and assess their value.
	Apply the core concepts, principles, and theories of the sociology of deviance to local, national, and global issues.
Sociology (SOCI) 378	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Social Problems and Social Movements	
(Cross-listed with CMNS 385)	
Sociology (SOCI) 381	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The Sociology of Power and Inequality	
Sociology (SOCI) 426	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Special Projects in Sociology II	
Knowledge Mobilization for Multiple Audiences	
Sociology (SOCI) 427	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Special Projects in Sociology III	
Sociology (SOCI) 435	Sociology 435 explores contemporary expressions of this insight
Theories of Social Change	through the works of four social theorists: a contemporary "classical" Marxist, a radical feminist Marxist, a media theorist and a neo-liberal
Revision 6	economist. As you complete this course, we anticipate that you will develop your ability to think critically about:
NOVISION O	Various theories of social change and the factors—especially those operating within the wider society—that influence the development of those theories.
	The impact of different theories on the societies under study, in particular, who benefits from a given theory, and who pays the price.



	The distinction between a historical analysis of concrete social forms and a purely descriptive analysis, and the social roles served by each type of analysis.
	The concrete social conflicts and contradictions that bring about social changes.
	The impact of ideology and its critique on global social change.
Sociology (SOCI) 450	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Environmental Sociology	
Sociology (SOCI) 460	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
The Sociology of Information Technology	
SOSC: Social Science	
Social Sciences (SOSC) 366	Understand the ethical responsibilities of a social science researcher toward research subjects and clientele.
Research Methods in the Social Sciences	Explain the principles and objectives of social science research.
Revision 6	Describe the use of common research methods in the social sciences.
Revision 6	Define a research problem.
	Write a research proposal.
	Conduct an independent pilot research project involving the collection of empirical data.
	Analyze and report findings from a research project.
	Better understand research reported in the media and critically analyze research studies.
SPAN: Spanish	
Spanish (SPAN) 200	Introduce yourself and others.
Spanish for Beginners	Participate in simple conversations on such topics as family, the weather, food, and travel.
Revision 3	Express obligations, wishes, and actions in the near future.
	Ask simple questions and respond to straightforward requests.
	Express likes and dislikes.
	Describe a person, an event, or a situation.
	Discuss aspects of Hispanic culture.



	Tell stories in the present, past and future.
	Describe your daily routines and those of others.
	Name articles of clothing, days of the week, months, seasons.
Spanish (SPAN) 201	In oral and written expression:
Spanish for Beginners	Speak/write about travel, accommodations, and modes of transportation.
Revision 5	Speak/write about past actions, events, feelings, and emotions.
	Speak/write about habitual actions in the past.
	Express actions in the past combining various verb forms to create narratives.
	Describe people, objects, places, and situations in the past.
	Speak/write about the stages of life, generations, and social relationships.
	Speak/write about changes and similarities.
	Express agreement and disagreement.
	Give advice and make suggestions.
	Comment and give personal opinions.
Spanish (SPAN) 300	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Intermediate Spanish	
Revision 2	
This course is under revision. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.	
Spanish (SPAN) 301	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Intermediate Spanish II	
Revision 2	
This course is under revision. As a result, it is not available for PLAR at this time.	



Spanish (SPAN) 330	Apply Spanish reading skills and vocabulary to multiple disciplines		
Textual Analysis &	impacting contemporary life.		
Composition Revision 3	Read, critique, and evaluate Spanish texts for grammatical structure and content.		
Revision 5	Constructively work in editorial teams developing Spanish texts for future use.		
	Write original texts in Spanish for various audiences using formal and informal language structures where appropriate.		
	Interpret the challenges facing the world in the 21st century through the lens of the 17 sustainable development goals outlined by the United Nations.		
Spanish (SPAN) 400	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.		
Advanced Spanish Grammar I			
TAXX: Taxation			
Taxation (TAXX) 301 Taxation I	Describe the key tax entities and their relationships within the Canadian tax system.		
Revision 30	Explain the key processes followed in the Canadian taxation system.		
Revision 50	Perform calculations to determine net income, interest and penalties, credits and tax payable, cumulative eligible capital, and others.		
	Apply relevant rules such as the rules for capital gains and capital losses, registered savings and profit-sharing plans, property transfers, income attribution, lump sum payments, and income splitting.		
Taxation (TAXX) 401	This course cannot be sought through PLAR.		
Taxation II			
WGST: Women and	WGST: Women and Gender Studies		
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 200	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.		
Feminist Research and Women's Lives			
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 201	Provide an overview of the three waves of feminism.		
, ,	Compare and contrast the major feminist theories.		
An Introduction to Women's and Gender Studies	Recognize and explain how gender intersects with other social categories, including but not limited to race, ethnicity, sexuality, class, and (dis)ability.		
<u> </u>	and (ale)acing.		



	Discuss the major issues facing different groups of women in Canada today, including gender-based violence, health, work and family, and beauty culture and the media.
	Discuss the specific challenges facing Indigenous women as a result of colonialism.
	Define transnational feminism and give examples of feminist issues and activism in the Global South.
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 210	Distinguish between the dominant and critical paradigms that inform the study of media.
Gender, Sexuality, and Popular Media	Demonstrate an understanding of and explain central concepts from gender and sexuality studies in relation to media studies.
Revision 1	Recognize that gender and sexuality are not stand-alone identities and intersect with race, ethnicity, ability, and other social identities.
	Provide and explain examples of findings from research studies that critically analyze representations of gender and sexuality in a variety of popular media genres.
	Provide and explain examples of engagement by audiences and fans with popular media texts.
	Apply the critical/cultural approach to conduct a discourse analysis of media representation of gender and sexuality.
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 302 Communication Skills: Feminist Practice Revision 3	Demonstrate a broad understanding of the complexities of interpersonal communication and the impact of language on the communication process.
	Demonstrate an understanding of the theoretical frameworks underlying feminist counselling practice.
	Demonstrate knowledge of assessment processes and principles of a feminist approach to counselling and distinguish it from other counselling approaches.
	Demonstrate a knowledge of ethics and the ethical code of conduct governing counsellors.
	Demonstrate a knowledge of depression, suicide myths and facts surrounding suicide.
	Demonstrate counselling skills and the ability to make critical appraisals of exchanges occurring within a counselling role.
	Critically analyze processes underlying client-counsellor communication and begin making suggestions to improve client-counsellor communication.
	Recognize "crisis" in a counselling situation.



	Demonstrate effective use of consultation, supervision, and referral strategies when evaluating risks and accessing resources.
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 303	Exhibit university-level skills in academic writing, including research and argumentation, and apply their academic writing skills to communication and feminist counselling practice problems and issues.
	Employ basic research skills to access and critically evaluate information from scholarly and popular sources, including electronic (web) sources, video and audio sources, archival and printed sources.
	Feminist insights and alternatives in communication and counselling that foster tolerance for diversity of human experience and ways of life.
	Describe the historical and ongoing role of feminism in identifying gendered health inequities, developing the women's health movement, and continuing to advocate for gendered health issues.
Gender, Women, and Health	Understand how gender is a social determinant of health.
Revision 13	Discuss feminist understandings of gender, sex, patriarchy, and intersectionality as they relate to health and health care.
	Appreciate how an intersectional approach is necessary to develop robust understandings of gendered issues in health and health care.
	Demonstrate familiarity with an array of specific health topics through a feminist lens.
	Argue how and why a gender-transformative approach to health promotion can be used to develop meaningful, effective interventions in health and health care.
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 304	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Issues in Aboriginal Women's Health and Wellness	
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 305	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Counselling with Indigenous Women	
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 310	Demonstrate a broad understanding of the historic trends in feminism and rationale for developing a feminist approach to counselling.
Feminist Approaches to Counselling Women	Demonstrate an understanding of the foundations of crisis theory and a triage assessment model of crisis intervention.
Revision 1	Demonstrate an understanding of ethical practice in crisis counselling situations.
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	Demonstrate an understanding of feminist intervention strategies and skills as they apply in specific situations relevant to women.
	Demonstrate skills related to a feminist approach to crisis-counselling.
	Demonstrate skills related to crisis-intervention assessment.
	Demonstrate skills in crisis counselling and applying triage assessment method.
	Exhibit university-level skills in academic writing, including research and argumentation, and apply their academic writing skills to feminist crisis counselling practice, problems, and issues.
	Employ basic research skills to access and critically evaluate information from scholarly and popular sources, including electronic (web) sources, video and audio sources, archival and printed sources.
	Feminist insights and alternatives in crisis counselling that foster tolerance for diversity of human experience and ways of life.
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 320	Identify problems with the "nature vs. nurture" debate.
Gendered Bodies and	Explain how gender is socially constructed using feminist, postmodern, and queer theories.
Society Revision 2	Provide examples of how feminine and masculine bodies can reinforce but also challenge gender norms.
	Recognize and explain how gender intersects with other social categories, including race and ability.
	Provide examples of how queer and transgender bodies challenge heteronormativity.
Women and Gender	Identify the power of sex and sexuality in Western society.
Studies (WGST) 322 Sexuality in Society Revision 2	Explain how different government institutions, popular media, medical bodies, and academic disciplines have constructed knowledge and discourses of normal and abnormal sexualities.
	Discuss how people have been regulated, punished, and discriminated against through Western colonial discourses of normative sexualities.
	Apply feminist, queer, Indigenous, and racial theories and concepts to analyze contemporary debates pertaining to sex and sexuality.
	Debate the importance and limitations of sexuality-based identities, communities, and social movements.
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 332	Discuss the development of the union movement, the changing role of women in the paid work force, and the relationship between the two.
Women and Unions (Cross-listed with LBST 332 & SOCI 332)	Appreciate the dynamic interplay among employers, union organizations, and both men and women union members, and therefore, the varied outcomes that occur as a result of factors such as



Revision 1	the industry, the size of the union, the proportion of women members, and so on.
	Assess the contribution of the union movement to improving the status of employed women, in the context of the economic, legislative and ideological parameters within which unions work.
	Understand the important current issues being debated in the union movement with regard to the concerns of women members.
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 333	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Goddess Mythology, Women's Spirituality and Ecofeminism	
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 345	Identify the importance of women's work, and analyze why women's work has been exploited, unpaid, and/or underpaid throughout Canadian history.
Women, Gender and Work in Canada	Provide examples of how women's class, age, family status, race, immigration status, sexuality, gender identity, and/or disabilities have
(Cross-listed with SOCI 345)	shaped their experiences with work opportunities, exclusions, inequality, discrimination, sexual harassment, and assault.
Revision 6	Evaluate the individual and collective advocacy efforts that women and LGB, transgender, and gender-nonconforming people have used in seeking inclusion and equality in unpaid and paid work.
	Analyze government and workplace policies and programs that have sought to address equality-based issues in unpaid and paid work.
	Debate whether integration into paid work in the current capitalist economic system should continue to be an avenue of feminist equality and liberation.
	Integrate your own and other people's experiences in unpaid and paid work through interviews, reading and discussion questions, oral histories, and research papers.
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 350	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Gender, Science, and Technology	
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 362	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Constructing Women and Men in Canada: A History Since Industrialization	



(Cross-listed with HIST 362)	
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 401	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Contemporary Feminist Theory	
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 422	Discuss the concept of global human rights within the context of women's rights and freedoms.
Violence Against Women: A Global Perspective Revision 2	Identify methodological difficulties in studying about violence against women.
	Describe the extent and forms of violence against women from national and global perspectives and understand how violence and threats of violence affect women's lives.
	Identify, discuss and critically evaluate theories of violence against women.
	Understand the politics of violence and how violence against women is accomplished through individual and institutional acts and practices.
	Critically discuss the effects of development and globalization on women's vulnerability to violence.
	Demonstrate knowledge of how gender, race, sexual orientation, mental and physical ability, culture, and religion impact on women's experience of violence globally.
	Exhibit university-level skills in academic writing, including research and argumentation, and apply their academic writing skills to issues surrounding violence against women globally.
	Employ basic research skills to access and critically evaluate information from scholarly and popular sources, including electronic (web) sources, video and audio sources, archival and printed sources.
	Feminist insights and alternatives in understanding violence against women in a way that fosters tolerance for diversity of human experience and ways of life.
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 423	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Mothering/ Motherhood in the Real World	
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 460	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Famous Feminists and Their Times:	



Global History of Feminism	
(Cross listed with GLST 460 & HIST 460)	
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 465	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Directed Studies in Women's and Gender Studies	
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 470	The CLA does not currently have learning outcomes for this course.
Activism and Social Movement Making	
(Cross listed with HSRV 470)	
Women and Gender Studies (WGST) 499	Project courses cannot be sought through PLAR.
Final Project	